2021 Student Experience Survey
Methodological Report
August 2022
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1. Introduction

1.1 About this report

This methodological report describes the sample preparation, data collection, data processing and reporting aspects of the 2021 Student Experience Survey (SES, ‘the survey’), conducted on behalf of the Australian Government Department of Education (‘the department’) by the Social Research Centre. This report is organised into the following sections:

- Section 1 introduces the survey background, objectives and provides a general overview.
- Section 1.5 describes the target audience and sample design.
- Section 3 documents the survey design and procedures for conducting the study.
- Section 4 outlines the questionnaire development phase, including changes made to the questionnaire in 2021 and an overview of the institution-specific items.
- Section 5 describes the data preparation process.
- Section 6 documents the final dispositions and response rate.
- Section 7 presents an analysis of response.
- Section 8 outlines key learnings and considerations for future iterations of the SES.

1.2 Background

The SES is a component of the Quality Indicators for Learning and Teaching (QILT) suite of surveys, commissioned by the department. In 2015, the SES replaced the University Experience Survey (UES), which was a government-commissioned survey administered by Graduate Careers Australia (GCA) from 2011 to 2014. For a more detailed history of the SES and its predecessor instruments, see the 2017 SES Methodological Report.

1.3 Objectives

The broad aim of the SES is to measure the higher education experiences of commencing and later year students including perceptions regarding the quality of teaching and overall satisfaction. The development, collection and reporting of these measures provides a national framework for collecting feedback on the higher education student experience.

The specific research objectives of the SES are to measure the following five key aspects of the student experience:

1. Skills development.
2. Learner engagement.
3. Teaching quality.
4. Student support.
5. Learning resources.

The information collected helps higher education institutions and the government improve teaching and learning outcomes and provides the source data for the ComparED website. The ComparED website informs the choices of prospective students by facilitating a comparison of official study experience and outcomes data from Australian higher education institutions, at the study area level within institution.
Responses to specific modules in the survey also help the department ascertain perceptions of freedom expression on campus and better understand the international student experience at higher education institutions in Australia.

1.4 Overview

Undergraduate and postgraduate coursework students in their first or final year of study at a participating Australian higher education institution were invited to take part in the 2021 SES.

A total of 139 higher education institutions participated in the 2021 SES, including all 42 universities and 97 non-university higher education institutions (NUHEIs).

Table 1 provides an overview of key statistics for the participating institutions. In total 712,799 commencing and later year undergraduate and postgraduate coursework students were approached with 643,337 identified as in-scope to participate in the SES. A total of 264,660 online surveys were completed (unique student respondents) across the August and September rounds, giving a total response rate of 41.1 per cent.

Table 1 Key project statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>University (42 institutions)</th>
<th>NUHEI (97 institutions)</th>
<th>Higher Education Institutions (139 institutions)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>UG</td>
<td>PGCW</td>
<td>UG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total sample (n)</td>
<td>442,219</td>
<td>200,107</td>
<td>45,504</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final in-scope students (n)</td>
<td>401,315</td>
<td>178,905</td>
<td>41,088</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surveys completed (student level)</td>
<td>165,371</td>
<td>73,282</td>
<td>16,641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response rate (%)</td>
<td>41.2%</td>
<td>41.0%</td>
<td>40.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surveys completed (course level)</td>
<td>180,658</td>
<td>73,695</td>
<td>16,667</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: For the purpose of QILT projects, ‘response rate’ is defined as ‘surveys completed (unique student level)’ as a proportion of ‘final in-scope students’, where final in-scope students excludes unusable sample (e.g., no contact details), out-of-scope and opted out. This definition of response rate differs from industry standards by treating certain non-contacts and refusals as being ineligible for the response rate calculation. See American Association for Public Opinion Research (2016) for standard definitions.

The analytic unit for the SES is the course, rather than the student, so after adjusting for students completing double degrees, a total of 280,414 surveys were completed at the course level.

Student sample, including contact information, was provided by the higher education institutions. A Collection and Sample Guide was provided to institutions to help them administer the survey (see Appendix 1). Notwithstanding modifications made to the international student module and the addition of freedom of expression items, the 2021 SES survey instrument remained largely consistent with previous years.

The survey was fielded online in English only. Invitations were sent by email and reminders were sent to sample members by email and SMS. Participating institutions could also commission additional reminder calls after the conclusion of the main online fieldwork period (‘post field reminder calls’) or full interviews via Computer Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI). Surveys completed as a result of post field reminder calls are included as completed surveys in this report.

1 The number of universities increased from 41 in 2020 to 42 in 2021. This is due to Avondale University (formerly known as Avondale University College) being accredited as a university in 2021. Prior to 2021, Avondale University participated as a NUHEI in the SES.
1.5 Project milestones

Table 2 provides a summary of the key project milestones for the 2021 SES.

Historically, the SES was conducted once per year in August. A secondary round conducted in early September was introduced in 2017 to accommodate institutions with non-traditional academic calendars. In 2021, fieldwork for the September round was postponed by three weeks to minimise overlap with the National Student Safety Survey (commissioned by Universities Australia) that was running nationally during September. As a result, post-field reminder call activity was not offered for the September round to accommodate this change.

Table 2  Key project milestones

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Task</th>
<th>2021 SES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Establishment</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Questionnaire development</td>
<td>14-Jun-21 to 29-Jun-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample preparation</td>
<td>21-May-21 to 18-Jun-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fieldwork</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>August round</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soft launch main online fieldwork (NUHEIs)</td>
<td>27-Jul-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start main online fieldwork (Universities)</td>
<td>29-Jul-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main online fieldwork closes †</td>
<td>29-Aug-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post field reminder calls †</td>
<td>30-Aug-21 to 15-Sep-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fieldwork closes †</td>
<td>15-Sep-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>September round</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soft launch main online fieldwork (NUHEIs)</td>
<td>28-Sep-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start main online fieldwork (Universities)</td>
<td>30-Sep-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main online fieldwork closes †</td>
<td>31-Oct-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reporting</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Draft data and documentation to the department</td>
<td>19-Nov-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Draft National Report to the department</td>
<td>26-Nov-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final data and documentation to the department</td>
<td>30-Nov-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methodological Report to the department</td>
<td>13-Dec-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Draft International Report to the department</td>
<td>24-Dec-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final National Report to the department</td>
<td>24-Dec-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data files and Tableau report to institutions</td>
<td>14-Jan-22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final International Report to the department</td>
<td>28-Jan-22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Institutions that did not opt for post field telephone reminders.
† Institutions that opted for post field telephone reminders.
2. Sample preparation

2.1 Target population

The in-scope population for the SES consisted of commencing and later year onshore undergraduate and postgraduate coursework students enrolled in Australian higher education institutions. As introduced in 2020, the in-scope population also included students who intended to study onshore but were offshore at the time of the survey’s administration due to travel restrictions resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic.

The definition of commencing and later year students has remained unchanged since 2013. However, in 2017, postgraduate coursework students were included for the first time. Postgraduate students were assigned to commencing and later year categories using the same approach as for undergraduate students.

If a student was enrolled in multiple courses concurrently, the major course was determined by prioritising postgraduate coursework over undergraduate enrolments, then selecting the course with the highest aggregated student load (E339), at the highest course level (E310) if there was a tie, and in alphabetical order if there was still a tie.

Institutions were able to request inclusion of additional populations such as offshore or middle-year students on a fee-for-service basis, however, these responses were excluded from national reporting and analysis.

2.1.1 Commencing students

To qualify as commencing students, sample members must be in the first year of their course and meet the following criteria:

- enrolled in an undergraduate or postgraduate by coursework course
- studying onshore, or had intended to study onshore but were located offshore due to COVID-19 restrictions, and
- enrolled in and completed at least one full teaching period

2.1.2 Later year students

Conceptually, later year students are those in the final year of their studies and studying onshore. However, in the sampling frame there is no indicator which can be used to identify students who are about to complete their studies. Instead, an estimate of course duration, derived from a number of existing sample variables, is used to identify completing students.

In principle, student progression can be estimated by calculating the ratio of ‘cumulative EFTSL (Equivalent Full-Time Student Load) completed successfully’ (E931) and ‘currently in progress’ (E339) to the total EFTSL for the course (E350).

In practice, identifying student progression using ‘EFTSL completed successfully’ is challenging, particularly for part-time and external students, students taking a leave of absence, students transferring from one course to another, and students whose initial enrolment may have extended back by up to ten years. It can also be unclear what a student intends to do in future study periods, including Semester 2 or summer term.

For the purpose of identifying the SES target population two ratios are designed to identify later year full-time and part-time students:
• full-time students, in a three-year course, qualify as later year students if their cumulative EFTSL is 83 per cent of the total EFTSL for the course
• part-time students qualify as later year students if their estimated cumulative load is 92 per cent of the total for the course.

Students in longer or shorter courses require correspondingly lower or higher ratios, and specific adjustments are also required to accommodate the idiosyncrasies of a small number of institutions with less typical course structures.

2.2 Institutional participation

The scope of the 2021 SES comprised all higher education institutions, including non-HESA institutions (as introduced in 2020).

Institutions were invited to participate in the SES via the Participation and Additional Services Form (‘PASF’, see Section 3.1.2). Invitations to complete the PASF were sent via email to all primary institutional contacts approximately two months prior to the commencement of the August round. All institutions previously invited to participate in the QILT surveys and new institutions that requested to be invited were sent an invitation to complete the PASF.

A total of 139 institutions participated in the 2021 SES, including 42 universities and 97 NUHEIs. Nine higher education institutions participated in the SES for the first time, including five non-HESA institutions. See Appendix 2 for a list of participating institutions.

2.3 Sample frame

Historically, the SES has relied on a centralised approach to sampling whereby the population of first semester enrolled students is provided by the department and sourced through institutional reporting into the Higher Education Information Management System (HEIMS). The HEIMS platform is currently being replaced by the Tertiary Collection of Student Information (TCSI) data submission platform.

It was initially hoped that the new TCSI platform would be fully operational prior to sample preparation for the 2021 SES. Sourcing the sample frame from a TCSI extract would have greatly reduced burden on institutions by relieving them of having to complete a manual template. However, delays in transitioning to TCSI meant that an extract would not be available for the 2021 SES collection. As such, all sample was submitted to the Social Research Centre via a template that contained all data elements required for survey scoping and reporting.

2.3.1 Additional populations

Institutions were provided with the opportunity to include out-of-scope students as additional populations in the SES on a fee-for-service basis. In 2021, 17 institutions (14 universities and 3 NUHEIs) included additional populations, an increase from 14 institutions in 2020. These additional populations included middle years, offshore, foundation, non-award course and enabling students. Additional populations are not included in the SES National Report and do not appear in results presented in this report.

2.4 Sampling preparation overview

Over time, the Social Research Centre has developed a streamlined sample preparation and processing system designed to reduce burden on institutions and maximise the efficiency of internal workflows.
Detailed information regarding the SES sampling process was available to institutions in the *Collection and Sample Guide* (see Appendix 1). The guide was provided to institutions ahead of sample preparation and outlined:

- the timeline for sample provision
- data elements required, including essential and optional fields
- processes for inclusion of additional populations, and
- steps for flagging the in-scope population.

The sampling process for the 2021 SES is summarised below.

### 2.4.1 Sample template distribution

For the 2021 SES institutions were required to submit a full template containing all data elements to support survey scoping and reporting.

Two versions of the template were distributed: one for universities; and a truncated version for NUHEIs excluding EFTSL-related data elements, as these were not required for non-university institutions.

### 2.4.2 Sample template submission and population frame creation

Institutions populated all essential data elements in the empty template for all currently enrolled students at the institution and returned the completed template to the Social Research Centre for processing.

Essential elements included institution and course details; demographic details; EFTSL-related variables in the case of universities, and student contact details (see Appendix 1, Table 2 for a complete list of essential and optional variables in the 2021 template).

Submitted templates were combined to create the population frame for the 2021 SES.

### 2.4.3 Sample review and selection

The Social Research Centre reviewed and verified the returned template files, applying exclusion rules, derivations and flagging students meeting any additional population definitions to create a final population file for each institution.

Universities were sent a summary of the STAGE calculation and the onshore/offshore flagging applied to their sample.

All institutions were also provided with a workbook containing their final in-scope sample selections for their review. These actions ensured that any sampling- or scope-related queries were resolved before fieldwork commenced.

### 2.4.4 Institution level targets

The Social Research Centre set targets for completed surveys for each of the 45 study areas within each institution and determined the number of selections by stratum in accordance with a sample design agreed in consultation with the department.

### 2.4.5 Derivations and exclusions

#### 2.4.5.1 Derivations

Several variables were derived and appended to the population file to assist with analysis and the identification of the target population, including:
• Age (E913) – calculated at 31 December in the year prior to the reference year.
• Concurrent / major course indicator (E331) – flagged ‘the major course’ in which students were enrolled for inclusion in the survey.
• Commencing student indicator (E922), flagging students with a commencement date (E534) in the current year.
• Cumulative EFTSL completed successfully (E931).
• Groups excluded from the SES sample frame (EXCLUDE) – see the next section below.
• Extra quota group flag (EXTQUOTA) – identified additional populations for inclusion in the SES on a fee-for-service basis, along with the extra quota group description (EXTQUOTD).
• Commencing and final year student flag (STAGE) – undergraduate and postgraduate coursework students who met the agreed ‘commencing’ and ‘later year’ definitions.
• Sample frame categories (STRATA).
• 21, 45 and 73 study areas derived from E461 (AREA1, AREA451 and AREA731) and E462 (AREA2, AREA452 and AREA732).
• Disability code (E943) – derivation calculation updated to use E615 rather than the previous HEIMS code, E386

2.4.5.2 Sample exclusions
Unless specifically identified for inclusion in the SES as an Additional Population (see Section 2.3.1), records were flagged for exclusion if they were:
• students in postgraduate research (E310=1, 2 or 3)
• students in non-award courses (E310=30, 41, 42 or 50)
• offshore international students (broadly E358=5, see the following section for adjustments due to COVID-19)
• students in the middle of their course (i.e. not ‘commencing’ or ‘later year’)
• a minor course for students with a concurrent enrolment (E331=3), or
• part of a stratum in which six or fewer students were enrolled.

Sample exclusions for NUHEIs closely matched the procedures for universities except for the inclusion of middle year students in the ‘later year’ student definition, and the size of the strata included in the sample frame.

2.4.6 Sample processing quality assurance
Upon receipt of an institution’s populated template file, the Social Research Centre undertook a range of validation checks. Issues identified within a populated template file were documented, feedback was provided, and the institution was asked to submit a revised version of the file. This process continued for each file until all required validation checks were passed.

Quality assurance checks were undertaken in several stages, as follows:
• manual naming of the returned file to meet version control conventions,
• archiving an original reference copy of each returned file version,
• a basic visual inspection of the file to ensure it aligns with the required format for automated checks,
• processing the file through an automated sample checking script (the ‘auto-checker’). The auto-checker generated a summary report of the file structure, adherence to variable standards, completeness of the returned sample, record scoping, unit record logic checks, reviewing institution-provided course information against the Social Research Centre’s master course list and

• an extensive sample cleaning process on files validated by the auto-checker, before the files were operationalised for fieldwork.

2.4.7 Sample cleaning
In addition to quality assurance and validation checks, the Social Research Centre also undertook an extensive sample cleaning process. The main components of sample file cleaning and manipulation were as follows:

• standardisation of sample return files – including compliance to a standard format,

• email address cleaning (e.g. correct domain formats, identification of non-personal emails, deduping),

• phone cleaning (e.g. leading zeros, country codes),

• name cleaning (e.g. correct capitalisation and salutations),

• address cleaning (e.g. standardisation of state), and

• various institution-specific corrections.

2.4.8 Offshore status adjustments due to COVID-19
Ordinarily, offshore students are excluded from the SES in-scope population. However, students intending to study in Australia but eventually located offshore were a key demographic of interest in the 2021 SES. To ensure that these students were included in the in-scope population, institutions were asked to provide students’ intended location in the “IntendedLocation” variable, and this was used in combination with E358 (Citizen resident code) to determine their final offshore status for the purposes of the SES. Where students intended to study onshore but were currently flagged as code 5, residing outside of Australia, in E358, they were treated as onshore students for the purposes of the 2021 SES. Students’ onshore/offshore status was recorded in the variable OFFSHORE. As shown in Table 3, this affected 5,342 records flagged with E358=5.

Table 3 Citizen/resident indicator (E358) by final offshore status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Citizen/resident indicator (E358)</th>
<th>Onshore</th>
<th>Offshore</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Australian citizen</td>
<td>914,164</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 New Zealand citizen</td>
<td>11,630</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Permanent visa</td>
<td>31,318</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Temporary entry permit</td>
<td>258,438</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Residing outside Australia</td>
<td>5,342</td>
<td>53,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 Permanent humanitarian visa</td>
<td>4,445</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 No information</td>
<td>44</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.4.9 Sample review and selection

2.4.9.1 Stratum parameters
Strata for the SES are defined on the basis of institution, study area, course level (i.e. undergraduate or postgraduate coursework) and stage of studies (i.e. commencing, middle years or later year).
While the ComparED website reports SES results based on institution, course level and 21 study areas to maximise the extent to which data can be reported, the SES sample design is based on 45 study areas. This design seeks to maximise representativeness within the 21 study areas reported on the ComparED website and facilitate more nuanced analysis and more detailed reporting where required.

The fields of education (E461) within each of the 45 and 21 study areas are listed at Appendix 3. The supplementary FOE code (E462) is used to assign courses undertaken by students in combined / double degrees to a second study area variable.

Students in combined / double degrees are allocated to the study area stratum with the fewest students. For example, a student in an Arts / Law course is typically allocated to a Law rather than an Arts stratum (with greater number of students). Students still answer the SES for both degrees but for the purpose of operational strata allocation and progress reporting they count towards Law.

### 2.4.9.2 Setting strata targets

Target completed sample sizes are calculated at the stratum level taking into account the number of records available and the goal of reporting strata-level results at a level of precision of ±7.5 percentage points at a 90 per cent level of confidence.

See Appendix 4 for details of the method used to derive the target number of completed surveys by stratum for the 2021 SES. When this information is overlaid with historical response rates it is apparent that the response rate target is aspirational for many strata.

Table 4 shows the number and proportion of strata in each target response rate band for university and NUHEI undergraduates and postgraduates. At the ±7.5 per cent level, less than half (48.3 per cent) of the university undergraduate strata have an ‘achievable’ response rate, where for the purpose of this table ‘achievable’ is regarded as a response rate of less than 50 per cent.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Response rate category</th>
<th>University</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>NUHEI</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>UG</td>
<td>PGCW</td>
<td>UG</td>
<td>PGCW</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100%</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75% to 99%</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>19.6</td>
<td>271</td>
<td>31.0</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50% to 74%</td>
<td>312</td>
<td>29.1</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>33.1</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25% to 49%</td>
<td>328</td>
<td>30.6</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>24.4</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than 25%</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>17.6</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total strata</strong></td>
<td>1,071</td>
<td>873</td>
<td>247</td>
<td>102</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net ‘achievable’ (&lt;50%)</strong></td>
<td>517</td>
<td>48.3</td>
<td>269</td>
<td>30.8</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For university postgraduate coursework, NUHEI undergraduate and NUHEI postgraduate coursework strata, the proportion of strata with an ‘achievable’ response rate is 30.8, 17.4 and 18.6 per cent respectively. Overall, aspirational stratum level response rates were higher for NUHEIs, relative to universities.

### 2.4.9.3 Selections

As a result of the sample design, the SES is effectively a census of all commencing and later year students at all universities and NUHEIs, with the exception of the University of Melbourne and University of Western Australia, where a random sample of in-scope students was selected.
Where an institution requires a sample of greater than 90 per cent of students, a census is undertaken in order to minimise complexity in the promotion and administration of the SES within institutions.

After sampling and verification procedures were concluded, the number of students approached for the 2021 SES was 712,799, comprising 642,326 university students (442,219 undergraduates and 200,107 postgraduate coursework students) and 70,473 NUHEI students (45,504 undergraduates and 24,969 postgraduate coursework students).

### 2.4.10 Institution level targets

Appendix 5 shows that target response rates for the 2021 SES differed greatly by individual university, from a low of 19.1 per cent to a high of 62.7 per cent. Response rate targets were aspirational and designed to shift institutions towards maximum reportability and representativeness. Response rate targets as presented to institutions were based on an expected proportion for the target variable of 50 per cent, a level of confidence of 90 per cent and a margin of error of 5 per cent (i.e. a higher level of precision than is required for stratum-level reporting of results).

By way of an example, Table 5 shows the required response rate by stratum for a large institution. This institution has a large number of students but a comparatively small number of study areas. As a result, the overall required response rate is low at 19.5 per cent but the stratum level target response rate varies widely from 100.0 per cent to 14.1 per cent.

This institution could easily reach an overall response rate of 19.5 per cent but could fail to meet targets for each stratum unless this was closely monitored. Given that response rates above 50 per cent are unlikely at an individual stratum level, even institutions appearing to have ‘easy’ overall response rate target may still fail to meet reporting thresholds for individual study areas.

### Table 5 Example of response rate targets for an institution with high student numbers and few study areas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stratum</th>
<th>Corresponding Study Area</th>
<th>Sample n</th>
<th>Target n</th>
<th>Required response rate (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Natural &amp; Physical Sciences</td>
<td>43,618</td>
<td>6,170</td>
<td>14.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Biological Sciences</td>
<td>584</td>
<td>209</td>
<td>35.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Medical Science &amp; Technology</td>
<td>1,867</td>
<td>327</td>
<td>17.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Computing &amp; Information Systems</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Architecture &amp; Urban Environments</td>
<td>4,228</td>
<td>695</td>
<td>16.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Agriculture &amp; Forestry</td>
<td>5,860</td>
<td>2,218</td>
<td>37.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Environmental Studies</td>
<td>928</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>17.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Dentistry</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>77.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Business Management</td>
<td>4,070</td>
<td>582</td>
<td>14.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Management &amp; Commerce - Other</td>
<td>252</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>82.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Humanities incl. History &amp; Geography</td>
<td>12,244</td>
<td>1,756</td>
<td>14.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Art &amp; Design</td>
<td>1,261</td>
<td>628</td>
<td>49.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Music &amp; Performing Arts</td>
<td>1,541</td>
<td>404</td>
<td>26.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>Communication, Media &amp; Journalism</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>77.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>12,831</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,507</strong></td>
<td><strong>19.5</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 6 provides an example of an institution with challenging response rate targets. This institution has a comparatively small number of enrolled students but has a broad course offering across several study areas. Targets range from a low of 24.1 per cent to a high of 87.5 per cent with an overall
required response rate of 45.9 per cent. Institutions showing this pattern of response rate targets are typically in regional areas where a variety of courses are offered.

### Table 6  Example of response rate targets for an institution with low student numbers and many study areas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stratum</th>
<th>Corresponding Study Area</th>
<th>Sample (n)</th>
<th>Target (n)</th>
<th>Required response rate (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Biological Sciences</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>85.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Medical Science &amp; Technology</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>359</td>
<td>71.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Health Services &amp; Support</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>67.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Medicine</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>75.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Nursing</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>24.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Physiotherapy</td>
<td>1,152</td>
<td>565</td>
<td>49.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Teacher Education - Early Childhood</td>
<td>158</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>62.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Teacher Education - Primary &amp; Secondary</td>
<td>762</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>30.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Accounting</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>55.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Business Management</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>87.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Sales &amp; Marketing</td>
<td>693</td>
<td>572</td>
<td>82.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Management &amp; Commerce - Other</td>
<td>209</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>77.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Humanities inc History &amp; Geography</td>
<td>369</td>
<td>154</td>
<td>41.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Social Work</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>87.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Psychology</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>84.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Law</td>
<td>468</td>
<td>223</td>
<td>47.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Sport &amp; Recreation</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>87.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>Communication, Media &amp; Journalism</td>
<td>312</td>
<td>216</td>
<td>69.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>7,427</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,406</strong></td>
<td><strong>45.9</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Survey design and procedures

3.1 Institutional engagement

To build institutional engagement with the SES, the Social Research Centre employed a strategy based on the principles of stakeholder need, transparency, knowledge sharing and responsiveness. The Social Research Centre’s institutional engagement strategy for the 2021 SES is described in this section and included:

- planning resources such as the QILT Key Dates Calendar and Collection and Sample Guide,
- communications inviting institution participation in the SES,
- webinars and newsletters,
- an ongoing dialogue with survey managers to build rapport, including the offer of support during field, and
- supporting institutions to undertake response maximisation activity (such as awareness-raising emails, social media posts and lecture slides) through the Collection and Sample Guide and Marketing Pack (see Section 3.2).

3.1.1 Planning resources

The Social Research Centre provided planning resources to support institutions in participating and publicising the SES, and to ensure project milestones were delivered to schedule.

The QILT Key Dates Calendar was accessible via the QILT provider portal and contained an overview of the 2021 SES project milestones (see Section 1.5). The calendar was kept up to date year-round with any project schedule adjustments.

A Collection and Sample Guide was made available to institutions via the QILT provider portal prior to the 2021 SES. A notification email was sent to all institutions advising of the release. The Collection and Sample Guide provided a stand-alone source of information to introduce the SES, provide timelines, outline the sample process, describe participation in the study, provide resources to assist in student engagement, outline response maximisation procedures and contact protocols, and document general conduct of the SES. The 2021 SES Collection and Sample Guide (August round) is provided at Appendix 1. A separate version with relevant dates was distributed to institutions participating in the September round.

3.1.2 Invitation to participate

As noted in Section 2.2, prior to the 2021 SES the Social Research Centre sent an email to all key contacts at each institution, asking recipients to confirm their institution’s participation in the respective collection via a Participation and Additional Services Form (‘PASF’). Institutions were also asked to nominate additional fee-for-service activities. The 2021 SES included the following fee-for-service activities:

- Additional populations (see Section 2.3.1);
- Institution-specific items in the SES questionnaire (see Section 4.4.1);
- Additional SMS (see Section 3.3.4.1); and
- Post field reminder calls (see Section 3.3.5).
3.1.3 Webinars and newsletters
As part of the institutional engagement strategy, a series of webinars and newsletters was provided to institutions prior to and during the 2021 SES collection. Newsletters were sent monthly covering information related to key QILT survey milestones, acting as a regular point of contact with institution contacts who subscribed.

A series of webinars was presented for institutions on a near monthly basis. Webinar topics were designed to guide institutions through key stages of the survey administration process and to share technical, methodological and analytical insights.

To ensure continued engagement with the webinar series, institutions were consulted to inform topics of interest for future sessions. Webinars relating directly to the 2021 SES covered topics such as sample preparation, response maximisation, fieldwork progress and analysis of prior year results.

3.1.4 Ongoing dialogue with institutions
An open dialogue with survey managers was maintained throughout the 2021 SES to build rapport, offer support, discuss fieldwork performance and better understand key issues that could impact the SES. The following engagement activities were conducted to connect with institutions:

- **Program of institutional outreach** – Telephone contact was attempted with all participating universities and selected NUHEIs during fieldwork for the 2021 SES. To assist with response maximisation, priority was given to contacting larger institutions and institutions with particularly high or low response rates.

- **Respondent Engagement Survey (RES)** – The research team created a five-minute survey designed to give institutions an opportunity to provide feedback on their experience using QILT resources such as the Marketing Pack. A total of 66 institutions participated in the 2021 SES RES. Key findings from the RES were analysed and displayed in a presentation available for institutions to download from the QILT provider portal and were also discussed at a webinar.

In addition to these activities, the QILT research, administration and consulting teams were in regular communication and contact with institutions to maintain a high level of engagement.

3.2 Student engagement
In addition to the Collection and Sample Guide, a Marketing Pack was provided to institutions to assist with student engagement activities. Following the refresh of the 2020 SES Marketing Pack, minimal changes were made to the 2021 version. However, informed by institution feedback (see Section 3.1.4 Ongoing dialogue with institutions) a new digital asset was included in the Marketing Pack in the form of Learning Management System (LMS) tiles. These tiles were a series of images that contained a link to the online survey which institutions could embed on their LMS.

A SES Marketing Pack User Guide was included with the Marketing Pack to provide information for, and examples of, the intended use of the marketing materials. The Collection and Sample Guide for both rounds of the 2021 SES included further marketing information and an Engagement Activity Plan. The Engagement Activity Plan proposed a marketing campaign schedule that was aligned to the relevant SES fieldwork period and paired engagement activities with the appropriate Marketing Pack resource. The Collection and Sample Guide and the Marketing Pack User Guide are included at Appendix 1.
### 3.3 Contact protocol

The 2021 SES employed an extensive protocol of contact attempts, including an email invitation and nine email reminders, as well as up to three SMS reminders. Additionally, institutions could opt-in to an extra SMS and/or post-field reminder calls on a fee-for-service basis. In each mode of contact there was provision to opt-out or unsubscribe from future contact. Table 7 shows the date of contact activity, as well the number of emails and SMS sent. A copy of the SES email and SMS invitation and reminders is provided at Appendix 6.

**Table 7  Invitation and reminder schedule**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Round of activity</th>
<th>Aug-21</th>
<th>Sep-21</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Day of send</td>
<td>Number sent</td>
<td>Day of send</td>
<td>Number sent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email invitation (NUHEI)</td>
<td>Tue, 27 Jul</td>
<td>284,135</td>
<td>Tue, 28 Sep</td>
<td>15,983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email invitation (University)</td>
<td>Thu, 29 Jul</td>
<td>308,408</td>
<td>Thu, 30 Sep</td>
<td>18,154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 1</td>
<td>Sat, 31 Jul</td>
<td>301,774</td>
<td>Sat, 2 Oct</td>
<td>18,033</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 2</td>
<td>Mon, 2 Aug</td>
<td>291,945</td>
<td>Mon, 11 Oct</td>
<td>17,033</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw 1 close</td>
<td>Mon, 9 Aug</td>
<td>450,520</td>
<td>Mon, 11 Oct</td>
<td>25,795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 3</td>
<td>Fri, 13 Aug</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Fri, 15 Oct</td>
<td>8,053</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 4</td>
<td>Mon, 16 Aug</td>
<td>270,447</td>
<td>Mon, 18 Oct</td>
<td>15,557</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS 1</td>
<td>Mon, 17 Aug</td>
<td>385,482</td>
<td>Mon, 18 Oct</td>
<td>19,284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw 2 close</td>
<td>Mon, 9 Aug</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Mon, 11 Oct</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 5</td>
<td>Mon, 23 Aug</td>
<td>258,380</td>
<td>Mon, 25 Oct</td>
<td>14,797</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 6</td>
<td>Thu, 26 Aug</td>
<td>41,947</td>
<td>Thu, 28 Oct</td>
<td>1,527</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS 3</td>
<td>Thu, 26 Aug</td>
<td>266,596</td>
<td>Thu, 28 Oct</td>
<td>15,363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw 4 close</td>
<td>Mon, 23 Aug</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Mon, 25 Oct</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Online fieldwork close*</td>
<td>Sat, 29 Aug</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Sun, 31 Oct</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-field reminder calls commence†</td>
<td>Mon, 30 Aug</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fieldwork close†</td>
<td>Sun, 19 Sep</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* For institutions which did not commission post field telephone activities (i.e. reminder calls or full CATI surveys).
† For institutions which commissioned post field telephone activities.

#### 3.3.1 Email invitation and reminders

At the beginning of each round within the 2021 SES collection cycle, the Social Research Centre sent an invitation to participate in the survey to all in-scope sample members. The invitation email advised of their selection in the SES, summarised the survey objectives, outlined privacy provisions and
communicated the value of participation. The invitation and reminders included a unique link that took the students directly into their survey. All emails referred to the QILT and SES webpages for further information about the SES, privacy provisions and prize draw terms and conditions. Further, an unsubscribe link was included in the footer of each email if sample members no longer wanted to receive correspondence.

Figure 1 and Figure 2 illustrate the appearance of the invitation for students on a large (e.g. desktop computer) and small screen device (e.g. mobile phone).

**Figure 1** Example SES invitation email - Large screen device

Dear Johnson,

We would like to invite you to the 2021 Student Experience Survey, where you can let future students across Australia know about your experiences of the Bachelor of Communication (Journalism) / Bachelor of Languages and Cultures at the Social Research Centre.

We know that your studies may still be impacted by COVID-19, however your views are more important than ever. By completing the survey, you will be providing critically important information to the Australian Government about your experiences as a student.

Please spend 10 minutes sharing your experiences. All your responses will be kept confidential.

To start the survey please click the button below.

[Start survey now]

Complete the survey by Monday 2 August to have four chances to win $1,000.

The Student Experience Survey collects information about students’ higher education experiences. Based on feedback from students like you, institutions have been able to create better places to study and learn by improving their courses, learning resources, support services and campus facilities.

Once all survey responses have been compiled, the National Report will be published on the QILT website, and institution comparisons will be available on [www.compared.edu.au](http://www.compared.edu.au).

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best with your studies.

Graham Challinor  
Executive Director  
The Social Research Centre

 Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.  

This email was sent by The Social Research Centre, Level 6, 350 Queen Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000, Australia to johnson@soccentre.com.au.
Figure 2  Example SES invitation email - Small screen device

Dear Johnston,

We would like to invite you to the 2021 Student Experience Survey, where you can let future students across Australia know about your experiences of the Masters Degree (Coursework) of Business Administration (Specialised) at the Social Research Centre.

We know that your studies may still be impacted by COVID-19, however your views are more important than ever. By completing the survey, you will be providing critically important information to the Australian Government about your experiences as a student.

Please spend 10 minutes sharing your experiences. All your responses will be kept confidential.

To start the survey please click the button below:

Start survey now

Complete the survey by Monday 4 October to have four chances to win $1,000.

The Student Experience Survey collects information about students’ higher education experiences. Based on feedback from students like you, institutions have been able to create better places to study and learn by improving their courses, learning resources, support services and campus facilities.

Once all survey responses have been compiled the National Report will be published on the QILT website, and institution comparisons will be available on www.compared.edu.au.

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best with your studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.
Password: 5952622
user113/username2112356054
Password: 5952622
user113/username2112356054
Password: 5952622
user113/username2112356054

Privacy | Print View TAGS | FAQs | Official site

This email was sent by The Social Research Centre, Level 5, 369 Queen Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000, Australia to blair.norton@gmail.com

Outlook
The invitation email was followed by up to nine email reminders. Sample members who had completed the survey, those who were disqualified from participating (i.e. screened out because they were not eligible) or who had unsubscribed, were removed from the next scheduled email reminder.

The email send activity was designed to maintain survey completion momentum throughout the data collection period and maximise participation. The following email send and bounce outcome protocol was used for 2021 SES:

1. Invitation email sent to both the Email 1 and Email 2 fields:
   a. If both addresses failed (i.e. hard bounce) and Email 3 was available, then Email 3 was used.
   b. If Email 3 failed and Email 4 was available, then Email 4 was used.

   Provided at least one of the email addresses available was valid, all students would have been sent an email invitation.

2. For students with a failed outcome for all available email addresses:
   a. The survey remained accessible throughout field by logging in or authenticating via the SES landing page on the QILT website.
   b. They would have received at least one form of contact if a mobile number was available for them (i.e. they were included in SMS activity as described in Section 3.3.4).
   c. They may have been contacted if a phone number was provided for them and they were selected for post-field reminder calls (i.e. they were included in post-field reminder activity as described in Section 3.3.5).

   When contacted by SMS, the student could access the survey directly via the unique link provided within the SMS. When contacted via a post-field reminder call, students were provided the option of receiving an email containing a unique survey link.

   d. They would not have received contact about the survey if a mobile number was not available for them or if they were not selected for post-field reminder calls.

3. From reminder six onwards, students for whom Email 1 or Email 2 did not fail, emails were sent to the next available addresses (that is, Email 3 and Email 4).

   As a result, provided that all four addresses available were valid, sample members eligible for reminder six received an email to each valid email address for each remaining round of activity.

To enhance the respondent experience, all emails and SMS included a direct survey link which enabled respondents to enter their unique survey automatically. Further, in line with the Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA) Spam Act 2003, each email and SMS contained an ‘unsubscribe’ facility if students no longer wanted to receive contact for the 2021 SES. Students could also ‘opt-out’ by contacting the SES helpdesk.

The overarching objective of the email plan was to appeal to a wide and diverse audience. As such, the theme, length and tone of each email varied. All emails featured text customised to the student and the content differed throughout the reminder schedule, mentioning average survey duration, confidentiality provisions and prize draw information where relevant. To minimise the risk of complaints due to contact fatigue, Reminder 6 highlighted the unsubscribe mechanism. The message intent for the SES emails is summarised in Table 8.
### Table 8: 2021 SES email plan message theme

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Round of activity</th>
<th>Message theme</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Invitation</td>
<td>Awareness raising and invitation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reminder 1</td>
<td>Your feedback is important, you are from a unique group of students</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reminder 2</td>
<td>Encourage early completion with prize incentive, appreciate if you could spare the time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reminder 3</td>
<td>Recognise student may be busy, emphasise how institutions can use findings to improve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reminder 4</td>
<td>Grateful if you could spare the time to give feedback to benefit future students, have your say, prize incentive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reminder 5</td>
<td>Help improve the Australian Government's understanding of COVID-19 on student experience</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reminder 6</td>
<td>Empathetic tone, acknowledge frequency of contact, improve course offerings at institution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reminder 7</td>
<td>Recognise student may be busy, reflect on your higher education experience to benefit current and future students</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reminder 8</td>
<td>Final prize draw closes tonight, still need to hear from more students from your course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reminder 9</td>
<td>Last appeal, final chance to complete, help improve the Australian Government's understanding of COVID-19 on student experience</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the email template design, consideration was given to the display of emails on different devices and how this could alter communication of message intent. Core message themes were communicated in subject lines and above the ‘start survey’ button. Content supplementary to the core theme was placed in the lower half of the email body. This made the ‘start survey’ button visible without the graduate having to scroll down.

A breakdown of email send outcomes by round of activity is provided in Table 9 and Table 10.

As could be expected, open rates and ‘clicked on link’ rates generally trended downwards with each successive reminder. The invitation remained the most effective email in the schedule, with the highest open and ‘clicked on link’ rates across both the August and September rounds.

The exception to this trend was Reminder 4, which coincided with the first SMS. Reminder 4 recorded a higher email open and click through rate than the preceding reminder, Reminder 3 in the August round. Reminder 4 emphasised the upcoming prize draw in both the subject line and message body, and was sent on the same day as the first SMS, which may have contributed to the high open rate. In the September round, Reminder 4 (which used the same content as the August Reminder 4) performed slightly better than the preceding reminder in terms of click through but did not mirror the open rate pattern of the August round.

The proportion of bounced emails (sent emails that return with a server response indicating non-delivery) across the 2021 SES collection cycle was low. This indicates that at the national level, the quality of contact details provided was good and that the Social Research Centre-instigated email cleaning processes were effective. Opt-outs were less than one per cent at each send, suggesting the nature of the survey and the timing of sends were not a concern for students.

To inform future contact strategy, the profile of students who did not open any emails was analysed. The characteristics of students that were marginally over-represented in the unopened email sample included undergraduate students, students aged under 25, students who spoke English as their home language, and domestic students. See Section 7.2 for further non-response analysis.
Table 9  Email send outcomes by round of activity (August round)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Invite</th>
<th>R1</th>
<th>R2</th>
<th>R3</th>
<th>R4</th>
<th>R5</th>
<th>R6</th>
<th>R7</th>
<th>R8</th>
<th>R9</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total sent (n)</td>
<td>666,032</td>
<td>619,307</td>
<td>574,330</td>
<td>531,477</td>
<td>510,191</td>
<td>453,224</td>
<td>441,271</td>
<td>410,727</td>
<td>401,024</td>
<td>390,164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opened (%)</td>
<td>56.4</td>
<td>50.1</td>
<td>47.3</td>
<td>41.5</td>
<td>42.6</td>
<td>37.4</td>
<td>38.5</td>
<td>36.7</td>
<td>35.4</td>
<td>31.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clicked on link (%)</td>
<td>11.8</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opt-out from link (%)</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opened email (%)</td>
<td>44.3</td>
<td>40.1</td>
<td>38.9</td>
<td>36.6</td>
<td>35.3</td>
<td>33.7</td>
<td>34.1</td>
<td>33.1</td>
<td>32.3</td>
<td>28.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unopened (%)</td>
<td>42.7</td>
<td>49.8</td>
<td>52.5</td>
<td>58.4</td>
<td>57.2</td>
<td>62.4</td>
<td>61.3</td>
<td>63.2</td>
<td>64.4</td>
<td>68.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soft bounce (%)</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hard bounce (%)</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clicked on link as % opened</td>
<td>20.8</td>
<td>19.0</td>
<td>16.7</td>
<td>15.8</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>8.6</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 10  Email send outcomes by round of activity (September round)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Invite</th>
<th>R1</th>
<th>R2</th>
<th>R3</th>
<th>R4</th>
<th>R5</th>
<th>R6</th>
<th>R7</th>
<th>R8</th>
<th>R9</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total sent (n)</td>
<td>41,406</td>
<td>38,275</td>
<td>35,641</td>
<td>32,814</td>
<td>31,588</td>
<td>14,100</td>
<td>27,412</td>
<td>25,643</td>
<td>24,803</td>
<td>23,804</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opened (%)</td>
<td>56.5</td>
<td>52.4</td>
<td>49.2</td>
<td>46.4</td>
<td>45.5</td>
<td>42.6</td>
<td>43.0</td>
<td>42.1</td>
<td>40.1</td>
<td>34.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clicked on link (%)</td>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>7.2</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opt-out from link (%)</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opened email (%)</td>
<td>56.5</td>
<td>52.4</td>
<td>49.2</td>
<td>46.4</td>
<td>45.5</td>
<td>42.6</td>
<td>43.0</td>
<td>42.1</td>
<td>40.1</td>
<td>34.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unopened (%)</td>
<td>38.6</td>
<td>47.4</td>
<td>50.6</td>
<td>53.4</td>
<td>54.0</td>
<td>57.1</td>
<td>56.8</td>
<td>57.6</td>
<td>59.7</td>
<td>64.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soft bounce (%)</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hard bounce (%)</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clicked on link as % opened</td>
<td>14.5</td>
<td>14.9</td>
<td>14.7</td>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>11.7</td>
<td>6.6</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>7.2</td>
<td>8.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 A soft bounce occurs when an email could not be delivered because of a temporary issue, such as the recipient’s mailbox being full or inactive.
2 A hard bounce occurs when an email could not be delivered for permanent reasons, for example when the recipient’s email address does not exist or the recipient’s email server has blocked delivery.
3.3.2 International student contact protocol

Multiple elements of the 2021 SES contact protocol were designed to support the broader QILT international engagement strategy. In an effort to appeal to international students, Reminder 5 in the email reminder schedule was customised based on past experimentation and included an image and text designed to appeal to international students compared to the standard image and content used (see Appendix 6 for a copy of the email).

Furthermore, based on real-time monitoring of response rates by citizenship status during field, the Research team sent an additional (fourth) SMS to 57,781 non-responding international students on 26 August. This message emphasised that the survey was closing soon and that it was an opportunity to share their experiences as an international student with their higher education institution and the Australian government.

![International student SMS](image)

At the time of publication, the Social Research Centre is conducting a series of qualitative focus groups with international students to better understand the drivers and barriers to survey response and evaluate the effectiveness of the targeted communications currently used in the SES. Findings from this research will be used to enhance and refine the international student contact strategy by way of updated communications materials and modes of contact.

3.3.3 Male student contact protocol

As outlined in the 2020 SES Methodological Report, male students were identified as a sub-group requiring particular attention in future contact protocols. This was due to a lower response rate than other sub-groups. To remedy this, experimentation was conducted on a series of emails (Reminder 3, Reminder 4 and Reminder 7) within the August round reminder schedule. The intention was to see if using different images in these emails would result in higher click-through rates, thereby hopefully increasing survey response. Half of recipients (the control group) saw the default image which had been used in numerous past collections, whilst the other half of recipients (the treatment group) saw a new experimental image. Analysis showed that the experimental image in Reminder 3 had a significantly positive effect on click-through rates for males, whilst the same effect was observed for females in Reminder 7. The experimental images were incorporated as the ‘default’ image in the September round due to these results and will most likely be used in future versions of the email reminder schedule.
3.3.4 SMS reminders

SMS reminders were used during fieldwork to both compliment the email contact strategy and remedy email deliverability and respondent receptiveness issues that have become apparent across the broader QILT project in recent times. If an institution provided mobile numbers in their sample return, it was considered consent to contact students via SMS. Three SMS were sent in the August round and two in the September round as part of the standard QILT survey methodology. These messages were sent to all in-scope sample members with a valid Australian mobile number who had yet to complete the survey. Those who had already completed the survey or unsubscribed from email activity were excluded from the SMS sends.

The content of the SMS was aimed at driving survey completion and included a direct link to access the online survey, bypassing the need to provide login information. In compliance with the Australian Privacy Principles and the ACMA Spam Act 2003, all SMS messages identified the Social Research Centre as the sender, noted the study the SMS was referring to and had the functionality for recipients to unsubscribe. Sample members who replied ‘STOP’ to the SMS were opted-out of future communications, whilst all other responses were reviewed for further opt-outs and screen-outs. SMS content for all rounds is provided in Appendix 6. A copy of the first SMS message from the August round is provided in Figure 4 below.

Figure 4 Example SMS content

Hi Blair, a note from the Social Research Centre on behalf of the Dept of Education to complete the SES by tonight for a chance to win $1,000. Take part in Australia’s largest education study: http://src.is/25223BJ22B For more info call 1800 055 818 Reply STOP to opt out

3.3.4.1 Additional SMS

Institutions were offered the opportunity to opt-in to an additional SMS (‘F4S SMS’) on a fee-for-service basis. The SMS was sent on the day of the final prize draw for each round and featured an abbreviated version of the institution’s name (see Figure 5 for an example of the message).

Institutions could choose to send the message to either all survey non-responders with a valid mobile number, or a specific sub-group of their sample that they wished to target within a set budget.

In total, 18 institutions across the two rounds opted to send an additional SMS.
Table 11 (see next page) provides a summary of the number of SMS sent and the SMS outcomes. The open rate for SMS 1 in August was higher than SMS 1 in September. However, open rates for the rest of the SMS in both rounds remained similar.

The F4S SMS across both rounds enjoyed the highest open rate. This may be due to the fact this SMS was sent on the same day as the final email reminder, which highlighted that it was the last chance to complete the survey. For timing of the SMS sends see Table 7.
Table 11  SMS based follow up activity outcomes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contact activity</th>
<th>Aug-21</th>
<th></th>
<th>Sep-21</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>n</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>n</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sent</td>
<td>450,520</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>26523</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opened</td>
<td>409,827</td>
<td>91.0</td>
<td>21817</td>
<td>82.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unopened</td>
<td>29,378</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>3957</td>
<td>14.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsubscribed</td>
<td>11,315</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>749</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed</td>
<td>19,732</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>633</td>
<td>2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sent</td>
<td>358,482</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>19554</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opened</td>
<td>330,589</td>
<td>92.2</td>
<td>18417</td>
<td>94.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unopened</td>
<td>16,692</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>572</td>
<td>2.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsubscribed</td>
<td>11,201</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>565</td>
<td>2.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed</td>
<td>5,821</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>238</td>
<td>1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(F4S SMS)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sent</td>
<td>42,331</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>1540</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opened</td>
<td>40,495</td>
<td>95.7</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>97.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unopened</td>
<td>746</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsubscribed</td>
<td>1090</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed</td>
<td>743</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sent</td>
<td>57,650</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opened</td>
<td>55,186</td>
<td>95.7</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unopened</td>
<td>1493</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsubscribed</td>
<td>971</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed</td>
<td>1531</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.3.5 Post field reminder calls

Post field reminder calls were undertaken as part of a ‘push to web’ response maximisation strategy and were a fee-for-service activity to enable institutions to ‘top-up’ response rates for reporting purposes and their own internal analysis.

Post field reminders were conducted following the close of the main online fieldwork, with the online survey remaining open for approximately a two-week period (see Table 2) to allow for students of participating institutions to respond following telephone reminder contact. Online survey completions resulting from post field reminder calls were included in national reporting and analysis, as the mode of completion was consistent with online surveys completed as part of the main field period.

To qualify for the post field reminder calls, a student was required to meet the following criteria:

- phone number available in the sample,
- not completed the survey,
- not opted-out of the 2021 SES (i.e. either via the unsubscribe link in emails, an SMS or by submitting an opt-out request via the SES helpdesk), and
• met any custom criteria chosen by the institution (e.g. the institution may only want to top up response in certain study areas).

The purpose of post field reminder call activity was to confirm or update the best contact email address for students and ask students complete the survey online. Table 12 provides a summary of post field reminder call outcomes.

In 2021, nine institutions participating in the August round opted for post field reminder calls. Post field reminder call activity was undertaken for 8.7 per cent of the total sample approached for the 2021 SES. Contact rates were higher among postgraduate coursework sample members compared to undergraduate. Email addresses were confirmed or updated at a rate of 28.9 per cent for undergraduates and 32.1 per cent for postgraduates. Of the total sample initiated (i.e. Where contact was attempted), 6.6 per cent completed the survey directly from the email sent during post field reminder call activity, which equates to 20.1 per cent of the total contacts made resulting in a direct complete. There are also survey completions that may be indirectly attributed to the post field reminder calls (a further 1.1 per cent of the students called); this lower rate of indirect completion may be due to the cessation of other engagement activity during the post field period.

Table 12 Post field reminder calls outcome summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>UG</th>
<th></th>
<th>PGCW</th>
<th></th>
<th>Total</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>n</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>n</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>n</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total sample initiated</td>
<td>43,731</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>18,479</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>62,210</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usable sample</td>
<td>434</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>579</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No contact</td>
<td>29,459</td>
<td>67.4</td>
<td>11,816</td>
<td>63.9</td>
<td>41,275</td>
<td>66.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total contact</td>
<td>13,838</td>
<td>31.6</td>
<td>6,518</td>
<td>35.3</td>
<td>20,356</td>
<td>32.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collected student’s email</td>
<td>12,650</td>
<td>28.9</td>
<td>5,936</td>
<td>32.1</td>
<td>18,586</td>
<td>29.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other contact type</td>
<td>1,188</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>582</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>1,770</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed directly*</td>
<td>2,804</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>1,288</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>4,092</td>
<td>6.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed indirectly†</td>
<td>233</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>342</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Graduate completed the survey directly via the post field reminder email.
† Given that standard response maximisation initiatives cease at the end of the main online fieldwork period, ‘Completed indirectly for post field reminder calls is defined as: graduate completed the survey by means other than the post field reminder email after being called from post field reminder calls (excludes calls to disconnected phone numbers).

Note: Unusable sample includes wrong numbers, disconnected numbers, not a residential number, fax lines, incoming call restrictions and respondent unreliable.

3.3.6 Fieldwork briefing

All call centre operators selected to work on the 2021 SES post field reminder calls attended a briefing session delivered by the Social Research Centre project management team prior to the commencement of post field activity. The briefing covered:

• an overview of the SES and QILT,
• privacy and confidentiality policy, and
• reminder call procedures.

The briefing slides are provided at Appendix 7.

3.3.7 Quality control

In field quality monitoring techniques applied to the post field reminder component included:

• Listening-in validations conducted in accordance with ISO 20252 procedures.
• Field team de-briefing after the first shift, and thereafter, whenever there was important information to impart to the field team in relation to engagement techniques, data quality, consistency of administration, or project performance.

• Maintenance of a ‘field team handout’ document addressing any sample member engagement or data quality issues.

• Monitoring (listening in) by the Social Research Centre project manager and supervisory staff.

• Maintenance of a Wiki with answers to common student queries.

Quality assurance and applicable standards are discussed further at Section 3.4.3.

3.3.8 Social media

A social media advertising campaign was conducted to support the broader SES response maximisation strategy. To support the administration of the campaign, the Research and Administration teams created an extensive content calendar to plan and schedule posts in advance.

Facebook and Instagram posts were shared on QILT social media accounts (https://www.facebook.com/QILT1, @qilt_src) to build a general level of social media presence. The campaign included paid Facebook and Instagram ads purchased via Facebook Ad Manager that were timed to coincide with key fieldwork dates. Organic (i.e., unpaid) ads were also shared across the same platforms. Ad content was tailored with calls to action appropriate to each period of fieldwork (e.g., referencing a ‘chance to win’ during the prize draw period) and built upon themes introduced in the email reminder plan. An example paid ad is shown at Figure 6.

Figure 6 Example social media advertisement

Paid ads were targeted to Facebook and Instagram users aged 18 to 65 who matched a range of interests related to higher education. Example keywords for targeting included ‘university’, ‘international students’ and ‘undergraduate study’. Delivery of the ads was determined by the lowest cost bid strategy and the campaign objective was to drive traffic to the link included in the posts.
Facebook campaign outcomes for the 2021 SES are shown in Table 13. This table presents data for ‘impressions’, that is, the number of times the ad was on screen, ‘reach’, that is, the number of people who saw the ad at least once and ‘link clicks’, that is, the number of people who clicked on the link. The audience skewed towards males who comprised most of the impressions (75.0 per cent), reach (75.0 per cent) and link clicks (70.0 per cent). The cause of the gender disparity in the audience could be investigated ahead of future SES collections as it is not an intended outcome of the campaign design.

### Table 13  
Facebook campaign outcomes by gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audience</th>
<th>Impressions</th>
<th>Reach</th>
<th>Link clicks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>n</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>162,903</td>
<td>22.1</td>
<td>87,041</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>552,836</td>
<td>75.0</td>
<td>189,922</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown*</td>
<td>20,944</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>4192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>736,683</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>253,377</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Results are aggregated from ads displayed on the Facebook and Instagram platforms.

*Includes data that can’t be grouped into other breakdown segments.

### 3.3.9 Email deliverability testing

In the 2020 SES Methodological Report email deliverability was identified as an issue of importance. For the 2021 SES, email deliverability testing processes were improved with the goal of maximising student email engagement by ensuring that all emails avoided delivery to a spam or junk folder. Further, testing was conducted to optimise emails for deliverability to primary inboxes (e.g. ‘primary’ tab in Gmail, ‘focused’ inbox in Outlook).

Actions taken to optimise email deliverability included:

- a dedicated Internet Protocol (IP) address range used only by the Social Research Centre for bulk email delivery. The reputation of this range was maintained year-round to keep the IP addresses ‘warm’. The dedicated range eliminated risks associated with bulk mailing from a shared IP pool (as was used during the 2020 SES),
- during sample cleaning, email addresses were validated to reduce bounce rates, thereby minimising the degradation of IP reputation,
- ongoing maintenance of technical services and policies to meet sender best practice,
- optimisation of all images, hyperlinks and HTML code used in emails to meet deliverability best practices,
- pre field testing of emails across a broad range of mail clients, devices and providers to confirm and optimise compatibility, display and delivery, and
- in field tracking of email deliverability using analytics tools.

Despite the advancements made in this area, consistency in the deliverability of bulk email remains an ongoing challenge for the SES and the QILT suite of surveys more broadly (see Section 3.3.1 for analysis of email send outcomes).
3.4 Data collection

3.4.1 Online survey

The online survey could be accessed by clicking on the link in the email invitation or reminders, via the SES landing page on the QILT website, via a redirect from the SES home page, by clicking the link in the SMS, or a redirect from social media ads. Clicking from the email invitation, email reminder or SMS would go directly to the beginning of the survey. From the SES landing page, students could log in to the survey with their unique username and password. In-scope students without a username or password could ‘authenticate’ their personal details (name, student ID, date of birth) against the sample information and receive an email invitation with a direct survey link. Alternatively, in-scope students without login details could access the survey by contacting the QILT Helpdesk.

Online survey presentation was informed by best practice accessibility guidelines and other relevant resources. Standard features included:

- optimisation for small screen devices (see Appendix 10),
- consistent presentation and placement of “Next” and “Previous” buttons,
- input controls and internal logic/validation checks,
- tailored error messages as appropriate,
- splitting long statement batteries over several screens to reduce the number of items that require vertical scrolling on a desktop,
- sizing the panels for free text responses commensurate with the level of detail required in the response,
- automatically ‘saving’ with progression to the next screen, and
- the capacity to save and return to finish off at another time, resuming at the last question viewed.

The survey look and feel was customised to be consistent with QILT branding guidelines, including the use of the SES logo and colour scheme. This ensured consistency with communications such as advertisements placed on social media and the QILT website. See Figure 7 and Figure 8 for examples of the online survey look and feel on desktop and small screen device. A copy of the questionnaire is included at Appendix 8 with screenshots of the online survey included in Appendix 9.

Figure 7 Presentation of the SES online survey in desktop view
3.4.2 Survey testing

Standard operational checks of the online survey were conducted pre-fieldwork to ensure implementation aligned with the intended questionnaire design.

Institutions with additional items (see Section 4.4) were sent test links to facilitate testing and sign off on these items prior to field launch.

The survey was soft launched with NUHEI students, which form a small component of the total population. Data was checked following the soft launch to ensure all survey sequencing was functioning as intended. No issues were identified during the soft launch data checks and the main survey launch proceeded as scheduled for each round of the SES. To further ensure the survey data quality, data checks were repeated on the data following the main launch.

3.4.3 Quality assurance and applicable standards

All aspects of the SES were undertaken in accordance with the Privacy Act (1988) and the Australian Privacy Principles contained therein, the Privacy (Market and Social Research) Code 2014 (superseded on 22 March 2021 by the Privacy (Market and Social Research) Code 2021), the Research Society’s Code of Professional Behaviour, and ISO 20252 standards.

All senior QILT staff are full members of the Research Society or maintain professional membership relevant to their role, and the Social Research Centre is also a member of the Australian Data and Insights Association (ADIA, formerly Association of Market and Social Research Organisations).
3.4.4 Monitoring and progress reporting

Weekly fieldwork update emails were sent to institutions outlining the response rate that had been achieved and how the individual institution compared to the overall response rate, their cohort (university or NUHEI) average, and the previous year’s results.

The department was provided with weekly updates covering survey launches, in field milestones and the response rate of institutions overall.

3.4.5 Live online reporting module

In addition to weekly updates, the department had access to a live online reporting module which provided an overview of response rates for each institution and a national average of universities and NUHEIs. Results were provided in real time and included a summary of sample outcomes (e.g., completes, out-of-scopes and opt-out) and response by institution.

Institutions were also able to monitor their progress through a subset of the same online reporting module. Each institution was provided with their own login which allowed them to track sample outcomes and response rates by a selection of key demographics.

Summary tables could be downloaded in .csv format by the department and institutions. Institutions also had the option of downloading sample outcomes at the unit record level. The reporting module enabled institutions to monitor response, identify under-performing demographic groups and target engagement activity based on live sample outcomes.

3.5 Student support

The Social Research Centre maintained a SES helpdesk for the duration of the 2021 SES fieldwork period to provide students with an avenue to contact the SES team. The helpdesk featured a 1800 number and a specialised ses@srcentre.com.au inbox. Team members responded to queries within one business day. The 1800 number was also available to offshore students (with an international dialling code). The helpdesk was staffed seven days a week during call centre operational hours. All calls outside these hours were routed to a voicemail service. Additionally, a general qilt@srcentre.com.au inbox is maintained year round, managed by the QILT Administration team and staffed during business hours.

The SES helpdesk team was briefed on the SES background, procedures and questionnaire to enable them to answer a wide range of queries. To further support the helpdesk, a database was made available to the team to enable them to look up sample member information and survey links, as well as providing a method for logging helpdesk activities and outcomes. All requests to opt-out and out-of-scope notifications received via the helpdesk were removed from the in-scope sample to cease further contact with these students.

A summary of student enquiries to the SES helpdesk is provided at Table 14. In total, there were 1,712 helpdesk transactions during fieldwork, comprising 0.2 per cent of the overall sample approached for the 2021 SES. The majority of contact was made via email (87.7 per cent of the total contacts). The most popular reason for students to get in touch with the helpdesk was for assistance completing the survey online, followed by students nominating themselves as out-of-scope for the survey. Legitimacy/privacy concerns only formed 4.3 per cent of the total contacts. In further analysis (not shown here) the average contact time was found to be 4.2 minutes, with email having the quickest contact time at 2.9 minutes. These results show that the helpdesk continues to be integral in reducing respondent burden and encouraging participation in the survey.
Table 14  
Student enquiries to the SES helpdesk overall

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of enquiry</th>
<th>1800 Number</th>
<th>SES Inbox</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change of contact details</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deletion or removal request</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General query</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opt-Out</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>192</td>
<td>206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other query</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-scope</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>269</td>
<td>299</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survey query</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>814</td>
<td>930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>204</strong></td>
<td><strong>1508</strong></td>
<td><strong>1712</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.6  Prize draw

All respondents were entered into a four-week rolling prize draw, designed to encourage early survey completion by offering more chances to win the earlier the survey was completed (e.g. if the survey was completed by the end of the first week the respondent would be entered into all four prize draws). The terms and conditions of the prize draw were available on the Social Research Centre’s website and provided in all email communications sent to sample members.

There were four prize draws for the August round, with three $1,000, five $500 and six $250 prepaid Visa gift cards to be won each week (a total of $7,000 per week). The September round used a lower prize draw value due to the smaller sample size. There was one $1,000 gift card to be won each week. The total national prize pool was valued at $32,000. Table 15 provides the schedule of prize draws across the fieldwork period.

Table 15  
Prize draw schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>August 2021</th>
<th>September 2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw period opens/Fieldwork starts</td>
<td>29-Jul</td>
<td>30-Sep</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw 1 close</td>
<td>2-Aug</td>
<td>4-Oct</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw conducted</td>
<td>4-Aug</td>
<td>6-Oct</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw 2 close</td>
<td>9-Aug</td>
<td>11-Oct</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw conducted</td>
<td>11-Aug</td>
<td>13-Oct</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw 3 close</td>
<td>16-Aug</td>
<td>18-Oct</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw conducted</td>
<td>18-Aug</td>
<td>20-Oct</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw 4 close</td>
<td>23-Aug</td>
<td>25-Oct</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize draw conducted</td>
<td>25-Aug</td>
<td>27-Oct</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In compliance with State and Territory gaming and lottery legislation prize draw winners were notified by phone, in writing and published and on the QILT Facebook and Instagram accounts. Winners were published on the QILT Facebook and Instagram accounts on the same day as the prize draw was conducted. Prepaid VISA e-gift cards were sent to the winners’ confirmed email addresses.
4. Questionnaire

4.1 Development

The 2021 SES questionnaire was based on the 2020 Student Experience Questionnaire (SEQ), with standard operational updates made to align the questionnaire with current reference periods.

The international student items introduced in 2020 were retained in the 2021 questionnaire. As such, the most significant change to the questionnaire in 2021 was the introduction of a set of ‘freedom of expression’ items. See Section 4.3 for more information about these items.

In addition to the core questionnaire changes, institutions were able to add, modify or remove their specific items for each round. They could also nominate to include stakeholder items, such as the Workplace Relevance Scale (WRS) items, or the COVID-19 module introduced in 2020. See Section 4.4 more information about these items.

4.2 Overview

Table 16 outlines the thematic areas of the main modules in the questionnaire. A copy of the generic survey instrument (i.e. excluding any institution-specific items) is included at Appendix 8 with screen shots of the online survey at Appendix 9.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Themes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Module A</td>
<td>Introduction and screening</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module B</td>
<td>Inclusion and learner engagement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module C</td>
<td>Teaching and educational development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module D</td>
<td>Support</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module E</td>
<td>Demographics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module H</td>
<td>International student items</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module I</td>
<td>COVID-19 module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module F</td>
<td>Additional items (departmental, institutional, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module G</td>
<td>Course experience</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.3 Changes from 2020

The main changes to the core questionnaire were as follows:

**Freedom of expression item**

In consultation with the QILT Working Group, a new item (FOEX) relating to freedom of expression at higher education institutions was included in the 2021 SEQ. The purpose of this item was to measure students’ perceptions of freedom of expression on campus at Australian higher education institutions. The item was presented as a battery of three statements with a five-point Likert response scale. It was placed at the end of Module D (‘Support’) thus forming part of the core questionnaire.

**International student module**

A number of changes were made to the international student module which was added to the SEQ in 2020 (see Appendix 8 for the full list of items in the module). The changes made to the module included:
• Replacing the open-ended item INTLIVEDIS (dissatisfaction with current living arrangements) with INTLIVEDISN, which included a pre-coded response frame based on analysis of responses collected in 2020.

• The addition of new pre-coded response options at the INTVISA (type of Australian visa held) and INTAUS (factors important when deciding to study in Australia) items.

• The removal of items INTAUSOTH (other factors important when deciding to study in Australia), INTINSOTH (other factors important when deciding to study at institution), INTEMP – INTHelpX (employment whilst studying in Australia, experiences of potential harassment and seeking help) and INTLIVEDIS (dissatisfaction with current living arrangements) from the international student module as these were either pilot items from 2020 or used to refine other code-frames in the module.

4.4 Additional items

4.4.1 Institution items

Since 2013, institutions have been offered the option of including non-standard, institution-specific items. Some of the content covered by institution-specific items included questions relating to the net promoter score, workplace relevance, campus life, university services, reasons for considering leaving, likelihood of recommending the course or institution to others, reconciliation, and the impact of COVID-19.

These institution-specific items were only presented to students after they had completed the core SEQ, resulting in a clear demarcation between the two survey modules. A statement was also added before the institution-specific items to further emphasise this: “The following items have been included by <institution name> to gather feedback from current students on issues important to their institution”.

In total, 19 institutions chose to include their own items. In addition to this, eleven institutions chose to include the Workplace Relevance Scale; three institutions chose to include the at-risk item; Navitas Colleges included a series of items measuring the international student experience and the Independent Higher Education Association (IHEA) included an item for its member institutions.

4.4.2 COVID-19 module

The COVID-19 module was introduced in the 2020 questionnaire to ascertain the impact of the pandemic on the student experience. See Section 4.5.2 of the SES 2020 Methodological Report for further detail about the nature of the items in the module.

Given the continued effect of the pandemic in 2021, the COVID-19 module was again offered for inclusion on a fee-for-service basis. Three institutions chose to include either all, or some of the items. Only students of participating institutions were presented the items, after completing the core questionnaire, and prior to the institution-specific items.
5. Data preparation

5.1 Definition of the analytic unit

The analytic unit for the SES is the course, meaning that students in double degrees respond separately in relation to each degree, and as a result may appear more than once in the final data set.

In the 2021 SES data set, a record was considered complete and valid if the student had:

- completed units in the course / program
- a minimum of one valid SEQ scale score, and
- a minimum of one valid SEQ scale score from each of the five scales (i.e. ‘ENGAGE’, ‘TEACH’, ‘RESOURCE’, ‘SUPPORT’ and ‘DEVELOP’) for each course / program in a double degree and the course / programs are in different study areas.

Each scale covers a number of different items, for example the ‘SUPPORT’ scale includes thirteen items such as the availability of ‘academic or learning staff or systems’. To be considered as valid, a scale requires the respondent to record at least one valid value (i.e. respondent selected at least one answer such as ‘Very much’, excluding the ‘Not applicable’ response).

Where double degree students have completed units in both degree components and they are in the same study area, the first record is selected for analysis.

5.2 Data cleaning and preparation

5.2.1 Respondent (student) level

Demographic variables were first merged from the original population file for inclusion in the final analysis file. Records with newly entered course information were assigned a final course code, and final course level, field of education, and study area information was derived from the Social Research Centre’s master course list, based on available course data for each institution. Where new course codes were added to the master course list, accompanying information was sourced from the survey manager for the relevant institution. The coding process is described in further detail in Section 5.3.

The in-scope status of the respondent, that is whether they were enrolled in a course eligible for the SES, was then re-derived based on revised course level data. This process set out to ensure that respondents who had switched from an eligible undergraduate or postgraduate coursework course to an ineligible course, such as a postgraduate research course, were excluded from the dataset.

All items in the body of the questionnaire were re-filtered to their respective bases to ensure there were no errant responses, and the appropriate missing data conventions (see the 2021 SES Data Dictionary on the QILT website for more information) were applied.

After cleaning, normalised SEQ variables, SEQ scale variables, and consolidated demographic and analysis variables were derived as described in the 2021 SES Data Dictionary. In the case of double degrees, SEQ scale variables were derived separately for each course in the respondent level file.

5.2.2 Course level

After data was finalised, the respondent (student) level responses were split to course level:

- Where a respondent was enrolled in a single degree, the respondent level record became the course level record.
Where a respondent was enrolled in a double degree and had completed units in only one course, the respondent level record became the course level record.

Where a respondent was enrolled in a double degree (including two concurrent unrelated degrees) and had completed units in both courses, two course level records were created:

- the respondent level record minus course specific items completed for the second degree, and
- the respondent level record with course specific items completed for the first degree replaced with responses to course specific items completed for the second degree.

The variable ‘ANALYSIS’ was then created to identify the final status of a record.

There are five different final status outcomes identified based on the SEQ items completed and students’ course profile. Each status is defined as follows:

1. **Student.**

   A respondent complete the first course in a double degree or the second course in a double degree where a complete SEQ exists only for the second course.

2. **Second course in double degree.**

   The second course in a double degree where the respondent has completed the SEQ for both components of the double degree and the two components of the double degree have different study areas.

3. **Same study area in both components of a double degree.**

   The second course in a double degree where the respondent has completed the SEQ for both components of the double degree and both components of the double degree have the same study area.

4. **Incomplete: has no valid scale scores.**

   No valid SEQ scale scores for this course component.

5. **Out-of-scope: No longer enrolled or not in first or last year of an in-scope course.**

   The respondent is not currently enrolled at the institution or is not in the first or last year of an undergraduate or postgraduate coursework course.

Only records with ANALYSIS=1 or 2, ‘student’ and ‘second course in double degree’, are reported. Records in ANALYSIS=3, ‘same study area in both component of a double degree’, are excluded from reporting to avoid double counting student responses in the same study area.

The **2021 SES Data Dictionary** lists the new or modified variables for the 2021 SES.

### 5.3 Course coding

Revised course names entered by respondents in the survey were manually looked up against a master course list for the relevant institution. Where a course name matched multiple course codes the respondent was assigned to the course with the highest enrolment where no conflicts between the different courses existed.

Where an appropriate course code for the course name or double degree recorded by the respondent could not be found, queries were sent to the survey manager from the relevant institution. Where the survey manager advised that a double degree as entered by a respondent did not exist, they were treated as two unrelated concurrent degrees, as described in Table 17. Of the responses requiring
course coding, several broad categories of anomalous response requiring further editing were identified. The categories and resolutions are described in Table 17.

Table 17  Resolution of coding anomalies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Response</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The respondent reported they were undertaking a double degree but entered the same single course for both components of the degree.</td>
<td>The respondent is flagged as being enrolled in a single degree. Where responses are recorded for two course components, only responses for the first component are kept.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The respondent entered a course not offered by the institution.</td>
<td>The respondent is flagged as ‘Not Currently Attending’ (currentrol=2) in the sample file, as they cannot be studying the given course at the relevant institution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The respondent recorded two degrees that are offered as single degrees but not offered as a double degree by the institution.</td>
<td>Each course recorded by the respondent is treated as a separate single degree. Where the respondent indicated they had completed subjects in both degrees the respondent appears twice in the final course level analytic file (as they would for a double degree) but with two single degree records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The respondent recorded the full title of a double degree in a field reserved for a single course.</td>
<td>Since it is not possible to determine which course component of the double degree the respondent is referring to in these cases, the respondent’s response to the SES is considered invalid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The respondent recorded an invalid course title.</td>
<td>Since it is not possible to determine the course the respondent is enrolled in, the respondent’s response to the SES is considered invalid.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.4 Coding and processing of open text responses

Spell checking and light cleaning of ‘other’ specify responses was applied to remove identifiers and expletives. Code frames were developed in conjunction with, and approved by the department, and remained mostly unchanged in 2021. Table 18 summarises those items which were coded using an external code frame as a source.

Table 18  Items coded and source for coding decisions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item coded</th>
<th>Code frame source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overseas country location</td>
<td>For students living overseas, country of residence was coded using the Standard Australian Classification of Countries (SACC, 2016, Second edition, ABS catalogue number 1269.0).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.5 Data deliverables

The Social Research Centre provided institutions and the department the following data deliverables at the completion of the 2021 SES cycle:

- institution data files in .csv and SPSS format as a standard, and in SAS format for institutions specifically requesting this format,
- department national data file in SAS format,
- data dictionary and data map,
- files in Tableau packaged workbook format at the national (department), institution, Universities Australia (UA) and Independent Higher Education Australia (IHEA) level,
• Report tables specific to the SES International Report,
• an institution fieldwork summary and data package summary in MS Word format,
• files of verbatim responses to open-ended questions in MS Excel, at the national (department) and institution level,
• tables of all data available on the ComparED website, and
• National Report Tables, available from the QILT website.

A master specification identifying the content and format for all data deliverables is maintained and updated for each SES implementation, as appropriate.
6. Final dispositions, response rates and reportable strata

6.1 Final dispositions and response rates

Table 19 shows the final survey dispositions at an overall level for the 2021 SES.

For the purpose of the QILT suite of surveys, ‘response rate’ is defined as completed surveys (as described in Section 5.1) as a proportion of final sample, where final sample excludes unusable sample (e.g. no contact details), out-of-scope and opted-out. This definition of response rate differs from industry standards by treating certain non-contacts and refusals as being ineligible for the response rate calculation (see American Association for Public Opinion Research 2016 for standard definitions of response rates).

The final response rate for the 2021 SES was 41.1 per cent, which was 3 percentage points lower than the 44.1 per cent response rate achieved in 2020. Potential explanations for this decrease are outlined in Section 6.2 below. Results between NUHEIs and universities were comparable (41.1 per cent for universities versus 41.2 per cent for NUHEIs). A similar pattern was observed when reviewing response by course type, with both the undergraduate and postgraduate response rate being 41.1 per cent.

The opt-out rate in 2021 (6.7 per cent) was slightly higher than the 2020 figure (5.7%), but similar to what was observed in 2019 (6.1 per cent). Opt-out rates over time will continue to be closely monitored.

Final survey dispositions by institution for the 2021 SES and a summary of response rates over time by institution are provided at Appendix 11.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Sample provided</th>
<th>Usable sample</th>
<th>Out-of-scope</th>
<th>Opted-out</th>
<th>Final sample</th>
<th>Surveys completed</th>
<th>Response rate (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2021 SES overall</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>712,799</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>21,568</td>
<td>47,894</td>
<td>643,337</td>
<td>264,660</td>
<td>41.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Universities</td>
<td>642,326</td>
<td>177</td>
<td>18,897</td>
<td>43,209</td>
<td>580,220</td>
<td>238,653</td>
<td>41.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUHEIs</td>
<td>70,473</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>2,671</td>
<td>4,685</td>
<td>63,117</td>
<td>26,007</td>
<td>41.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course type</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Undergraduate</td>
<td>487,723</td>
<td>114</td>
<td>11,172</td>
<td>34,148</td>
<td>442,403</td>
<td>182,012</td>
<td>41.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postgraduate</td>
<td>225,076</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>10,396</td>
<td>13,746</td>
<td>200,934</td>
<td>82,648</td>
<td>41.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.2 Factors affecting response rate in 2021

Numerous factors are likely to have contributed to the drop in response rate observed in the 2021 SES collection, including: a decline in response by international students; a change in sample composition; a decline in response from a small number of large institutions; a drop in the number of mobile numbers provided; under-resourcing at institutions; and ongoing challenges with email deliverability. These are discussed in more detail below.

International students

In 2021, the tendency of international students to respond to the SES fell by 6.6 percentage points compared to the previous year, in comparison to the domestic response rate which declined by 1.7 percentage points. Ongoing border restrictions and online study may have caused a sense of disillusionment amongst international students in 2021, leading to the diminished response rate. In
addition to this, there was a substantial increase in the number of international student respondents citing they were currently located overseas at the time of the survey, increasing from 10.1 per cent in 2020 to 32.8 per cent in 2021. Assuming that this is indicative of the non-responding international student population as well, it is quite possible that email and SMS communications were not received if students were located overseas at the time of the survey. Table 20 provides a comparison of response rates by citizenship status between 2020 and 2021.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Citizenship status</th>
<th>2020 response rate (%)</th>
<th>2021 response rate (%)</th>
<th>Year on year change (pp)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Domestic</td>
<td>44.7</td>
<td>43.0</td>
<td>-1.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International</td>
<td>42.6</td>
<td>36.0</td>
<td>-6.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>44.1</td>
<td>41.1</td>
<td>-3.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Change in sample composition

There was an increased proportion of later year students in the 2021 sample, as shown in Table 21. The total sample for 2021 was comprised of 51.8 per cent later year students, compared to 49.3 per cent in 2020. Historically, later year students have completed the SES at a lower rate than commencing students and given that the final in-scope population in 2021 featured more completing students, it may have contributed to the reduced final response rate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stage of studies</th>
<th>% of 2020 total sample</th>
<th>% of 2021 total sample</th>
<th>2020 response rate (%)</th>
<th>2021 response rate (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commencing</td>
<td>50.7</td>
<td>48.2</td>
<td>47.2</td>
<td>44.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Later year</td>
<td>49.3</td>
<td>51.8</td>
<td>40.7</td>
<td>37.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>44.1</td>
<td>41.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Institutional resourcing

Themes of under-resourcing and staff restructuring were cited by numerous institutional survey managers during the telephone contact conducted by the QILT Team (see Section 0). One survey manager stated that their team was going through a restructure and that more generally, their institution had suffered a ‘hit to their reputation’. Another survey manager noted that the budget for promoting the SES (and the QILT surveys more broadly) throughout their student body was extremely tight. The reduced capacity to support promotional activity as mentioned by some institutions may therefore have also contributed to the reduced response rate in 2021.

Individual institution performance

The individual performance of some institutions also declined in the 2021 collection, with some of the largest universities in the sample achieving a lower response rate in 2021 compared to 2020. The top six most populous universities in the 2021 sample experienced drops in their response rate of which 1.8 per cent of the drop in national response could be attributed to. However, it should be noted that some universities’ response rates were higher in 2021 compared to 2020; for example, The University of Sydney experienced a 7.3 percentage point increase to their response rate in 2021. Such variance may indicate that unique institutional factors are contributing to a decline in response, rather than a systemic issue with the administration of the survey. Performance by individual institution will continue to be monitored by the Social Research Centre in future SES collections to address this phenomenon.
Email deliverability

Email deliverability remains an ongoing concern. Whilst not as severe as 2020, the 2021 collection continued to experience inbox placement issues especially with Hotmail/Outlook domains, thus potentially affecting the ability of email reminders to be seen by students. The Social Research Centre continues to strengthen its internal response to this issue (including checking that institutions have implemented whitelisting procedures as outlined in the Collection and Sample Guide and upgrading deliverability testing software). However, the rapidly changing environment of spam filtering technology means this issue will likely remain relevant to future collections.

6.3 Achievement of response rate targets

A total of 29 out of 42 universities and 24 out of 97 NUHEIs achieved the response rate target that was established as a result of the process described in Section 2.4.10. As mentioned previously, these were aspirational targets only and varied by institution based on the size of the target population. This explains why the proportion of NUHEIs which achieved the response rate target was much lower than for universities, which typically have much larger student populations. For some institutions, the overall response rate target was unachievable (for example, the Nan Tien Institute response rate target was 100 per cent).

For full details of institution performance against response rate targets, see Appendix 5.

6.4 Strata meeting the desired level of precision

Table 22 shows the number and proportion of strata meeting the desired level of precision (+/- 7.5 percentage points at the 90 per cent level of confidence) over time, by the Quality of entire educational experience (QOESAT) indicator, for undergraduates in full-time study. Strata are defined by institution at the 21 study area level.

For universities, three quarters (76.4 per cent) of the eligible strata in the 2021 SES met the desired level of precision. For NUHEIs, less than half (33.7 per cent) of the eligible strata met the desired level of precision. Response maximisation initiatives will continue to seek to both enhance the overall representativeness of the achieved sample and maximise the proportion of strata meeting the desired level of precision.

Table 22 Strata meeting desired level of precision for undergraduates in full-time study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strata meeting desired level of precision (%)</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total strata (n)</td>
<td>611</td>
<td>608</td>
<td>613</td>
<td>627</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strata below minimum population (n)</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strata with no completed surveys (n)</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible strata for reportability (n)</td>
<td>611</td>
<td>607</td>
<td>612</td>
<td>626</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strata meeting the desired level of precision (n)</td>
<td>497</td>
<td>484</td>
<td>464</td>
<td>478</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strata meeting the desired level of precision (%)</td>
<td>81.3</td>
<td>79.7</td>
<td>75.8</td>
<td>76.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUHEI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total strata (n)</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>204</td>
<td>221</td>
<td>210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strata below minimum population (n)</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strata with no completed surveys (n)</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
<td>&lt;5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible strata for reportability (n)</td>
<td>147</td>
<td>199</td>
<td>216</td>
<td>205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strata meeting the desired level of precision (n)</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strata meeting the desired level of precision (%)</td>
<td>46.9</td>
<td>41.2</td>
<td>40.3</td>
<td>33.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7. Response analysis

7.1 Response by time

Figure 9 illustrates the daily and cumulative response rate for the August and September rounds. Engagement activities (i.e. email invitation and email and SMS reminders) undertaken by the QILT team are overlayed. Note that the response rates shown in Figure 9 are raw and derived before post field reminder calls are completed and data processing is undertaken. As a result, the raw response rates are slightly lower than the rates presented in Table 1, which is also a combined overall response rate.

The pattern of response across all emails in the 2021 SES cycle was broadly similar to previous implementations. Both collections followed a comparable trajectory, although numerous reminders in the schedule fared slightly better in the September round, relative to the August round, when defined by the cumulative response rate. As observed in the 2020 collection, the most effective response across both rounds occurred when two forms of communication (i.e., an email and SMS) were sent on the same day, as evidenced by the relative performance of R4/SMS1 & R6/SMS2. The strong daily response of prize draw timed reminders (R2, R4, R6, R8) is visible in both rounds, though diminished by Reminder 8. Response was front loaded in both rounds, with almost half of the final response achieved by the day of the Reminder 4 and SMS1 send.

Figure 9  Response rates by day (August and September rounds)

7.2 Non-response analysis

This section assesses the extent and impact of non-response bias on estimates made from the 2021 SES. Non-response bias occurs when persons who respond to the survey are systematically different from those who do not, leading to results that do not accurately reflect the population of interest. The following assessment is approached from several perspectives, by:
Identifying administrative characteristics of students that are most different between respondents and non-respondents and that are most strongly associated with the propensity to respond to the survey;

Determining if adjusting for non-response changes the key SES indicators; and

Supplementing response rates with measures that account for the composition of respondents compared to the population.

Note that the focus of this section is on students and so some of the results will not exactly match those reported elsewhere where the focus is instead on courses.

7.2.1 Characteristics most different between respondents and non-respondents

The most basic check for potential non-response bias is to identify if there are characteristics on which respondents and non-respondents are markedly different. The characteristics that are available for each student in the population are shown in Table 23.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th># categories</th>
<th>Categories</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age group</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Aged 19 or less, Aged 20-24, ..., Aged 50-54, Aged 55+, Not stated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birthplace</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Australia, Other English-speaking countries, Non-English-speaking countries, Unable to establish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citizenship indicator</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Domestic, Overseas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course level</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Undergraduate, Postgraduate (Coursework)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disability indicator</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>No disability, Disability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gender</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Male, Female, Indeterminate/Intersex/Unspecified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institution</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provider type</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>University (Table A-B), NUHEI (Private)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indigenous indicator</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Non-indigenous, Indigenous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institute type</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Group of 8, Other university, NUHEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institution size</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1-6,500 records, 6,501-13,500 records, 13,501-19,500 records, 19,501-27,500 records, 27,501+ records</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NESB indicator</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>English speaking background, Non-English speaking background</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage of studies</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Commencing, Middle years, Completing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Study area</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of attendance code</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Full-time, Part-time, No information</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For a collection as large as the Student Experience Survey, notions of “statistical significance” are meaningless since even the most trivial of differences will be judged as significant by most commonly used statistical methods.

Instead, this analysis will be limited to categories whose representation among respondents and non-respondents is most different, as shown in Table 24. This table compares the relative frequencies of each demographic sub-group for the population as a whole, as well as for respondents and non-respondents and includes the difference in proportions between the latter two groups. A negative difference means the student sub-group was under-represented among respondents, compared to among non-respondents, whereas a positive difference means the sub-group was over-represented. For a survey where the respondents perfectly mirror the population, all the differences would be zero. The largest differences occur for age group (persons aged 20-24 years are under-represented among
respondents), for gender (males are under-represented) and stage of students (completing students are under-represented).

Not shown here, the largest difference across study area was just over 6 percentage points (for Business and management) and the largest difference across institutions was less than 3 percentage points.

Given that the maximum differences across all sub-groups was just over 11 percentage points, only a small impact on overall survey outcomes could be expected due to non-response bias. The impact of this observation will be quantified later in this section.

Table 24 Administrative variables with largest differences between responding and non-respondent students (student level)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Administrative variable</th>
<th>Population (%)</th>
<th>Respondents (%)</th>
<th>Non-respondents (%)</th>
<th>Difference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Age group</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged 19 or less</td>
<td>23.26</td>
<td>25.48</td>
<td>21.99</td>
<td>3.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged 20-24</td>
<td>41.62</td>
<td>34.70</td>
<td>45.60</td>
<td>-10.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged 25-29</td>
<td>15.48</td>
<td>14.67</td>
<td>15.94</td>
<td>-1.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged 30-34</td>
<td>7.04</td>
<td>8.07</td>
<td>6.44</td>
<td>1.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged 35-39</td>
<td>4.65</td>
<td>5.74</td>
<td>4.02</td>
<td>1.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged 40-44</td>
<td>3.11</td>
<td>4.16</td>
<td>2.51</td>
<td>1.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged 45-49</td>
<td>2.29</td>
<td>3.19</td>
<td>1.77</td>
<td>1.43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged 50-54</td>
<td>1.35</td>
<td>2.01</td>
<td>0.98</td>
<td>1.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aged 55+</td>
<td>1.21</td>
<td>1.99</td>
<td>0.76</td>
<td>1.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gender</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>42.26</td>
<td>35.13</td>
<td>46.36</td>
<td>-11.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>57.56</td>
<td>64.67</td>
<td>53.47</td>
<td>11.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indeterminate/Intersex/Unspecified</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>0.21</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>0.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stage of studies</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commencing</td>
<td>48.26</td>
<td>53.25</td>
<td>45.39</td>
<td>7.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle years</td>
<td>3.33</td>
<td>3.52</td>
<td>3.22</td>
<td>0.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completing</td>
<td>48.41</td>
<td>43.24</td>
<td>51.38</td>
<td>-8.15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: The unit of analysis for this table is students and so the figures may not exactly match course-level results reported elsewhere.*

7.2.2 Characteristics most associated with student response propensity

While helpful as a first check, the above comparisons of respondents and non-respondents only enable characteristics to be considered one at a time. In reality, the relationship between characteristics and propensity to respond is complex and requires a more nuanced approach. To provide greater insight to the joint effect that characteristics may have on student participation in the survey, a statistical model was employed to predict whether or not a student would respond to the survey, conditional on their characteristics (see Table 23). The particular model used here, a binary logistic regression, quantifies the contribution of each category of each characteristic to predicting a student’s participation in the survey – some sub-groups (such as being aged 55+ years) might be associated with an increase in survey participation whereas others (such as part-time attendance) might be associated with a decrease in survey participation.

As well as quantifying the impact on non-response of a student being in a particular sub-group (such as being aged 55+ years), the model can also quantify the overall impact that a characteristic has on
response propensity (that is, the average overall impact of age on response propensity). It does this by selectively adding or removing characteristics from the model, noting whether the ability to predict student participation is notably improved or worsened. If excluding a characteristic entirely from the model reduces our ability\(^3\) to predict student participation, the characteristic is judged to be relatively more important as a predictor of response. On the other hand, if excluding a characteristic from the model makes little difference in the predictions, it is judged to be relatively less important.

Through this process, it is possible to quantify\(^4\) the average contribution that each characteristic makes in predicting survey response, as shown in Figure 10. The values in this figure represent each characteristic's relative contribution to the model's overall predictive ability, and thus sum to 100 percent. If one characteristic on its own could be used to predict response to the survey, it would have a relative contribution of 100%. If a characteristic had no impact on the model's predictions, it would have a relative contribution of 0%. In this figure, the characteristics made a range of contributions to predicting response, with age group being most important (contributing roughly 29%) and Indigenous status the least (less than 1%). Characteristics appearing in Table 23 but not in the figure (namely, Higher Education Provider type, Institute type and Institution size) were dropped during the modelling process either because they were too correlated\(^5\) with other characteristics or they made no noticeable contribution to model predictions.

This use of regression modelling to quantify non-response is very valuable since it provides more insight than was evident from the simple comparisons of respondents and non-respondents in Table 24. In particular, the model identified Institution as a strong predictor of response propensity, second only to age group. By contrast, differences between respondents and non-respondents for this characteristic were too small to be listed in Table 24. The same applies to Study area, albeit to a lesser extent.

Figure 10. Relative contribution of selected administrative variables in predicting 2021 response (student level)

\(^3\) For instance, by comparing the model's predictions of whether or not a student participated in the survey with their actual observed participation. The measure used here to assess a model's predictive ability is McFadden's pseudo-\(R^2\). It varies from 0 (for predictions that are unrelated to the observations) to 1 (for predictions that perfectly match the observations).


\(^5\) This refers to the issue of multicollinearity where two characteristics are so strongly related that including them together in a model causes it to fail entirely or to yield unreliable results.
7.2.3 Adjusting for non-response

Although the composition of respondents versus non-respondents in Table 24 revealed only small imbalances in representation, it is useful to assess whether adjusting for non-response would change the key survey indicators in any meaningful way. A common technique to adjust for differences between survey respondents and the population of interest is the calculation of “weights”. These are values derived for respondents to denote how much each should “count” towards survey results.

Persons that are under-represented among respondents compared to non-respondents (males, for instance) are assigned a higher weight so that their contribution to the survey results correctly reflects their representation in the population. In a similar way, persons that are over-represented among respondents (females, for example) receive a lower weight. By scientifically balancing the extent to which respondents contribute to survey results, some more and some less, we can ensure that the results of the survey represent the student population as closely as possible. This is a very common approach to deriving estimates from a subset of the population and is used the world over by official statistics agencies such as the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

Table 24 and Figure 10 together identify the characteristics that were most different between respondents and non-respondents as well as the characteristics that were most associated with response to the survey. On the basis of these results, a weight was calculated for each responding student to account for imbalances in the following characteristics:

- Age group;
- Institution;
- Gender;
- Study area; and
- Stage of studies.

If the exercise that generated Table 24 was repeated, but instead summing weights rather than just counting students, the distribution of respondents would now exactly match the population distribution on these characteristics. Weights rather than counts would then be used in all subsequent derivations of survey results. Doing so reduces the extent of bias that may occur in the results due to any compositional differences between respondents and non-respondents.

Table 25 (see next page) compares overall results for seven key indicators derived for the 2021 survey, using both simple counting of respondents along with summing of their weights. Also included is the percentage point difference between the two methods, where a negative difference shows that the adjusted (weighted) calculation yielded a higher value for the indicator than the unadjusted calculation, and a positive value shows that the unadjusted calculated yielded a higher value than the adjusted calculation.

---


7 The first column is the number of persons that gave a positive rating as a percentage of all persons, whereas the second is the sum of the weights for persons that gave a positive rating as a percentage of the sum of the weights for all persons.
Table 25  
Comparison of weighted and unweighted indicators (student level)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Counting students (%)</th>
<th>Summing weights (%)</th>
<th>Difference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skills development – positive rating</td>
<td>79.18</td>
<td>78.86</td>
<td>0.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Learner engagement – positive rating</td>
<td>46.61</td>
<td>47.05</td>
<td>-0.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teaching quality – positive rating</td>
<td>79.61</td>
<td>78.61</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student support – positive rating</td>
<td>72.91</td>
<td>72.13</td>
<td>0.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Learning resources – positive rating</td>
<td>79.31</td>
<td>78.20</td>
<td>1.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality of entire educational experience – positive rating</td>
<td>73.12</td>
<td>71.75</td>
<td>1.37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The unit of analysis for this table is students and so the figures may not exactly match course-level results reported elsewhere.

Differences between the two methods are very small, all less than 1.5 percentage points, signifying that adjusting for non-response across the identified student characteristics made essentially no difference in indicators derived for the survey. Although not shown here, if the comparison was repeated for a range of sub-groups (Study area, Institution, and Stage of studies), the largest differences between unadjusted and adjusted indicators are all less than 3 percentage points with most differences being less than 1 percentage point.

7.2.4 Supplementing response rates with representativity indicators

The final perspective on non-response and bias concerns the relationship between response rates and the representativeness of respondents. The response rate is a common quality indicator for surveys and is calculated as the ratio of respondents to total persons. This indicator varies between 0 and 1, where higher is usually seen as better. It is a very crude measure, however, since it ignores the composition of respondents compared to the population. It is easy to envisage two different scenarios – one survey with a low response rate but the responding sample is strongly representative of the population, and another survey with a higher response rate but the respondents are very unlike the population. Using response rate as the measure of survey quality would lead to the false conclusion that the second survey was “better”, even though the first survey would give the most accurate results.

Because the response rate is insufficient as an indicator to measure the potential bias arising from non-response, a number of other indicators of respondent representativeness have therefore been developed. Many of these make use of response propensities, the probability that each person in the population will respond to the survey. This ties in with the section above, where a regression model was used to predict the response probability for each person on the basis of their characteristics. The simplest version of a family of so-called R-indicators is derived from the standard deviation of the modelled response propensities:

\[
R_p = 1 - 2S_p = 1 - 2\sqrt{(N - 1)^{-1} \sum_u \left(  \rho_i - \bar{\rho}_U \right)^2}
\]

Here \( U \) is the complete set of respondents and non-respondents, \( N \) is the size of this set, \( \rho_i \) is the modelled propensity for person \( i \), \( \bar{\rho}_U \) is the average propensity across all persons (respondents and non-respondents), and \( S_p \) is the standard deviation of the response propensities. \( R_p \) varies between 0 and 1, where 1 indicates the most representative response and 0 the least. The way to understand the extremes of this range is as follows:

---

If it is completely random whether or not someone responds to the survey, there will be no systematic differences between respondents and non-respondents. In such a case, the modelled response propensities will be all the same, their standard deviation will be 0 and so $R_\rho$ will be 1. This corresponds to a strongly representative sample.

On the other hand, if there is a systematic pattern of non-response, respondents will be predictably different from non-respondents. In such a case, the modelled response propensities will group together near either 0 (for non-respondents) or 1 (for respondents), leading to a large value for the standard deviation so that $R_\rho$ will be 0. This corresponds to a strongly unrepresentative sample.

The same as there is no threshold for what separates a “good” response rate from a “bad” one, there are no absolute standards for R-indicators. Their primary usefulness here is to judge if changes in response rates have impacted the representativeness of the responding sample. The following table (Table 26) compares response rates and R-indicators for the 2019 SES, 2020 SES and 2021 SES. Using only response rate as a measure of quality, one might conclude that 2020 was “better” than 2021 (44.1 per cent versus 41.1 per cent). When looking at the R-indicators, however, it is apparent that the representativeness in 2021 was almost identical to that in 2020, falling slightly from 2019, and still much more representative of the population than a 41.1 per cent response rate might suggest on its own.

### Table 26  Comparison of response rates and representativity indicators (student level)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Response rate %</th>
<th>R-indicator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>42.6</td>
<td>0.795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>44.1</td>
<td>0.785</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>41.1</td>
<td>0.786</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

While some slight imbalances for several characteristics (notably age group, gender, institution, stage of studies, and study area) were identified when exploring the extent and impact of any biases that may have occurred in the 2021 SES due to differences between survey respondents and the underlying population of students, adjusting for non-response had only a minimal impact on the survey’s key indicators.

### 7.3 Sources of response

Table 27 (see next page) summarises the breakdown of online survey completion methods and includes sources of response by gender, stage of studies, citizenship indicator or age due to the variation in method of accessing the survey within these groups. Only minimal differences were observed when reviewing source of response by institution type or course level; as such, these groups are not displayed in the table.
Survey completion via a link from an email communication was most popular for all subgroups. However, males were less likely to respond via a link in an email communication than females (82.3 per cent vs. 85.7 per cent). Completing via the direct link in SMS was the next most popular method of response amongst all subgroups. It is interesting to note that males were more likely complete via the SMS link than females. Students aged under 30 were also more likely to complete via the SMS link compared to those aged over 30. Additionally, completing via a link displayed on a student’s LMS page was another popular response mechanism for males (3.2 per cent vs 2.3 per cent for females) and international students (3.5 per cent vs 2.3 per cent for domestic students). This highlights the continued need to preference other communication methods, including SMS and LMS links, over extensive email contact for these subgroups.

It should be noted that only completed surveys directly attributable to the post field reminder calls and SMS are recorded as such in Table 27. It is possible that, for example, reminder call activity may prompt a student to click on the direct survey link in an email they had previously received. In this context, the analysis presented at Table 27 should only be considered indicative. It should also be noted that the opportunity to complete via each method was not necessarily equal between subgroups.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 27</th>
<th>Sources of response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gender</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total (%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final response rate</td>
<td>41.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survey completion method breakdown</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authentication</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survey link (email)</td>
<td>84.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survey link (SMS)</td>
<td>10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survey link (LMS)</td>
<td>2.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post field reminder calls</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICS</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8. Considerations for future surveys

8.1 Response rate and representativeness

While response rate will almost certainly remain an important lens for understanding and comparing survey performance, the broader QILT project has also focused on improving representativeness in recent collections. The purpose of this approach is two-fold; increasing representation strengthens the quality of data collected but should naturally also lead to an improvement in response. As such, two particular sub-groups will be targeted in future SES collections: the male and international student cohorts.

Male student engagement

The male student cohort was underrepresented in the 2021 SES (see Sections 3.3.3, 7.2), illustrating a continuation of the trend observed in previous iterations of the survey. It is likely that the current engagement strategy still needs further refinement to have a greater appeal to this cohort.

Potential strategies to engage with this population include further engagement with institutions with large male populations, a customised and nuanced email communication plan appealing directly to this audience, experimentation to determine messaging and imagery that appeals to male students and increased SMS contact with potentially reduced email contact.

International student engagement

Compared to prior year results, and the 2021 domestic response rate, the response rate for international students in the 2021 SES fell substantially.

Further analysis is needed to understand what may have caused this drop and if particular nationalities or other factors (university vs. NUHEI students; stage of studies; study areas) are driving the trend. The Social Research Centre will investigate and use any findings, combined with qualitative data collected in the focus groups described at Section 3.3.2, to strengthen response maximisation amongst the international cohort. Future response maximisation activities in this space should continue to highlight the opportunity for international students to contribute their unique voice and reward them for doing so. Communication materials need to feature diverse imagery and customised text and modern, eye-catching layouts.

8.2 Sampling process

It is expected that the TCSI data collection platform will be operational ahead of the 2022 SES collection. This will likely alter the existing sample preparation workflow as changes are made to data submission timelines and variables. The Social Research Centre will work in consultation with department and sector stakeholders to develop an appropriate sample preparation workflow.
List of abbreviations and terms

ABS  Australian Bureau of Statistics
CATI Computer Assisted Telephone Interviewing
DEEWR Department of Education, Employment and Workplace Relations
EFTSL Equivalent Full-Time Student Load
GCA Graduate Careers Australia
GOS Graduate Outcomes Survey
GOS-L Graduate Outcomes Survey - Longitudinal
HESA Higher Education Support Act
HEIMS Higher Education Information Management System
ISO International Standards Organisation
LMS Learning Management System
NUHEI Non-University Higher Education Institution
QILT Quality Indicators for Learning and Teaching
SES Student Experience Survey
SEQ Student Experience Questionnaire
UEQ University Experience Questionnaire
UES University Experience Survey
WRS Workplace Relevance Scale
Appendix 1  Collection, sample and marketing guides
Student Experience Survey (SES) Collection and Sample Guide

2021 SES August Collection
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Summary points to note

Key release changes follow:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Date published</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>20 May</td>
<td>Original version released</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please note:

- Complete the Participation and Additional Services (PASF) form that will be sent separately to you the week commencing 24 May. The first step is to confirm your institution’s participation and nominate key contacts using the PASF – this is your centralised place to confirm participation and nominate additional services.

- Guidance has been prepared to clarify the definition of and expectations for the in-scope audience (refer ‘Section 2 Target audience and sample provision’).

- **There are significant changes in the sample preparation process for the 2021 SES.** See ‘Section 2.1 An overview of the sample preparation process for the 2021 SES’ for details.

- Guidance has been prepared to assist with populating the sample file (refer ‘Section 2.3 The population file’ and ‘2.4 Please note the following when completing the population template’).

- Keeping to timelines for provision of sample means the project can go to field on time – otherwise one institution’s delay impacts all others. There are a couple of points in time where late delivery can have significant downstream impacts on the delivery of the project:
  - Templates will be distributed today, 20 May, via email to all key contacts.
  - We request that institutions return their sample file to the Social Research Centre by no later than **18 June** to allow for sample processing, testing and quality assurance checks. We are grateful if you can return the sample earlier than 18 June, which would allow more time for us to work with you to resolve any issues in your sample.
  - Data collection must be ready to commence when Authentication opens on 27 July. The limited flexibility around launch proceedings means that data quality risks being compromised if timelines are compressed, or that other institutions are impacted by a delayed start date potentially impacting response maximisation activity and the overall response rate. Please familiarise yourself with ‘Table 1 2021 SES summary timeline’.

- If your institution chooses to provide telephone numbers for students, it is considered that your institution consents to students receiving SMS during fieldwork. These generally commence from the second week of fieldwork.

- Institutions are expected to send their own hardcopy letter or email to arrive in the week before the survey officially opens. This institution led contact adds a sense of legitimacy so when students receive an email or SMS they will not think it is spam. Contact with students should be advised to the Social Research Centre (refer ‘Section 4 Response maximisation’).

- We ask that qilt@srcentre.com.au is included in the send list for any communications. This enables us to effectively track supporting activities’ impact on response maximisation and ensure the content messaging is consistent with the broader QILT study.
• Please proactively manage your institution’s social media so students are aware of the importance of the SES (Refer to ‘Section 4.3 Engagement activity plan').

• Please update us with any changes to your personnel or the availability of staff, especially during the sample preparation and fieldwork periods.
Checklist

Please note and ensure the following are completed:

- Confirm participation and nominated additional fee-for-service activities.
- Minimise respondent burden by considering other potentially conflicting surveys of the student population.
- Use the comments sheet in the sample to provide context where appropriate to what you have provided (for example, if you can only provide one email address because your institution has introduced a new IT system, please include this).
- Submit your final sample by the due date.
- Ensure all contact details and course details are correct for the sample member, that is, the email, phone number and other details align with correct name. A simple way to check is manually review a selection of records at the top, in the middle and at the bottom of your sample.
- Advise the Social Research Centre of any possible contextual issues that should be considered as part of survey deployment.
- Liaise with your IT team to ensure whitelisting is in place.
- Send pre-survey awareness raising correspondence to students.
- Prepare social media, website, newsletters and LMS, etc.
- Commence engagement activities (such as posters and in lecture slides).
1. Introduction and overview

1.1 Background and objectives

The focus of the Student Experience Survey (SES) is on understanding the student experience through measuring the levels of engagement and satisfaction of current higher education undergraduate and postgraduate coursework students in Australia. The survey has been designed to provide reliable, valid and generalisable information on the student experience to the Australian Government and to higher education providers.

More detailed information on the SES can be found here: https://www.qilt.edu.au/about-this-site/student-experience.

The specific research objectives of the SES are to measure five key aspects of the student experience:

1. Skills development
2. Learner engagement
3. Teaching quality
4. Student support
5. Learning resources

The SES is a survey of all commencing and completing onshore undergraduate and postgraduate coursework students enrolled in Australian higher education institutions and is administered under the Quality Indicators for Learning and Teaching (QILT) survey suite, commissioned by the Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment (the department). The Social Research Centre is working with higher education providers and key stakeholders to administer the SES.

Historically, the sample of students was provided by the department and sourced through institutional reporting into the Higher Education Information Management System (HEIMS). HEIMS is being replaced by the Tertiary Collection of Student Information (TCSI) in 2021 but TCSI onboarding and the submission of student data into TCSI by onboarded institutions are progressing slower than anticipated. The department has advised that a data extract from TCSI at this point would not provide sufficient coverage for the SES population sample. As such, all institutions participating in the 2021 SES are asked to provide their sample to the Social Research Centre via a full template.

For most institutions, the SES is conducted during an August collection. There is also a smaller September collection for institutions operating a trimester calendar – refer ‘Section 2.2 In-scope audience and reference period’.

1.2 Summary timeline

The schedule for the 2021 SES collection is shown at Table 1. These timings may be required to change subject to stakeholder changes, methodological learnings and operational requirements.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key milestones</th>
<th>Responsible</th>
<th>Date (2021 unless otherwise stated)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Send out templates to institutions</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Thursday 20 May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collection and Sample Guide distributed to institutions</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Thursday 20 May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marketing Pack distributed to institutions</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Thursday 20 May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institutions prepare template file</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Friday 21 May – Friday 18 June (note 14 June is Queen’s Birthday public holiday in some states)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASF distributed to institutions</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Monday 24 May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institutions to confirm participation in the SES and nominate key contacts</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Monday 31 May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional populations nominated by institutions</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Monday 7 June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All completed templates to be returned by institutions (earlier returns much appreciated)</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Friday 18 June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional questions nominated by institutions</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Monday 28 June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample absolutely finalised by institutions (no additional samples to be added after this date)</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Tuesday 29 June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional questions (MS Word) approved by institutions</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Friday 9 July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proposed variations to engagement activity plan to the Social Research Centre</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Monday 12 July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional questions scripted and online survey test link provided to institutions for testing</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Friday 16 July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authentication survey entry opens</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Tuesday 27 July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soft launch – Online fieldwork</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Tuesday 27 July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main launch – Online fieldwork</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Thursday 29 July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone follow up nominated by institutions</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Monday 9 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main close – Online fieldwork period ends</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Sunday 29 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course coding checks</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Friday 10 September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Online fieldwork - Coding queries sent to institutions</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Friday 10 September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Online fieldwork - Coding queries to be returned</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Friday 17 September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post fieldwork - Coding queries sent to institutions</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td>Wednesday 15 September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post fieldwork - Coding queries to be returned</td>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>Wednesday 22 September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Final institutional reports and data outputs</strong></td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td><strong>Friday 7 January 2022</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institutional files</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td><strong>TBC</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UA reports</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td><strong>TBC</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IHEA reports</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td><strong>TBC</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National reports</td>
<td>SRC</td>
<td><strong>TBC</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.3 Privacy provisions

All aspects of this research will be undertaken in accordance with the Privacy Act (1988) and the Australian Privacy Principles contained therein, the Privacy (Market and Social Research) Code 2014, the Australian Market and Social Research Society’s Code of Professional Practice, ISO 20252 standards and the ethical guidelines laid out in the Australian Code for the Responsible Conduct of Research\(^1\). The Social Research Centre will also enter into a Deed of Confidentiality with institutions as required. The Deed of Confidentiality can be located on the QILT portal (www.qilt.edu.au/login) under QILT Resources > Deed of Confidentiality QILT.

1.4 Institutional support

General enquiries and all queries relating to sampling and sample files, file formats, any questions or feedback on the instrument, should be directed to the Social Research Centre’s QILT team. The team can be contacted on (03) 9236 8500 or by emailing qilt@srcentre.com.au. We will endeavour to get back to you by the next working day – even if only to acknowledge receipt of your communication.

Please note that the ‘qilt@srcentre.com.au’ email is for institutions only. We make available a separate ‘ses@srcentre.com.au’ email for students.

2. Target audience and sample provision

2.1 An overview of the sample preparation process for the 2021 SES

- No change to sample scope from 2020. See ‘Section 2.2 In-scope audience and reference period’.
- Full population templates for all participating institutions. There will be no data reconciliation from HEIMS or TCSI during data processing.
- Full population template will be distributed to institutions on Thursday 20 May.
- The template for universities includes three EFTSL related variables. SRC will use these to calculate STAGE for scoping and reporting.
- The template for NUHEIs does not contain the three EFTSL related variables, and STAGE will be derived from CompletingFlag and E534.
- All completed templates are required to be returned to SRC by Friday 18 June.
- SRC will process the templates, calculate STAGE and cross-check against CompletingFlag.
- Once sample processing has been finalised, SRC will distribute the sample selections and targets to all institutions in the week beginning 12 July. Universities are asked to review the final STAGE estimation and contact SRC as soon as possible if they spot any issues in the final STAGE estimation. See ‘Section 2.6 Reviewing STAGE estimate (universities only)’.

2.2 In-scope audience and reference period

Students are in-scope for the 2021 SES if they are:

- enrolled in an undergraduate or a postgraduate by coursework course
- studying onshore or had intended to study onshore as international students but are currently located offshore studying online due to COVID-19 restrictions
- enrolled in and completed at least one full teaching period of the course by 27 July 2021 (e.g. completed one semester or one trimester or one teaching block), and
- either in the first or final year of their course of study in the case of university students.

Students attending offshore campuses of Australian higher education providers and students who were residing overseas for the term / semester and undertaking an external program of study at the institution via distance education or online are normally not in-scope for the QILT surveys. However, some students, who had originally intended to study onshore in 2021, are currently offshore and undertaking their studies online due to COVID-19 restrictions. These students are in-scope for the 2021 SES. Students who are attending offshore campuses of Australian higher education providers and had not intended to study onshore in 2021 are to remain out-of-scope of the SES. However, they can be included in the survey as an additional population on a fee for service basis (see ‘Section 3.3 Adding additional populations’ for further information).

A very small number of universities participating in the SES have sufficiently large strata that a full census of first and final year students is not necessary to achieve the required number of completes...
for student data to be reportable at the desired level of precision. A census is still preferred in this scenario, as it simplifies response maximisation activities and avoids excluding students who, while not necessarily required for reporting of SES strata, may be included in a sub-population of interest to the institution in their internal analysis.

Where an institution prefers not to undertake a census of in-scope students, a random sample is taken for sufficiently large strata. Details of the stratification and sampling approach are provided in Appendix A.

2.3 The population file

Historically, the SES has used a centralised approach to sampling based on Submission 1 data extracted from the Higher Education Information Management System (HEIMS).

With the discontinuation of HEIMS and the implementation of the new Tertiary Collection of Student Information (TCSI) in 2021, the original plan was to base the 2021 SES sample on a data extract from TCSI. Unfortunately, the department has advised that TCSI onboarding and the submission of student data by institutions into TCSI are further behind than anticipated and an extract from TCSI at this stage would not provide sufficient coverage for the SES sample. As such, all institutions participating in the 2021 SES are asked to populate the full population template provided by the Social Research Centre. The templates contain all the data elements required for survey scoping and reporting.

There are two versions of the template – one for universities, and a slightly shorter one for NUHEIs excluding the three EFTSL and related data elements.

Table 2 provides an overview of the data elements in the template that will be required for each student.

Information about the data elements contained in both the university and NUHEI templates can be found in Appendix B.

Information about the two EFTSL data elements and E560 are in Appendix C.

Completed templates are due to be returned to the Social Research Centre by Friday 18 June.

Table 2 Data elements required in the 2021 SES full population template

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Variable Label</th>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E306</td>
<td>Provider code</td>
<td>F4</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E306C</td>
<td>Higher Education Provider name</td>
<td>A75</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
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<td>E313</td>
<td>Student identification code</td>
<td>A10</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E584</td>
<td>Unique Student Identifier</td>
<td>A10</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E488</td>
<td>Commonwealth Higher Education Student Support Number (CHESSN)</td>
<td>A10</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E307</td>
<td>Course code</td>
<td>A10</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E308</td>
<td>Course name</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>E310</td>
<td>Course of study type</td>
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<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E350</td>
<td>Course of study load</td>
<td>F3</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E455</td>
<td>Combined course of study indicator</td>
<td>F5</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E461</td>
<td>Field of education code</td>
<td>F6</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E462</td>
<td>Field of education supplementary code</td>
<td>F6</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E314</td>
<td>Date of birth</td>
<td>A10</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E315</td>
<td>Gender code</td>
<td>A1</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E316</td>
<td>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander code</td>
<td>F1</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E327</td>
<td>Basis for admission code</td>
<td>F2</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E329</td>
<td>Mode of attendance code</td>
<td>F1</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E346</td>
<td>Country of birth code</td>
<td>F4</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Essentiality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E347</td>
<td>Year of arrival in Australia</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E348</td>
<td>Language spoken at home code</td>
<td>F4</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E358</td>
<td>Citizen resident code</td>
<td>F1</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E490</td>
<td>Student Status code</td>
<td>F3</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E573</td>
<td>Highest educational attainment parent 1</td>
<td>F2</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E574</td>
<td>Highest educational attainment parent 2</td>
<td>F2</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E615</td>
<td>Disability code</td>
<td>F2</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E330</td>
<td>Type of attendance code</td>
<td>F1</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E534</td>
<td>Course of study commencement date</td>
<td>A10</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENRLSTAT</td>
<td>Current enrolment status</td>
<td>F1</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IntendedLocation</td>
<td>Flag whether the student was enrolled as an onshore or offshore student, regardless of actual location.</td>
<td>F1</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CurrentEFTSL</td>
<td>Total enrolled EFTSL in the first half of 2021</td>
<td>F11.9</td>
<td>Essential – universities only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HistoricalEFTSL</td>
<td>Aggregated EFTSL from units completed prior to 2021</td>
<td>F11.9</td>
<td>Essential – universities only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E560</td>
<td>Total EFTSL from other sources (e.g. RPL, credit transfer)</td>
<td>F5.3</td>
<td>Essential – universities only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CompletingFlag</td>
<td>Flag students who are expected to complete their course by 31 July 2022</td>
<td>F1</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FACULTY</td>
<td>Faculty or Organisational Unit</td>
<td>A100</td>
<td>Optional*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAMPUS</td>
<td>Campus where studies based</td>
<td>A100</td>
<td>Optional*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E403</td>
<td>Student given name - first</td>
<td>A100</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E402</td>
<td>Student surname</td>
<td>A100</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E320</td>
<td>Residential address postcode</td>
<td>F4</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E469</td>
<td>Residential address suburb</td>
<td>A100</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E470</td>
<td>Residential address state</td>
<td>A100</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E658</td>
<td>Residential address country code</td>
<td>F4</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAIL1</td>
<td>Student email address</td>
<td>A100</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAIL2</td>
<td>Student email address 2</td>
<td>A100</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHONE1</td>
<td>Student phone number</td>
<td>A20</td>
<td>Essential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHONE2</td>
<td>Student phone number 2</td>
<td>A20</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHONE3</td>
<td>Student phone number 3</td>
<td>A20</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHONE4</td>
<td>Student phone number 4</td>
<td>A20</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Optional overall but essential if your institution would like to analyse data by Faculty and Campus.

2.4 Please note the following when completing the population template

- Do not include new mid-year intakes in the sample file. These students are out-of-scope because they will not have been enrolled in the course to be surveyed for one teaching period by 27 July. Please contact the Social Research Centre at qilt@srcentre.com.au if you are unsure about the in-scope population for the SES.

- Some students may withdraw from their original course in Semester 1 and transfer to another course in Semester 2. Please do not provide the students’ Semester 2 course information in the sample file. Students will confirm the course of enrolment in the survey course screener questions in Module A.

- If students are concurrently enrolled in two different course codes, please include both enrolments as separate records.
• We want to avoid contacting students who are no longer enrolled at your institution. Our preference is for these students to be excluded from the template. However, if it is easier for you to include these students in the file, those that should not be contacted for the survey should be flagged in ENRLSTAT as appropriate.

• If your institution is considering post-field telephone activity and would like the Social Research Centre to target potential respondents by Faculty or Campus, these variables must be included in the sample file. If they are to be included, both Faculty and Campus must be provided in the sample file as a text value. Please note that there will be a cost involved if an institution does not provide Faculty and Campus information during sample preparation but would like the Social Research Centre to append this information to the output or population file (or to historical data files) after the survey data have been processed.

• Please ensure the course information (E307, E308, E310, E350, E455, E461, E462) that you provide in the population template aligns with the information that your institution is (or will be) submitting to TCSI.

2.5 Populating the EFTSL and related variables in the template for universities (this is not required for NUHEIs)

2.5.1 Why is this required
Equivalent Full-Time Student Load (EFTSL) is defined in the Higher Education Support Act 2003 (HESA) [s169-27] as an equivalent full-time student load. It is a measure of the study load, for a year, of a student undertaking a course of study on a full-time basis, where the student undertakes a standard program of studies.

We use the provided EFTSL information associated with students’ previously completed and currently enrolled units to classify students as either Commencing, Completing or Middle years.

For universities, only Commencing and Completing students are in-scope for the SES.
For NUHEIs, Middle years students are also in-scope for the SES.

Information about the two EFTSL variables and E560 can be found in Appendix C.

2.5.2 Stage of Studies overview
The STAGE variable in the SES population data denotes the stage of studies (i.e. Commencing, Completing or Middle years) for survey eligibility and reporting of survey results.

Commencing student (STAGE = 1)
As defined in TCSI – a student is a commencing student if they have enrolled in the course for the first time at the higher education provider or an antecedent higher education provider between 1 January and 31 December of the collection year. See Glossary term | TCSI Support
Completing / Final year students (STAGE = 2)
There is no indicator in TCSI that can be used to identify a completing or final year student. For the purposes of the 2021 SES, a completing or final year student is expected to complete their current course of study by 31 July 2022.

Middle year students (STAGE = 3)
Any student who is not a commencing or completing/final year student is defined as a middle year student.

Full details of the STAGE calculation algorithm can be found in Appendix D. Institutions are not required to calculate STAGE.

2.6 Reviewing STAGE estimate (universities only)

The STAGE calculation is an estimate of a student’s stage of study in their course. Although only an approximation (as shown in Appendix D), STAGE is an important scoping variable for universities.

To help determine the most accurate estimation of STAGE in the absence of a validated extract from the department, the SRC will provide universities at least two opportunities to review the STAGE estimation before the survey commences. This includes an initial estimate of STAGE upon the SRC receiving the institution’s sample file, as well as the final estimate at the unit record level in the sample selections and targets file.

It is important that universities review the STAGE estimate provided by SRC and raise any issues with us as soon as possible.
3. Data collection

3.1 The standard SES instrument

The core SES focuses on five components of the student experience:

- Skills development
- Learner engagement
- Quality teaching
- Student support
- Learning resources.

These components have been operationalised into closed items with the exception of two open-ended questions that invite students to report on the best aspects of their higher education experience and the aspects of their higher education experience that need improvement. The SES instrument also includes an international student module designed to measure the experience of international students in Australia, including their reasons for studying here, as well as their satisfaction with various aspects of life in Australia.

The instrument also collects data relating to each course element if the student is enrolled in a combined or double degree.

3.2 Adding additional questions

Institutions can include non-standard, institution-specific questions towards the end of the instrument on a fee-for-service arrangement. All questions need to be reviewed for wording and conceptual overlap with existing items. The fee is calculated on an individual basis depending on the questions and requirements of the institution – arrangements are outlined in the Additional Questions fact sheet in the general resources section of the QILT website (log in to the Provider Portal, and click on QILT Resources, and select Information guides). Costs presume that institutions will draft the questions and we will work with you to operationalise the wording and response frames for an online survey. The additional questions will be documented in a MS Word document for your approval prior to programming into the online survey format. Costs allow for two iterations of revisions to finalise. An administrative fee will apply to include the questions in subsequent years to recognise the ongoing maintenance and checking required.

Refer to ‘Table 1 2021 SES summary timeline’ for the final date to nominate additional questions and to approve the wording, response options and structure. Remember to use your PASF to register for additional questions. If you need this form sent to you again please contact the Social Research Centre at qilt@srcentre.com.au.

3.2.1 COVID-19 items

In 2020, the Social Research Centre, in consultation with the sector, developed a set of COVID-19 items designed to help institutions measure the impact of the pandemic on the student experience. If you are interested in including some of the COVID-19 items (or a variation of them) in the 2021 SES, please get in touch with us at qilt@srcentre.com.au Please note, inclusion of the COVID-19 items is on a fee-for-service basis.

3.2.2 Survey testing

The Social Research Centre will program additional questions in the online survey format and provide institutions a survey link for testing. We require testing and sign off on additional questions from relevant
institutions – if we are unable to contact you or do not hear back from you by the due date, we will presume the questions are approved as provided.

Refer to ‘Table 1 2021 SES summary timeline’ for dates from which the programmed additional questions will be available to test and when sign-off on the online survey test link is required.

3.3 Adding additional populations

Institutions can include out-of-scope populations or any sub-group of students who fall outside of the in-scope population for the SES. Further information and fees are presented in the Additional Populations fact sheet in the general resources section of the QILT website (log in to the Provider Portal, and click on QILT Resources, and select Information guides).
4. **Response maximisation**

4.1 **Basic principles**

The core QILT methodology has been designed to ensure a robust approach to data collection and to maximise the response for institutions and the overall project. A centralised and consistent methodology is important for ensuring the integrity of results and standard response maximisation activities include in field reminder emails and SMS. These are not customisable features of the approach lest the research methodology become inconsistent.

Institution led awareness raising and engagement activities such as use of marketing materials, media campaigns and incentives heavily support the core response maximisation activities. Supporting materials for the range of student engagement initiatives outlined in this section are available to survey managers through the Marketing Pack.

Some basic guidelines apply:

- **Awareness raising and engagement:**
  - Institutions should send a pre-survey awareness raising letter or email. This correspondence should say upfront how sample member details are provided, the importance of this government commissioned work and introduce the Social Research Centre.
  - Institutions should not send actual survey links in any correspondence.
  - Any direct correspondence with sample members during the online fieldwork period should be discussed with the Social Research Centre and the materials provided.

- **Prize draws:**
  - Institutions are welcome to consider their own incentives; however, they need to advise the Social Research Centre of any planned activities to ensure they are completely independent and do not interfere with the standard methodology or prize draw terms and conditions. Institutions are responsible for meeting all relevant gaming and lottery legislation.
  - No monetary or financial prizes are permitted, however, tangible prizes can generally be expected to be in-scope, for example, institutional branded hoodies, dinner vouchers, etc. There has been some discussion in the past regarding laptops. We suggest consideration be given to whether sample members can already be expected to have technology and devices of their choice and if this is a worthwhile investment.
  - Refer ‘4.6.4 Incentivisation’ for more detail on the core prize draw process.

- **Social media:**
  - Proactively use your institution’s social media to raise awareness of the importance of the SES and let students know they’ll be receiving a survey invitation from the Social Research Centre.
  - Social media is prevalent and provides a readily available means to communicate to large groups of people. This means negative comments from a small minority of sample members can gain significant momentum, but it also provides an opportunity for institutions to proactively engage with sample members during the:
    - pre-survey phase as part of raising awareness, explaining the purpose and why the research is so important.
in field phase as part of thanking those who have already participated, discussing email and telephone reminders, how the data is used and that all contact has the opportunity for sample members to opt-out.

end of survey phase to thank everyone for helping to make a difference and how they can access the reports and data on the QILT website.

4.2 Institutional engagement

4.2.1 Guide to marketing the SES

This section is focussed on the effective and appropriate usage of SES branded marketing materials. The objective is to raise awareness of the SES and facilitate survey participation.

Based on our experiences with survey administration we aim to use a set of established strategies that are proven to support solid response rates from students including emails and an appropriate incentive program. These strategies perform best when supported by institution-based promotion as well as an innovative social media campaign. Refer ‘4.3 Engagement activity plan’, which outlines key dates and materials to use throughout the fieldwork period.

There are four distinct periods that dictate the use of assets and promotional activities:

- Pre-survey awareness institution-branded letter, posted Tuesday 13 July at the earliest
- Pre-survey awareness campaign, Monday 19– Friday 23 July
- SES now open messaging, Tuesday 27 July at the earliest
- Last chance to complete the SES, Monday 23 August

Engagement materials will be distributed to institutions and will include:

- Social media tiles: Artwork and copy for social media posts are available to be shared on institutional pages. There are ten social media tiles with varying images and text, along with five captions that can be used at different time points throughout fieldwork. Please refer to the Marketing Pack User Guide for further information on suggested timeframes and captions.

- Posters: There are four posters provided that are suitable for printing in A3 and A4 formats. The posters have the same text but different images and come in two different formats. Please choose the file type that best suits your situation.

- Web tiles: Multiple sizes of web tiles (MREC, Leaderboard, Skyscraper) featuring SES branding and messaging.

- LMS tiles: Three tiles that can be embedded on your LMS home page with a link to http://www.ses.edu.au/. Lecture slides: Six lecture slides have been provided for use in lectures and tutorials. Some explanatory text for lecturers has been included in the user guide. A set of co-branded slides has also been provided so institutions can include their branding or tailor messaging.

- Pull up banners: Three pull up banners with varying images have been provided in high resolution format. The banners are suitable for professional printing and are recommended for display around campus.

4.2.2 Pre-field awareness institution-branded letter or email

It is expected that institutions send an early awareness raising letter or email to assure students of the legitimacy of the survey. Most institutions should have the facilities to conduct this in-house and it is
recommended that institutions begin to organise this early. Signatories such as the Vice Chancellor or faculty heads can be expected to have the biggest impact. This particular engagement activity can be institution-branded (i.e., institutional logo with QILT logos). Institutions are asked to notify the Social Research Centre of the content and date of delivery of the letter or email. We will also provide a template in the Marketing Pack.

4.3 Engagement activity plan

The Social Research Centre has created a best-practice engagement activity plan based on the effectiveness of structured and well-timed engagement during several trial QILT projects and iterations of QILT surveys. Institutions will be asked to adhere to the activity plan below. Variations to the activities outlined in the SES Engagement Activity Plan are only permitted upon agreement with the Social Research Centre. Refer to ‘Section 1.2 Summary timeline’ for the final date to propose variations to the engagement activity plan.

Table 3 Standard 2021 SES Engagement Activity Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Social Research Centre</th>
<th>How institutions can help</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>In the lead-up to the launch: 12 July – Awareness Campaign</strong></td>
<td>• Send awareness letter/email from your institution to all in-scope selections with the aim of it landing during the week of 12 July. Primary approach letters and emails are effective in terms of legitimacy and can be carried out in-house (Refer to ‘SES to students letter_Awareness’ &amp; ‘SES to students email_Awareness’ in the Marketing Pack and the ‘Institutional hardcopy mail out fact sheet’ on the provider portal).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>In the lead-up to the launch: 19 – 23 July – Awareness Campaign</strong></td>
<td>• Create a web presence for SES (or update a previous SES information page) on institutional website under ‘current surveys’ or similar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Send an email to staff alerting to SES participation and encourage use of in-class slides (Refer to ‘SES to staff email_Awareness’ email and the ‘Lecture Slides’ folder in the Marketing Pack)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Send an email from the Vice Chancellor to students advising of the SES (Refer to ‘SES to students email_Awareness’);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Use your institution’s social media platforms to promote the survey (e.g. Facebook, Twitter, Instagram). Refer to Marketing Pack User Guide for social media tiles, suggested timings and captions or <a href="http://www.facebook.com/QILT1/">www.facebook.com/QILT1/</a>);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Upload webtiles to your website for the duration of the fieldwork period (Refer to the user guide on how to use webtiles);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Place a general announcement on your institution’s LMS for the duration of the fieldwork period (refer to the Marketing Pack User Guide on how to use LMS tiles);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Advertise the SES in newsletters (or similar) (Refer to Posters, Webtiles, or Lecture Slides);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Ensure whitelisting strategies are in place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Online survey launch: Week commencing 26 July – Open Campaign</strong></td>
<td>• Use your institution’s social media platforms to promote the survey (e.g. Facebook, Twitter, Instagram), raising awareness, explaining the purpose and why the research is so important.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Thursday 29 July</strong></td>
<td>Email invitation will be sent to all students sampled for inclusion in the SES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Saturday 31 July</strong></td>
<td>The Social Research Centre Reminder email #1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Week commencing Monday 2 August – Open Campaign</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Activity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Monday 2 August</td>
<td>Post a reminder on your institution’s website.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use your institution’s social media platforms to promote the survey (e.g. Facebook, Twitter, Instagram), raising awareness, explaining the purpose and why the research is so important (see SES Marketing Pack User Guide for suggested caption and social media tiles).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thursday 5 August</td>
<td>Check to see if your institution has any prize winners on the QILT Facebook page and share this if so (Refer to <a href="http://www.facebook.com/QILT1">www.facebook.com/QILT1</a>).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monday 9 August</td>
<td>Use your institution’s social media platforms to promote the survey (e.g. Facebook, Twitter, Instagram), thanking those who have already participated, discussing email and telephone reminders, how the data is used and that all contact has the opportunity for sample members to opt-out.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friday 13 August</td>
<td>Check to see if your institution has any prize winners on the QILT Facebook page and share this if so (Refer to <a href="http://www.facebook.com/QILT1">www.facebook.com/QILT1</a>);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Send out a mid-field email from the Vice Chancellor / Faculty head. Remember to remove any completes and opt outs using the download from the reporting module (Refer to ‘SES to students email_mid_survey’).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monday 16 August</td>
<td>Use your institution’s social media platforms to promote the survey (e.g. Facebook, Twitter, Instagram). Check to see if your institution has any prize winners on the QILT Facebook page and share this if so (Refer to <a href="http://www.facebook.com/QILT1">www.facebook.com/QILT1</a>);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friday 20 August</td>
<td>Send out a mid-field email from the Vice Chancellor / Faculty head. Remember to remove any completes and opt outs using the download from the reporting module (Refer to ‘SES to students email_mid_survey’).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monday 23 August</td>
<td>Use your institution’s social media platforms to promote the survey (e.g. Facebook, Twitter, Instagram), absolute last chance to participate, thank everyone for helping to make a difference and how they can access the reports and data on the QILT and ComparED websites.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thursday 26 August</td>
<td>Check to see if your institution has any prize winners on the QILT Facebook page and share this if so. Refer to <a href="http://www.facebook.com/QILT1">www.facebook.com/QILT1</a>;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Post a reminder on your website.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4.4 Social media campaign

A modest social media campaign will be conducted through the QILT Facebook and Instagram accounts and will be managed by the Social Research Centre. Survey managers are encouraged to share QILT posts, if possible.

### 4.5 Institutional web presence

The Social Research Centre recommends creating or updating a web presence for the SES to assure students of the legitimacy of the survey, as well as provide a reference point for students to access general information about the SES. Please use the logo provided in the Marketing Pack. For general information please include a link to www.qilt.edu.au/surveys/SES on your website.
4.6 Standard QILT response maximisation activities

4.6.1 Email invitations and reminders

Authentication is a process where sample members can log into a generic link to allow entry into the survey by using a first name, student ID and date of birth to validate themselves as a legitimate sample member. A unique survey link is generated and sent to their email of choice. Authentication opens at the same time as the soft launch, that is, two days before the main fieldwork period.

All institutions will follow the same fieldwork period for the 2021 SES; as such, the reminder schedule will be uniform across all institutions. Prior to each communication the Social Research Centre will remove students who have completed the survey or opted out of further follow up from email communications.

The reminder schedule is based on sound operational experience, and has been used across various trial surveys, as well as the SES with success. Given that centralisation of data collection for the SES is designed to provide more robust, consistent and comparable data, the methodology cannot be altered without impacting on comparability. Requests to modify the email schedule cannot be accommodated unless there are especially unique circumstances and will involve an approval process with the department. The SES sample collects up to four email addresses. All email addresses that are provided will be used from the beginning of fieldwork – our analysis has shown that almost half of completed surveys were opened initially from a non-institutional email address. The email schedule and prize draw dates are outlined in Table 4. In compliance with the Australian Privacy Principles and the SPAM Act, all emails and SMS have the functionality for recipients to unsubscribe.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fieldwork starts / email invite sent - NUHEI (Email 1 and Email 2)</td>
<td>Tuesday 27 July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fieldwork starts / email invite sent - Uni (Email 1 and Email 2)</td>
<td>Thursday 29 July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 1 preparation and sending</td>
<td>Saturday 31 July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 2 preparation and sending</td>
<td>Monday 2 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIZE DRAW 1 CLOSE</td>
<td>Monday 2 August (11:59pm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIZE DRAW 1 CONDUCTED</td>
<td>Wednesday 4 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 3 preparation and sending</td>
<td>Thursday 05 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 4 preparation and sending + SMS 1</td>
<td>Monday 9 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIZE DRAW 2 CLOSE</td>
<td>Monday 9 August (11:59pm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIZE DRAW 2 CONDUCTED</td>
<td>Wednesday 11 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 5 preparation and sending</td>
<td>Friday 13 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 6 preparation and sending + SMS 2</td>
<td>Monday 16 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIZE DRAW 3 CLOSE</td>
<td>Monday 16 August (11:59pm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIZE DRAW 3 CONDUCTED</td>
<td>Wednesday 18 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 7 preparation and sending</td>
<td>Friday 20 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 8 preparation and sending</td>
<td>Monday 23 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS 3</td>
<td>Monday 23 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIZE DRAW 4 CLOSE</td>
<td>Monday 23 August (11:59pm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIZE DRAW 4 CONDUCTED</td>
<td>Wednesday 25 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email reminder 9 preparation and sending</td>
<td>Thursday 26 August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Online collection closes</td>
<td>Sunday 29 August</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.6.2 Whitelisting and spam mitigation

All conduct related to email contact and follow up with students will be carried out by the Social Research Centre using an internal email platform. To ensure that all email correspondence has the best possible chance of being received by students, institutions should follow the whitelisting processes as outlined below:

- ‘Whitelist’ emails from the following domain: srcentre.com.au
- It can also help to whitelist the actual email address: ses@srcentre.com.au
- Whitelist server name that email originates from. Hostname ending in ‘emdbms.com’

Other useful information:

- The return-path is ‘research.srcentre.com.au’
- IP address ranges that the SES emails will be sent from:
  - 103.69.164.0/22 and
  - 118.127.20.128/25

Examples of relevant mail headers

- Return-Path: ca0a847.a83403.16000191.1@research.srcentre.com.au
- Received: from mail164-229.au164.emdbms.com (103.69.164.229) by …
- …. (envelope-from <ca0a847.a83403.16000191.1@research.srcentre.com.au>
- From: “The QILT team” ses@srcentre.com.au

Email subject headings (indicative text below)\(^2\):

- Authentication: Student Experience Survey – Your details have been verified
- Invitation: Student Experience Survey – Share your experiences to help current and future students
- Reminder 1: Student Experience Survey – Your feedback is important
- Reminder 2: Student Experience Survey – Prize draw closes tonight
- Reminder 3: Student Experience Survey – Help improve your institution
- Reminder 4: Student Experience Survey – You could win $1,000 for your feedback
- Reminder 5: Student Experience Survey – Your insights can benefit future students
- Reminder 6: Student Experience Survey – We know you’ve received several emails!
- Reminder 7: Australian Government wants to hear from you in the Student Experience Survey
- Reminder 8: Student Experience Survey – Final prize draw closes tonight
- Reminder 9: Student Experience Survey – Final chance to complete

4.6.3 SMS

\(^2\) The Social Research Centre may vary subject headings depending on needs arising during fieldwork.
The Social Research Centre uses SMS during fieldwork to augment email contact and target underperforming areas as required. If your institution chooses to provide mobile numbers, it is considered that your institution consents to the students receiving SMS. We expect to send between one and three SMS’ across the online fieldwork period. The SMS would include a short link to the online survey. In compliance with the Australian Privacy Principles and the SPAM Act, all SMS’ identify us as from the Social Research Centre, what study the SMS is referring to and have the functionality for recipients to unsubscribe.

4.6.4 Incentivisation

All completing students will be entered into a national rolling prize draw in the SES. The national prize pool will total $32,000 across the August and September rounds. Each weekly prize pool will be made up of $1,000, $500 and $250 prepaid VISA gift cards. The prize pool is designed to encourage early completion, as early completers are entered into all remaining prize draws from the date of their survey submission.

All conduct related to the prize draw including permits, drawing of prizes, contacting winners, and advertising of winners will be carried out by the Social Research Centre. The terms and conditions of the prize pool will be available at www.srcentre.com.au/sestcs (this will be updated prior to SES fieldwork). The link to the terms and conditions will be inserted into email activity sent to students and can be included on a webpage presence. The key prize draw dates are included at ‘Table 4 2021 SES Response Maximisation Activities’. If you refer to the prize draw in any institutional marketing activities a link to the terms and conditions must be included.

Any additional incentivisation offered by institutions could affect the national incentive lotteries permits as secured by the Social Research Centre. If you would like to offer any type of incentive in addition to the national incentive offered by the Social Research Centre please get in contact prior to data collection so we can discuss options and work together to ensure we stay within the terms and conditions of the secured permits.

4.7 Fee-for-service response maximisation activities

The SES offers optional non-response follow up via telephone and SMS. The fee-for-service SMS will be in addition to the two SMS’ sent as part of the standard response maximisation activities and will be sent in the last week of fieldwork. Telephone non-response follow up takes place after the main online fieldwork period has closed.

4.7.1 Additional SMS

Institutions can nominate for an additional SMS to be sent in the last week of fieldwork. The additional SMS will be sent on the day of the final prize draw and will be tailored to include the name of your institution. Institutions can elect to send the message to all non-responders or provide a fixed budget to cap the number of messages to be sent. Where there is a fixed budget in place, the Social Research Centre will discuss any priority cohorts to be targeted prior to the send.

4.7.2 Telephone non-response follow up

The SES offers optional post online fieldwork telephone non-response follow up using the Social Research Centre’s in-house call centre. Telephone follow up will take place after online collection has closed.

The Social Research Centre is offering two types of telephone follow up; full CATI surveys or a telephone reminder call:

- The reminder call is designed to drive students to go online to complete the survey, maintaining methodological consistency and these responses will be included in aggregations published on the QILT website.
• The full CATI survey is completed over the phone at the time of call. These responses will not be reported nationally or appear on the QILT website; however, are included as a part of institutional files and institutional reports.

The Social Research Centre can provide a quote for telephone reminders or full telephone surveys on request. We are only able to accommodate definite bookings, as there are specific sample preparation and scripting processes that start prior to online fieldwork to enable the survey for telephone interviewing. Due to the set-up required, if telephone follow up is booked and then cancelled there will be a cancellation fee to cover these costs.

Refer to ‘Table 1 2021 SES summary timeline’ for the final date to nominate post-online fieldwork telephone activity. Remember to use your PASF to register for telephone based activity. If you need this form sent to you again please contact the Social Research Centre at qilt@srcentre.com.au.
5. **Fieldwork monitoring**

5.1 **Liaison**

Throughout the SES, the Social Research Centre team will aim for a transparent and collaborative process. Communications will be delivered on a one-on-one basis, as part of weekly institutional fieldwork updates and via the QILT newsletter and webinar series, depending upon individual needs.

5.2 **Real-time reporting**

The Social Research Centre is able to offer participating institutions real-time status reporting for the SES, meaning that, once fieldwork commences, institutions can monitor the progress of data collection, and readily engage in a discussion with the Social Research Centre project management team regarding targeted non-response follow up activities, as appropriate.

The standard reporting link for the online survey features:

- A summary of progress, in table format, by key variables such as study area, student year, gender and qualification.
- The capacity to download a csv file of survey progress for each student and analyse by course code, Field of Education, study area and gender, providing the flexibility to create tables or charts in Excel.
- The capacity to monitor completion status (completes, partial completes, disqualified).

A login will be assigned to your institution when fieldwork starts if your institution is new to QILT for the SES collection. Previously issued logins can be used at [https://data.srcentre.com.au/](https://data.srcentre.com.au/).
6. **Deliverables**

The following deliverables will be provided to institutions at the end of data processing for the 2021 SES collection.

6.1 **Benchmarking data file**

6.1.1 **Universities Australia**

These are time series national data files, with data going back to the start of SES (2012) and are distributed to institutions according to the data sharing agreement between universities that has been coordinated by Universities Australia (UA). These files contain respondent level data from all universities that signed up to the data sharing agreement. **The files do not contain data from NUHEIs and universities that are not UA members, and therefore will not sum to the data published in the SES National Report. The files also do not include institution specific fee-for-service items.** Only ‘members’ of Universities Australia receive a copy of the UA data file. To receive benchmarking data files, an institutional representative is required to apply for the file by completing the Department’s standard data request form which is available from the QILT website. Data releases are compliant with the privacy requirements of the Higher Education Support Act 2003 (HESA). Release dates of the UA data files and the UA Tableau workbook are set at the discretion of the department.

6.1.2 **Independent Higher Education Australia**

Members of Independent Higher Education Australia (IHEA) data sharing agreement receive a Tableau workbook containing their own data and de-identified data of all other IHEA member institutions that signed up to the agreement. Like the UA files, the release date of the IHEA Tableau packaged workbooks is set at the discretion of the department.

6.2 **Institutional data file**

Each institution receives an ‘institution-specific’ file at the conclusion of fieldwork. Since 2017, each institution receives two versions of the SES data file – one which accommodates data warehousing systems by appending new variables at the end of the file and another which places any new variables within their conceptual group. This file contains records and data items that are not available to all institutions as part of the National SES data file. Additional information available in the institutional data files can include:

- partially completed surveys
- non-SEQ data items (included at the request of the institution)
- non-SEQ student populations (included at the request of the institution); and
- SEQ surveys completed via CATI.

An institution’s file will contain collected data for all SES collections that they have participated in.

6.3 **Tableau packaged workbooks**

The Social Research Centre also provides Tableau packaged workbooks to enable institutions to interrogate the data more easily. The Tableau packaged workbook incorporates the report and underlying data in one package and allows institutions to easily ‘copy’ and ‘export’ charts and tables for local reporting. Institutions need a copy of the Tableau Reader to view the packaged workbook. The Tableau Reader can be downloaded free of charge from the Tableau website ([http://www.tableau.com/products/reader](http://www.tableau.com/products/reader)).
The Tableau packaged workbooks containing institutional data are released at the same time as the institution specific data files. Additional population and CATI completed survey data can be viewed from the Tableau packaged workbooks by selecting the appropriate filters. Institution specific data items are not included in Tableau packaged workbooks.

6.4 Verbatim responses

Verbatim responses for the current survey are provided as a separate file in csv and SPSS formats. These files do not contain time series data. SESIDs are included in these files to link cases between the data and verbatim files and facilitate easier use of the SEQuery text analyser tools. The text analyser thematically groups the institution’s ‘Best aspects’ and ‘Needs improvement’ open-ended items and is available on the QILT provider portal. (www.qilt.edu.au/login).
Appendix A  Sampling methodology

A very small number of universities participating in the SES have sufficiently large strata that a census of commencing and final year students is not necessary to achieve the required number of completes for student data to be reportable at the desired level of precision. This Appendix provides an overview of the sampling process where it is applicable.

It should be noted that even if an institution has sufficiently large enough strata, a census is still preferred as it simplifies response maximisation activities and avoids excluding students who, while not necessarily required for reporting of SES strata, may be included in a sub-population of interest to the institution in their internal analysis.

Sample frame
The preferred approach to sample selection is to use population data from TCSI to create sample frames for individual institutions. This ‘central’ approach minimises the likelihood of accidental bias being introduced to the sample selection process and ensures a nationally-consistent approach to sampling.

In the years where we need to use a template to source the survey population (e.g. in 2020 and 2021), the sample selection described in this section will be carried out by SRC after receiving the full population data provided via the template.

A stratified sampling approach with strata defined based on institution, course level, study area and stage is used. The 45 study areas used in 2016 will remain as the basis for sampling and fieldwork monitoring.

Where individual strata are large enough that a census is not required and the institution prefers not to undertake a census of in-scope students, the number of students to be sampled in each stratum will be calculated to achieve the target error band (±7.5 per cent at a 90 per cent level of confidence), with the previous collection’s response rates forming the basis of these calculations.

A sample of students will be taken after we receive verified data from the institution to minimise resampling issues. The sample selection will be checked against population parameters to ensure that appropriate proportions of gender, qualification, mode of attendance, broad field of education and citizenship characteristics are present in the sample.

Sample strata and students in combined/double degrees
The sampling strata are built on the 45 Study Areas. The strata appear in the population file as a numeric concatenation of your institution code (E306), the Stage at which the student was enrolled (commencing, final year and middle years; 01-03), the Study Area code (01-45) and the course level (undergraduate or postgraduate coursework, 01-02). For example, the code ‘2236012902’ refers to Curtin University of Technology (2236) where undergraduate level students (01) were enrolled in the Business Management study area (29) in their final year (02).

For quota management purposes, students in combined / double degrees were allocated to the Study Area with the fewest students. For example, a student in an Arts / Law course was typically allocated to a Law rather than an Arts stratum. They will still answer the SES for both degrees but at the quota management stage of proceedings, they only count towards Law. The rationale is that it will be easier to achieve a 35% response rate if the pool of potential respondents is higher. As there are fewer students in Law than Arts courses, it makes more sense to increase the pool of potential respondents in Law. Response rate reporting during fieldwork occurs at the student level. The syntax used to assign students in combined courses to their respective strata can be provided on request.
**Study area**

The sample frame is based on 45 study areas which collapse to the 21 Study Areas used on the QILT website. The Fields of Education (E461) within each of the 45 Study Areas are listed in Appendix E. The supplementary field of education code (E462) is used to assign courses undertaken by students in combined/double degrees to the second Study Area variable.
Appendix B  Variables in the population templates applicable to both universities and NUHEIs

This section contains a brief description of the data required from both universities and NUHEIs for each student for the 2021 SES.

Links to the TCSI support website have been provided for variables that are identical to the data elements required for TCSI reporting.

The data format and specific codes available for each variable can be found in the Data Map in the template.

Institution details

E306 – Higher Education Provider Code
Higher Education Provider code as issued by the department or by the Social Research Centre for the purpose of QILT. See Provider code | TCSI Support

E306C – Higher Education Provider Name
Higher Education Provider name for the purpose of QILT reporting.

Student Identifiers

E313 – Student ID
A code which uniquely identifies the student within the higher education provider and remains constant from year to year. See Student identification code | TCSI Support

E584 – Unique Student Identifier (USI)
A code assigned by the Department which uniquely identifies an individual. See Unique Student Identifier | TCSI Support

If the student does not have a USI or it is unknown, please leave this field blank.

E488 – Commonwealth Higher Education Student Support Number (CHESSN)
A code, allocated by the Department, which uniquely identifies the student and remains constant from year to year. See Commonwealth Higher Education Student Support Number (CHESSN) | TCSI Support

If the student does not have a CHESSN or it is unknown, populate file with ‘ZZZZZZZZ’.

Course details

E307 – Course code
A code which uniquely identifies each course within a provider. See Course code | TCSI Support

The course code format should follow TCSI submission format.

E308 – Course name
The full name of the course. See Course name | TCSI Support
E310 – Course of study type code
This variable indicates the type of higher education course. See Course of study type | TCSI Support
Note that only undergraduate students and postgraduate course work students are in-scope for the SES.

E350 – Course of study load
The total EFTSL in years required to complete this course of study. See Course of study load | TCSI Support
Examples
- A standard three-year full-time bachelor’s degree would have E350 = 3.0
- A standard one-year graduate diploma would have E350 = 1.0
Valid range for E350 is 0 – 9.9.

E455 – Combined course of study indicator
A code which indicates if a course of study is a combined course of study (i.e. a double degree). Valid values are TRUE and FALSE. See Combined course of study indicator | TCSI Support

E461 – Field of education code
A code identifying the field of education to which this course is classified. See Field of education code | TCSI Support
This field should be coded using the ABS’s Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED).

E462 – Field of education supplementary code
A code identifying the supplementary field of education to which a combined course is classified. See Field of education supplementary code | TCSI Support
This field should be coded using the ABS’s Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED).
Note that this field should only be populated for records with E455=1 (i.e. a combined course/ double degree).

Student demographics

E314 – Date of birth
Student date of birth in YYYY-MM-DD format. See Date of birth | TCSI Support
Date of birth is an optional variable in the template but is essential for students to participate in the survey via Authentication.

E315 – Gender code
A code which identifies the sex of a person. See Gender code | TCSI Support

E316 – Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander code
A code which identifies whether or not the student/applicant identifies herself or himself as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander descent. See Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander code | TCSI Support
E327 – Bases for admission code
A code which identifies the applicant background and, for those with recent secondary education, the main assessment pathway used by the education provider in making an offer of admission to a course. See Basis for admission code | TCSI Support

Note: This field only applies to commencing students. Non-commencing students should have this field populated with a ‘1’.

E329 – Mode of attendance code
A code which identifies the mode of attendance by which the student undertakes a unit of study. See Mode of attendance code | TCSI Support

E346 – Country of birth code
A code representing the country of birth of a student. This field should be coded using the ABS’s Standard Australian Classification of Countries (SACC), 2016, with three exceptions:

- 1100 – Student was born in Australia
- 9998 – No information on country for student who was born outside Australia
- 9999 – No information on whether born in Australia or not

Use code 9999 if you do not have access to this information. See Country of birth code | TCSI Support

E347 – Year of arrival in Australia
The year in which a student, not born in Australia, first arrived in Australia. This data element is only applicable to students not born in Australia and should be in the format YYYY. Other valid codes are:

- 9998 – No information on year of arrival
- 9999 – No information on whether student/applicant was born in Australia or not

Use code 9999 for students coded 9999 at E346. See Year of arrival in Australia | TCSI Support

E348 – Language spoken at home code
A code indicating use of a language other than English at the student's permanent home residence. This field should be coded using the ABS’s Australian Standard Classification of Languages (ASCL), 2016 with three exceptions:

- 0001 – Student speaks only English at permanent home residence
- 9999 – No information on whether or not a non-English language is spoken at permanent home residence by a student/applicant

Use code 9999 if you do not have access to this information. See Language spoken at home code | TCSI Support

E358 – Citizen resident/indicator
A code indicating a student's citizenship and residence status. See Citizen resident code | TCSI Support

E490 – Student status code
A code which indicates the student status for a unit of study. Please refer to Student Status code | TCSI Support for the permissible values for this variable.
E573 – Highest educational attainment of parent/guardian 1
A code which provides information about the highest educational attainment of the first parent or guardian as identified by the student. See Highest educational attainment parent 1 | TCSI Support
Note: This field only applies to commencing students – non-commencing students should have this field populated with a ‘1’.

E574 – Highest educational attainment of parent/guardian 2
A code which provides information about the highest educational attainment of the second parent or guardian as identified by the student. See Highest educational attainment parent 2 | TCSI Support
Note: This field only applies to commencing students – non-commencing students should have this field populated with a ‘1’.

E615 – Disability code
Disability code identifies the type(s) of disability, impairment, or long-term condition that a student indicates. See Disability code | TCSI Support.

Student enrolment details

E330 – Type of attendance code
A code which identifies whether a student is classified as full-time or part-time. See Type of attendance code | TCSI Support

E534 – Course of study commencement date
The date on which the student commenced the current course of study. This should be in the format YYYY-MM-DD. See Course of study commencement date | TCSI Support
Note: Students with a commencement date in the SES collection year are considered commencing students for survey scoping and reporting purposes.

ENRLSTAT – Current enrolment status
By default, this should be populated with a ‘0’ which denotes currently enrolled students.

We want to avoid contacting students who are no longer enrolled at your institution. Our preference is for these students to be excluded from the template. However, if it easier for you to include these students in the file, those that should not be contacted for the survey should be flagged using the following response categories.

0 = Enrolled
1 = Withdrew (i.e. student no longer enrolled at the institution)
2 = Graduated (i.e. student has completed the course mid-year)
3 = Deferred or Leave of absence
4 = to be excluded from the survey for other reasons as determined by the Institution
Students in categories 1 to 4 will not be contacted or included in the survey.
**IntendedLocation**

This is a flag to indicate whether the student was enrolled at your institution as an onshore or offshore student, regardless of their actual physical location. This variable is being included because of COVID-19 restrictions and international border closure. The permissible values are:

1 = Onshore
2 = Offshore

**CompletingFlag**

Flag students who are expected to complete their course by 31 July 2022. This is only intended to be an estimate and should be calculated in whatever manner is the easiest for your institution.

For universities - The Social Research Centre will use this to cross-check the provided EFTSL variables and the STAGE estimation. The CompletingFlag will not be used on its own to determine scope or to include or exclude students from the 2021 SES.

For NUHEIs – The Social Research Centre will use this to identify Completing/ Final year students for reporting. But note that both Middle years and Final year students are in-scope for the SES.

The permissible values for the CompletingFlag are:

- 0 = non-final year students
- 1 = final / completing year students (i.e. students who are expected to complete their course by 31 July 2022)

All commencing and middle years students should have CompletingFlag = 0 in their data.

**FACULTY and CAMPUS**

It is very useful for institutions to provide Faculty and / or Campus information for each student in the sample file to enable in field and post field reporting at these levels. This is optional.

If your institution is considering CATI and would like the Social Research Centre to target potential respondents by Faculty or Campus, these variables must be included in the sample file.

If they are to be included, both Faculty and Campus must be provided in the sample file as a text value.

Please note that there will be a cost involved if an institution does not provide Faculty and Campus information during sample preparation but would like to Social Research Centre to append this information to the output files (or to historical data files) after the survey data have been processed.

**Student contact details**

**E403 – Student given name first**

The first given name of the student. See Student given name first | TCSI Support

**E402 – Student family name**

The family name of the student. See Student family name | TCSI Support

**E320 – Residential address postcode**

The Australian postcode of the student’s residence. See Residential address postcode | TCSI Support

Use 0000 where there is no information on the residence.
E469 – Residential address suburb
The suburb of the student’s residence. See Residential address suburb | TCSI Support

E470 – Residential address state
The Australian state or territory of the student’s residence. See Residential address state | TCSI Support

E658 – Residential address country code
The overseas country code of the student’s residence. See Residential address country code | TCSI Support

EMAIL1, EMAIL2 – Email addresses
The SES is an online survey and requires students to have a valid email address to participate. Please append students’ institutional email address to the email column of the population file. We expect all students will have an institution email account. Please also include the students’ personal email address wherever possible. Email addresses should be included for all students in the file.

PHONE1, PHONE2, PHONE3, PHONE4 – Phone numbers
There are two purposes that phone numbers are used for in the SES:

SMS – the Social Research Centre uses SMS on a needs basis to target underperforming areas. If your institution chooses to provide mobile numbers, it is considered that your institution consents to the students receiving SMS unless you instruct us otherwise.

CATI – the option to carry out full CATI surveys and additional reminder calls is available on a fee-for-service basis. These are conducted after the online fieldwork period. Full CATI completed surveys will not be reported nationally, or in the UA files or appear on the QILT website; however, they are included in institutional data files and institutional Tableau reports.

Please provide phone numbers for all students who your institution consents us contacting via phone or SMS regardless of whether you intend to commission the Social Research Centre to undertake CATI. Obviously, telephone follow up and reminder calls cannot be undertaken without valid phone numbers.
Appendix C  EFTSL and related variables in the population template (Universities only)

The EFTSL related variables in this Appendix are used to calculate STAGE for university students, as discussed in Section 2.5. They are not required for NUHEIs.

If you have any issues providing these variables accurately in the template, please contact the QILT team as soon as possible to discuss alternatives.

CurrentEFTSL
The “current EFTSL” records the amount of EFTSL the student will receive as credit towards completion of this course from units that are fully completed in the first half of 2021. This corresponds to E339 in the Unit enrolment (HE) packet. See Equivalent Full–time student load | TCSI Support

Examples
- A full-time student enrolled in four standard units in the first half of 2021 would have CurrentEFTSL = 0.5
- A part-time student enrolled in two units in the first half of 2021 will have CurrentEFTSL = 0.25
- A student enrolled in a full semester intensive placement in the first half of 2021 may have 0.5 EFTSL for a single unit

If you are unsure about specific units please contact the QILT team to confirm their inclusion or exclusion.

HistoricalEFTSL
The total amount of EFTSL the student has completed as credit towards completion of this course up to 31 December 2020, excluding any credit recorded in E560 (e.g. recognition of prior learning, credit transfers).

Examples
- A full-time bachelor’s degree student who has completed two full years prior to 1 January 2021 will have a HistoricalEFTSL of 2.0
- A commencing student will have HistoricalEFTSL = 0.0

E560 – Credit used value
The amount of EFTSL the student has received as credit towards completion of this course from other sources. This might include recognition of prior learning, or credit transfers from other courses or institutions. See Credit used value | TCSI Support

Examples
- A student who completed 1 year of another related course before transferring to their current course will have E560 = 1.0, where all credits were eligible for transfer
- A student who received 2 standard units worth of RPL from prior studies will have E560 = 0.25

Valid range for E350 is 0 – 9.9.
Appendix D  The STAGE variable as calculated by the Social Research Centre

This Appendix is for information only. Institutions are NOT required to calculate STAGE as part of the sample return.

The STAGE variable in the SES sample file is used to determine the stage of studies for survey eligibility. This calculation will be done by the Social Research Centre during sample preparation.

The permissible values for the STAGE variables are as followed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Commencing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Completing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Middle years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For universities, only Commencing and Completing students are in-scope for the SES. For NUHEIs, Middle years students are also in-scope.

Definitions

Commencing student (STAGE = 1)
As defined in TCSI: A student is a commencing student if she / he has enrolled in the course for the first time at the higher education provider or an antecedent higher education provider between 1 January of the Collection Year and 31 December of the Collection Year.

Completing / Final year students (STAGE = 2)
There is no indicator in TCSI that can be used to identify a completing or final year student. For the purposes of the 2021 SES, a completing or final year student is expected to complete their current course of study by 31 July 2022.

Middle year students (STAGE = 3)
Any student who is not a Commencing or Completing/Final year student is defined as a middle year student.

Variables used to derive STAGE
The Social Research Centre derive STAGE using the following variables:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E306</td>
<td>Higher Education Provider code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E534</td>
<td>Course of study commencement date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E330</td>
<td>Type of attendance code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E350</td>
<td>Course of study load (the aggregated EFTSL value for a course of study to meet the academic requirements for the course).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CurrentEFTSL</td>
<td>Total enrolled EFTSL in this course in the first half of 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HistoricalEFTSL</td>
<td>Aggregated EFTSL from units completed in this course prior to 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E560</td>
<td>Total EFTSL from other sources (e.g. recognition of prior learning, credit transfers)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Definition of Commencing students (STAGE = 1)
The Social Research Centre use the TCSI definition of Commencing students:

“A student is a commencing student if she / he has enrolled in the course for the first time at the higher education provider or an antecedent higher education provider between 1 January of the Collection Year and 31 December of the Collection Year.”

See Commencing student | TCSI Support

A student can be a commencing student only once in relation to a course or program. If a student enrolls in a course and defers before completing any unit of study, that student will not be considered as a commencing student when he/she resumes studying.

Students can sometimes be wrongly classified as commencing students if an institution updates its courses or course codes without back casting their student records appropriately.

Completing / Final year students (STAGE = 2)
There is no indicator in TCSI that can be used to identify a completing or final year student, although this is required for reporting. The identification of completing / final year students in the SES is built on an estimation algorithm using the students’ aggregated study load.

For the purpose of the SES, students’ study progression is estimated by combining:

- historical EFTSL,
- credit stored in E560,
- current EFTSL in the first half of the collection year
- the projected EFTSL in the second half of the collection year

and comparing the ratio of this aggregated EFTSL to the Total EFTSL for the course (E350).

i.e. \( \frac{\text{HistoricalEFTSL} + E560 + (\text{CurrentEFTSL} \times 2)}{\text{E350}} \)

The assumption here is that the student will continue to follow the same enrolment pattern, and the projected EFTSL in the second half of the collection year is identical to the current EFTSL in the first half. The current EFTSL is provided by the institution.

If the ratio is close enough to 1.0, it is assumed that the student intends to complete their course before the following round of SES and is therefore deemed a final year student for the purpose of the survey. We have two methods of estimating students’ study progression.

The syntax below uses the EFTSL variable provided by the department in a standard HEIMS or TCSI extract. For the purposes of calculating stage from the template:

- \( E931 = \text{HistoricalEFTSL} + E560 + \text{CurrentEFTSL} \)
- \( E339 = \text{CurrentEFTSL} \)

Method 1

Method 1 is the standard approach which takes into account attendance mode (E330) and course duration (E350). This method requires a greater proportion of aggregated EFTSL for longer courses and is the more robust method. We use this method for all NUHEIs but also include middle years in the in-scope population to avoid any issues with identification.

In this method, a full-time student in a three-year course with semesters or a two-year course with three trimesters need 83% of the total EFTSL (E350) to qualify as a final year student. A part-time student needs 92%.
Students in longer or shorter courses require correspondingly lower or higher ratios. Bear in mind that the aggregated EFTSL in the population file includes Semester 1 load for the reference year and any credit or RPL. Extending the syntax to include slightly different ratios for very short (one year) and very long (six year) courses makes no appreciable difference to the estimation. Here is the SPSS syntax for this method:

IF (E922 = 1) Stage=1. *Commencing student
DO IF (E922 = 2).
   DO IF (E350 < 2.5).
      IF (E330 = 1 AND (E931+E339 < E350*.7500)) Stage=3. *Full-time middle year
      IF (E330 = 2 AND (E931+E339 < E350*.8750)) Stage=3. *Part-time middle year
      IF (E330 = 1 AND (E931+E339 ≥ E350*.7500)) Stage=2. *Full-time final year
      IF (E330 = 2 AND (E931+E339 ≥ E350*.8750)) Stage=2. *Part-time final year
   END IF.
   DO IF (E350 ≥ 2.5 AND E350 < 3.5).
      IF (E330 = 1 AND (E931+E339 < E350*.8333)) Stage=3. *Full-time middle year
      IF (E330 = 2 AND (E931+E339 < E350*.9167)) Stage=3. *Part-time middle year
      IF (E330 = 1 AND (E931+E339 ≥ E350*.8333)) Stage=2. *Full-time final year
      IF (E330 = 2 AND (E931+E339 ≥ E350*.9167)) Stage=2. *Part-time final year
   END IF.
   DO IF (E350 ≥ 3.5 AND E350 < 4.5).
      IF (E330 = 1 AND (E931+E339 < E350*.8750)) Stage=3. *Full-time middle year
      IF (E330 = 2 AND (E931+E339 < E350*.9375)) Stage=3. *Part-time middle year
      IF (E330 = 1 AND (E931+E339 ≥ E350*.8750)) Stage=2. *Full-time final year
      IF (E330 = 2 AND (E931+E339 ≥ E350*.9375)) Stage=2. *Part-time final year
   END IF.
   DO IF (E350 ≥ 4.5).
      IF (E330 = 1 AND (E931+E339 < E350*.90)) Stage=3. *Full-time middle year
      IF (E330 = 2 AND (E931+E339 < E350*.95)) Stage=3. *Part-time middle year
      IF (E330 = 1 AND (E931+E339 ≥ E350*.90)) Stage=2. *Full-time final year
      IF (E330 = 2 AND (E931+E339 ≥ E350*.95)) Stage=2. *Part-time final year
   END IF.
END IF.

**Method 2**

This is a non-standard method which does not make allowance for the duration of the course. It tends to over-estimate the number of final year students (which is acceptable for survey purposes). It is only used for the small number of universities where Method 1 does not work because of issues with their data.

In Method 2, a full-time student is defined as being in their final year if their aggregated EFTSL in the reference year is 75% of the total EFTSL for the course. A part-time student is defined as being in their final year if their aggregated EFTSL is 85% of the total for the course.

Here is the SPSS syntax:

IF (E922 = 1) Stage=1. *Commencing student
DO IF (E922 = 2).
   IF (E330 = 1 AND (E931+E339 < E350*.750)) Stage=3. *Full-time middle year
   IF (E330 = 2 AND (E931+E339 < E350*.875)) Stage=3. *Part-time middle year
   IF (E330 = 1 AND (E931+E339 ≥ E350*.750)) Stage=2. *Full-time final year
   IF (E330 = 2 AND (E931+E339 ≥ E350*.875)) Stage=2. *Part-time final year
END IF.
Limitations of the current methods of identifying final year students

While the estimation works well at the broad cohort level, neither method of estimation is foolproof at the student level because even for students who studied full-time in standard 3 year courses, it is difficult to be certain what students intend to do in Semester 2 or in the Summer Term based on their enrolment status in Semester 1. For example, students may change from full-time to part-time in their final semester, thereby extending the duration of their enrolment.

The estimation of completing / final year students is more straightforward for full-time students in standard three-year courses that are broken up into two semesters each year or two-year courses that are broken up into three trimesters each year. It is difficult to estimate correctly for part-time and external students, those who took leave of absence during their studies, those who transferred from one course to another, or students who are enrolled in courses where there is a heavily weighted work-based placement in the final year with different EFTSL calculation. There may also be practical difficulties in correctly collating ‘EFTSL completed successfully’ for students whose initial enrolment in the course may date back many years.

What about Honours students – are they commencing or final year students?

The HEIMS guidelines for reporting of commencing students stipulates that honours students continuing from a related bachelor’s degree should not be classified as commencing students.

“Students of the following types are not to be classified as commencing students:

- students who are admitted to or transfer to a bachelor’s honours course of study having previously been enrolled, at the higher education provider or an antecedent higher education provider, in the related bachelor’s pass course of study”

See: Commencing student | TCSI Support

Despite this stipulation in TCSI, some institutions may (wrongly) classify their honours students as commencing students in some courses. This is an issue that the survey manager should follow up with the TCSI reporting team in their institution.

Please note that the Social Research Centre rely heavily on institutions to accurately identify their honours students in their TCSI submissions. Special treatment of students in honours degrees within the SES process is not possible. There is no way of distinguishing commencing honours students who have completed the related bachelor’s pass course from those that have transferred in from another institution. As such, an edit cannot be applied in a consistent way. As well, some honours courses are offered for the duration of 3+ years of the course rather than as an additional year after the completion of the standard bachelor degree. In which case, it would make sense for their student to be flagged as commencing students when they first enrol.

In terms of reporting, the easiest way to identify honours students is to use E310 “Course of study type code” – code 9 flags “Bachelors Honours” courses. See Course of study type | TCSI Support

How to provide data for the CompletingFlag variable?

The STAGE variable will be calculated by the Social Research Centre using the variables listed in at the beginning of this Appendix. If you have any issues providing these variables accurately in the template, please contact the QILT team as soon as possible to discuss alternatives.

To validate our calculation of STAGE for universities, we also request that institutions provide their own estimate of completing students in the CompletingFlag variable when submitting a template to help validate the provided EFTSL variables.
## Appendix E  Australian Government Department of Education Study Areas by Field of Education

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AREA</th>
<th>AREA45</th>
<th>Field of Education</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Non-award</td>
<td>0 Non-award 000000</td>
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<td>1 Natural &amp; Physical Sciences 010000, 010300, 010301, 010303, 010500, 010501, 010503, 010599, 010700, 010701, 010703, 010705, 010707, 010709, 010711, 010713, 010799, 019900, 019999</td>
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<tr>
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<td>7 Engineering - Process &amp; Resources 030300, 030301, 030303, 030305, 030307, 030399</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Engineering - Mechanical</td>
<td>8 Engineering - Mechanical 030700, 030701, 030703, 030705, 030707, 030709, 030711, 030713, 030715, 030717, 030799</td>
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<td>Engineering - Electrical &amp; Electronic</td>
<td>10 Engineering - Electrical &amp; Electronic 031300, 031301, 031303, 031305, 031307, 031309, 031311, 031313, 031315, 031317, 031399</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Engineering - Aerospace</td>
<td>11 Engineering - Aerospace 031500, 031501, 031503, 031505, 031507, 031599</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Architecture and built environment</td>
<td>12 Architecture &amp; Urban Environments 040000, 040100, 040101, 040103, 040105, 040107, 040199</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Building &amp; Construction</td>
<td>13 Building &amp; Construction 040300, 040301, 040303, 040305, 040307, 040309, 040311, 040313, 040315, 040317, 040319, 040321, 040323, 040325, 040327, 040329, 040399</td>
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<td>AREA</td>
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<td>--------------------</td>
</tr>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Agriculture and environmental studies</td>
<td>Agriculture &amp; Forestry</td>
</tr>
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<td>Environmental Studies</td>
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<td>Health Services &amp; Support</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Medicine</td>
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<td>Pharmacy</td>
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<td>Dentistry</td>
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<td>Veterinary Science</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Physiotherapy</td>
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<td>Teacher Education - Early Childhood</td>
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<td>Accounting</td>
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<td>17</td>
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<td>Business Management</td>
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<td>Management &amp; Commerce - Other</td>
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<td>Economics</td>
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<td>------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
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<td>15</td>
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<td>37 Psychology</td>
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<td>17</td>
<td>Law and paralegal studies</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>39 Justice Studies &amp; Policing</td>
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<td>43 Music &amp; Performing Arts</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Communications</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Tourism, Hospitality, Personal Services, Sport and recreation</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>45 Tourism, Hospitality &amp; Personal Services</td>
<td>080700, 080701, 110000, 110100, 110101, 110103, 110105, 110107, 110109, 110111, 110199, 110300, 110301, 110303, 110399, 120000, 120100, 120101, 120103, 120105, 120199, 120300, 120301, 120303, 120305, 120399, 120500, 120501, 120503, 120505, 120599, 129900, 129999</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How to use the pack
Thank you for your ongoing support of the Student Experience Survey (SES). With your help, we can continue to shape the future of higher education in Australia.

In this pack, you’ll find the resources you need to share the SES with your students. It includes social media content, web tiles, posters and lecture slides to encourage students to complete the survey.
How to use the pack

Social media tiles

Distribute the attached social media tiles to the appropriate team within your institution. Below are some suggested captions they can use when they post them to your institution’s social media accounts.

There are three different social media tiles you can use, each with a suggested timeframe and caption.

**Social media tiles C, D, E, F** can be used any time

**Suggested caption:**

*Calling all [institution] students* - how would you rate your university experience?

By contributing your views and experiences, you’re helping improve higher education for everyone - including current and future [institution] students.


**Social media tiles A, B** can be used up until final prize draw

**Suggested caption:**

Sharing your experience at [institution] in the Student Experience Survey (SES) only takes ten minutes, and puts you in the draw to win $1,000!

Complete the survey by [insert date] for your chance to win.

To complete the survey, visit [http://www.ses.edu.au/](http://www.ses.edu.au/)

**Social media tiles G, H** can be used week prior to last prize draw

**Suggested caption:**

Don’t miss your chance to complete the Student Experience Survey (SES)!

Your answers are used to shape the future of higher education – and there are still chances to win $1,000!

Complete the survey now at [http://www.ses.edu.au/](http://www.ses.edu.au/)

**Social media tiles I, J** can be used in the final week of the survey

**Suggested caption:**

[Institution] students - it’s the final week of the Student Experience Survey (SES).

Don’t miss your chance to share your experience as a current student. Your answers are used to shape the future of higher education.

Complete the survey now at [http://www.ses.edu.au/](http://www.ses.edu.au/)
How to use the pack

Facebook example

Calling all [Institution] students
How would you rate your university experience? Fill out the Student Experience Survey (SES) now for your chance to win $1000.

Twitter example

Calling all [Institution] students - how would you rate your university experience?
By contributing your views and experiences, you’re helping improve higher education for everyone...

Instagram example

Calling all [Institution] students
How would you rate your university experience? Fill out the Student Experience Survey (SES) now for your chance to win $1000.
How to use the pack

Social media tiles

We have also made the 1080x1080 file size available in the marketing pack (ideal size for Instagram).
How to use the pack

Web tiles

Distribute the attached web tiles to your web team to include on your institution’s website. The click through link has been set to: http://www.ses.edu.au/

There are three included sizes to suit different spaces your website might have available. Included you’ll find mRec, leaderboard and skyscraper formats.

mRec file name: mrec-hero

Leaderboard file name: leaderboard-hero

Skyscraper file name: skyscraper-hero
Learning Management System (LMS) tiles

Distribute the attached LMS tiles to the appropriate team within your institution. The LMS tiles should be accessible from your institution’s LMS home page and include a link to http://www.ses.edu.au/

Below are some suggested captions that can be used when they are posted to the LMS home page.

Alternatively, the social media tiles and webtiles can also be displayed on your institution’s LMS home page.

LMS tiles A & B can be used any time
Suggested caption:

"Calling all [institution] students - how would you rate your university experience? By contributing your views and experiences, you’re helping improve higher education for everyone - including current and future [institution] students. Enter now at http://www.ses.edu.au/"

LMS tile C can be used up until final prize draw
Suggested caption:

"Sharing your experience at [institution] in the Student Experience Survey (SES) only takes ten minutes, and puts you in the draw to win $1,000! Complete the survey by [insert date] for your chance to win. To complete the survey, visit http://www.ses.edu.au/"
A3 Posters

Distribute the attached posters to the appropriate team within your institution. There is room to include your university logo alongside the QILT logo. Once you’ve added your logo, print the posters and display the posters around campus.

Area where Universities/Institutions can place their logo. The grey area is a rough indication of height and width the co-branded logo can be.
A3 Posters

We have provided the posters in two different file types for you to access, edit and print. Please choose the file type that best suits your situation.

PDF (.pdf)
Recommended if your institution is not intending to use co-branding. Also suitable for use with co-branding if your institution has access to PDF editing software.

InDesign (.indd)
If your institution has access to Adobe InDesign software and would like to co-brand, we recommend this format. All posters are included in the one InDesign file, so you can apply co-branding and print all at once.
How to use the pack

A3 Posters

Posters available:

Poster A file name: Co-branded poster A

Poster B file name: Co-branded poster B

Poster C file name: Co-branded poster C

Poster D file name: Co-branded poster D
How to use the pack

Lecture slides

Distribute the attached lecture slides to lecturers and tutors to include in their presentations. You can include the following introduction to explain to lecturers how to use the slides:

The attached lecture slides can be used to encourage your students to participate in the Student Experience Survey (SES). The SES is important, because it provides a clear picture of what life is like at university. It isn’t a review of individual subjects, but instead an overarching look at the university experience in Australia.

There are six versions of the lecture slides attached:

Lecture Slides A, B, C, D can be used up until final prize draw

Lecture Slides E, F can be used in the final week of the survey

When you’re displaying the slides, remind your students to check their emails for an invitation from the Social Research Centre. You can explain that their answers are used to inform the future of higher education in Australia, and by completing the survey they go in the draw to win $1,000.

Thank you for your continued support. The SES is a great way for us to get a picture of what student life is like, and give us a pathway to follow into the future.
How to use the pack

Lecture slides

**Slide A file name:** SES Branded Lecture Slide A.pptm

**Slide B file name:** SES Branded Lecture Slide B.pptm

**Slide C file name:** SES Branded Lecture Slide C.pptm

**Slide D file name:** SES Branded Lecture Slide D.pptm

**Slide E file name:** SES Branded Lecture Slide E.pptm

**Slide F file name:** SES Branded Lecture Slide F.pptm
How to use the pack

Lecture slides

If you’d like to include your institution’s branding on slides or tailor messaging, a set of co-branded slide templates are included in this pack:

To use the co-branded slides:

• Place your institution logo over the co-branding area (ensure logo height matches the SES logo, and is left-aligned with the specified co-branding area)

• Insert text in the provided areas - ensure white text is used, with Tahoma font.

• Please use similar language to the lecture slides that are not co-branded. We recommend including a reference to students checking their inbox for the email and prize draw information.

Once you have created your co-branded lecture slide, please provide a draft version to qilt@srcentre.com.au for review prior to public use.
How to use the pack

Lecture slides

Slide A file name: Co-branded Lecture Slide A.pptm

Slide B file name: Co-branded Lecture Slide B.pptm

Slide C file name: Co-branded Lecture Slide C.pptm

Slide D file name: Co-branded Lecture Slide D.pptm

Slide E file name: Co-branded Lecture Slide E.pptm

Slide F file name: Co-branded Lecture Slide F.pptm
How to use the pack

Pull up banners

Distribute the attached high resolution pull up banners to the appropriate team within your institution. The banners are suitable for professional printing with your preferred print supplier. Use them for display around campus or at events such as graduation ceremonies.

The size of these banner files are 2000mm high x 850mm wide.

Banner A file name: SES Pull up banner 2000x850 A.pdf
Banner B file name: SES Pull up banner 2000x850 B.pdf
Banner C file name: SES Pull up banner 2000x850 C.pdf
Thank you again for your ongoing support – it is integral to the success and continued value of the SES.

If you need any support accessing or using any of the supplied materials, please don’t hesitate to contact us on qilt@srcentre.com.au
Appendix 2    Participating institutions
## 2021 Student Experience Survey (SES) – Participating institutions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Universities</th>
<th>HESA</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>NUHEIs</th>
<th>HESA</th>
</tr>
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<td>HESA</td>
<td>Academies Australasia Polytechnic Pty Limited</td>
<td>Non-HESA</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Avondale University</td>
<td>HESA</td>
<td>Academy of Information Technology</td>
<td>HESA</td>
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<td>Adelaide Central School of Art</td>
<td>HESA</td>
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<td>HESA</td>
<td>Adelaide College of Divinity</td>
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Appendix 3  Study area concordance
## SES 2021 Study area concordance

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Appendix 4  Sample size formulae
In order to establish target sample sizes and evaluate achieved sample sizes, it was necessary to establish a required sample size given a certain level of precision, and to evaluate the achieved level of precision for each stratum. Confidence intervals were used as a measure of precision.

A common approach to deriving confidence intervals for proportions is the use of a normal approximation to the binomial:

\[
\hat{p} \pm \varepsilon = \hat{p} \pm z_{a/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}},
\]

where \(\varepsilon\) is the margin of error (the half-width of the confidence interval), \(z_{a/2}\) is the percentile of the standard normal distribution, \(n\) is the sample size and \(\sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}}\) is the approximate standard error for the proportion \(\hat{p}\).

This can be re-arranged to yield the sample size required for a given level of precision:

\[
n = \frac{z^2_{a/2} \hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{\varepsilon^2},
\]

Since this is a maximum when \(\hat{p} = 0.5\), such a value is often used when conservative estimates of sample size are required or when no information about \(\hat{p}\) is available.

This expression for deriving confidence intervals and sample size assumes that the population is large and that the sampling fraction is small (so that \(\frac{N-n}{N-1} \sim 1\), where \(N\) is the population size). If this is not the case, the standard error must be adjusted to account for the extra precision that results from taking a larger sample from the population:

\[
\hat{p} \pm \varepsilon = \hat{p} \pm z_{a/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}} \frac{N-n}{N-1},
\]

This equation has been used to calculate confidence intervals for the purposes of determining reportability at a given level of precision.

Re-arranging as above leads to the following equation for the required sample size:

\[
n = \frac{z^2_{a/2} \hat{p}(1-\hat{p})/\varepsilon^2}{N-1} + \frac{z^2_{a/2} \hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{N \varepsilon^2} = \frac{N \hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{(N-1) \varepsilon^2 / z^2_{a/2} + \hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}
\]

This equation has been used to establish target sample sizes for each stratum when determining sampling parameters.

For a full treatment of sampling, refer to Kish (1965), especially Chapter 2.

Appendix 5  Response rates and targets by institution
# 2021 Student Experience Survey (SES) – Response rates and targets by institution

## Target and actual response rate by universities

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<th>2021 required response rate (%)</th>
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<tr>
<td>R7</td>
<td>We need your insight</td>
<td>Urgency, Importance, Reward, Altruistic</td>
<td>F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R8</td>
<td>Final prize draw tonight</td>
<td>Urgency, Reward</td>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R9</td>
<td>Last opportunity to complete</td>
<td>Urgency, Empathy, Importance, Altruistic</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CATI / PFR</td>
<td>Invitation to complete online</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. Footer


Note

QLT, SRC and the Department logo are not linked to improve deliverability.
3. AUGUST COLLECTION MESSAGES

3.1 Authentication Message - Tue 27 Jul

Student Experience Survey - Your details have been verified

Dear %E403**student%%,

As a current student we would like to hear about your experiences at %E306CTXT**your institution%% through the Student Experience Survey.

It should take approximately %IntLength**10%% minutes to complete and your responses will be kept confidential.

To start the survey, please click the button below:

START SURVEY NOW(%srvylink%%)

The Student Experience Survey is the largest Australian study of education and part of the Quality Indicators for Learning and Teaching (QILT) – the only source of national data on student experiences with higher education.

By completing the survey you will enter the prize draw for the chance to win one of three $1,000 prepaid VISA e-gift cards each week. Prize draws close each Monday from 2 August to 23 August - there’s $7,000 in prizes to be won each week. The earlier you submit your survey the more chances you have of winning the weekly prize!

If you are unable to access the survey by clicking on the link, please copy and paste the link into a new browser window. Alternatively, go to www.ses.edu.au, click ‘start survey’ and enter your unique login details as below.

Username: %Username%%

Password: %Password%%

Your ideas and opinions are important to future students. Thank you in advance for your time and feedback.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%srvylink%%
Dear %%E403**student%%,

We would like to invite you to the 2021 Student Experience Survey, where you can let future students across Australia know about your experiences of the %%QualName**qualification%% at %%E306C**your institution%%.

We know that your studies may still be impacted by COVID-19, however your views are more important than ever. By completing the survey, you will be providing critically important information to the Australian Government about your experiences as a student.

Please spend %%%IntLength**10%% minutes sharing your experiences. All your responses will be kept confidential.

To start the survey please click the button below:

START SURVEY NOW(%%%srvylink%%)

Complete the survey by Monday 2 August to have four chances to win $1,000.

The Student Experience Survey collects information about students’ higher education experiences. Based on feedback from students like you, %%%HEPTYPE_TXT**institutions%% have been able to create better places to study and learn by improving their %%%Course**course%%s, learning resources, support services and campus facilities.

Once all survey responses have been compiled the National Report will be published on the QILT website, and institution comparisons will be available on www.compared.edu.au.

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best with your studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%srvylink%%
Dear %%E403**student%%,

ALL:

Recently we invited you to provide feedback about your %%QualName**qualification%% at %%E306CTXT**your institution%% through the Student Experience Survey, the largest Australian study of education.

You are from a unique group of students and we would be very grateful if you could spare %%IntLength**10%% minutes out of your busy schedule to complete the survey. Your feedback is very important and will contribute directly to the experience of current and future students.

To get started, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%%srvylink%%)

Complete the survey by Monday 2 August to have four chances to win $1,000.

Thank you in advance for taking part in the survey. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%srvylink%%
Dear student,

As a current student at your institution, we would appreciate it if you could spend 15 minutes completing the Student Experience Survey. We still need more responses from students like you so that feedback about your institution and study area can be published on www.compared.edu.au to help future students.

Remember, complete the survey by tonight, Monday 2 August, to have four chances to win $1,000.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(srvylink)

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

srvylink
Student Experience Survey - Have your say

Dear %E403**student%%,

We understand that you are busy but we really want to ensure we speak to a good cross-section of students about their experiences at %E306CTXT**your institution%%. Getting your views is important to the overall success of the Student Experience Survey.

Over the past four years, %HEPTYPE_TXT**institutions%% have used the findings to help improve courses, student services and campus facilities — all thanks to feedback from students like you.

Complete the survey by Monday 9 August to have three chances to win $1,000. To begin, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%srvylink%%)

It will take approximately %IntLength**10%% minutes to complete and your responses will be kept confidential.

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.
%srvylink%
Dear student,

ALL:

We would be very grateful if you could take 10 minutes to provide feedback on your qualification in the Student Experience Survey. Join other students who have already had their say. Without your important feedback, future students won't know what it's like to study at your institution.

Remember, complete the survey by tonight, Monday 9 August to have three chances to win $1,000.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY

Thank you in advance for taking part in the survey. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%svylink%
Hi %E403**there%%, a note from the Social Research Centre on behalf of the Dept of Education to complete the SES by tonight for a chance to win $1,000. Take part in Australia's largest education study: %svylink_sms%% For more info call 1800 055 818
Subject: Student Experience Survey – Australian Government wants your input

Dear %%E403**student%%,

**DOMESTIC STUDENT:**
We understand that your studies may still be impacted by COVID-19 which is why we want to hear from you. The Student Experience Survey is one of the main ways %%E306CTXT**your institution%% and the Australian Government can better understand the support students like yourself need.

**INTERNATIONAL STUDENT:**
As an international student, we understand that your studies may be impacted by COVID-19 which is why we want to hear from you. The Student Experience Survey is one of the main ways %%E306CTXT**your institution%% and the Australian Government can better understand the support international students like yourself need.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

_TAKE THE SURVEY(%%srvylink%%)_

**Complete the survey by Monday 16 August to have two chances to win $1,000.**

We value your time and participation – if you do not wish to participate, you can unsubscribe using the link at the bottom of the email.

Once all survey responses have been compiled the National Report will be published on the QILT website, and institution comparisons will be available on [www.compared.edu.au](http://www.compared.edu.au).

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%srvylink%%
Student Experience Survey - Prize draw closes tonight!

Dear %%E403**student%%,

ALL:

We know you’ve received several emails, however it’s important for the Australian Government to hear the experiences of as many students as possible so that higher education can best reflect student needs. Students like you completing the Student Experience Survey are the reason that %%HEPTYPE_TXT **institutions%% have been able to respond to survey feedback and improve their course offerings.

**Complete the survey by tonight, Monday 16 August, to have two chances to win $1,000.**

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%%srvylink%%)

We value your time and participation – if you do not wish to participate, you can unsubscribe using the link at the bottom of the email.

Thank you in advance for taking part in the survey. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.
%%srvylink%%
Hi %%%E403%%%. a note from the Social Research Centre on behalf of the Dept of Education. The second last prize draw for the SES closes tonight! Complete the survey now to join the largest national study of education %%%srvylink_sms%%. For more information call 1800 055 818 Reply STOP to opt out.
**3.11 REMINDER 7 - Fri 20 Aug**

**IMAGE:**

Student Experience Survey - We need your insight

ALL:

Dear %%%403**student%%,%

We understand that you are busy, but it is really important that you complete the Student Experience Survey as you are from a unique group of students studying the %%%QualName**qualification%% at %%%E306CTX**your institution%%.

The Student Experience Survey is the only source of national data on student experiences and satisfaction with their course satisfaction. By contributing your views and experiences, you can help improve higher education for current and future students.

To complete the %%%IntLength**10%% minute survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%%%srvylink%%)

Complete the survey by Monday 23 August for a final chance to win $1,000.

As a thank you for participating in the survey, you can elect to receive a summary of the research findings once the study is complete.

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%%srvylink%%
Student Experience Survey - Final prize draw tonight

Dear %E403**student%%,

This is now the last week for the Student Experience Survey and we still need to hear from more students who study a %QualName**qualification%% at %E306CTX**your institution%%. Your unique feedback helps %E306CTX**your institution%% improve student life and course offerings.

Complete the survey by tonight, Monday 23 August, to be part of the final prize draw to win $1,000.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%srvylink%%)

Thank you in advance for taking part in the survey. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.
%srvylink%%
3.13  SMS 3 (249 characters) – Mon 23 Aug

Hi %%%E403%%%there%%, a reminder from the Social Research Centre to complete the SES by tonight for a final chance to win $1,000! Share your experiences as a student at %%%E306C_SMS%%: %%%srvylink_sms%% For more info call 1800 055 818
Reply STOP to opt out
Dear %E403**student%%,

**ALL (STAGE=1):**

This is the very last email we will send you about the Student Experience Survey, as it closes this weekend. We understand that this has been a difficult start to your %QualName**qualification%% but it’s more important than ever for the Australian Government to understand how COVID-19 has impacted your studies. Your feedback can positively impact the remainder of your time at %HEPTYPE_TXT**your institution%%.

**ALL (STAGE=3 OR 9):**

This is the very last email we will send you about the Student Experience Survey, as it closes this weekend. We understand that this has been a difficult time for many students but it’s more important than ever for the Australian Government to understand how COVID-19 has impacted your studies. Your feedback can go a long way to helping %HEPTYPE_TXT**institutions%% improve their courses for both current and future students.

**ALL (STAGE=2):**

This is the very last email we will send you about the Student Experience Survey, as it closes this weekend. We understand that this has been a difficult time to complete your %QualName**qualification%% but it’s more important than ever for the Australian Government to understand how COVID-19 has impacted your studies. Your feedback can go a long way to helping %HEPTYPE_TXT**institutions%% improve their courses for both current and future students.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

**TAKE THE SURVEY**(%srvylink%%)

Thank you in advance for your time. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%srvylink%%
Hi %%%E403**there%%, this is your last opportunity to be part of the SES. Complete the survey now to make sure your experience as an international student in Australia is heard %%%srvylink_sms%% For more info call 1800 055 818
Regards, the Social Research Centre
Reply STOP to opt out
Student Experience Survey – Invitation to complete online

Dear %%%student%%,

We recently spoke to you on the phone about completing the Student Experience Survey and providing feedback about your experiences of your %%%QualName**qualification%% at %%%E306CTXT**your institution%%.

Thank you for agreeing to take part. It should only take approximately %%%IntLength**10%% minutes to complete and your responses will be kept confidential.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%%%srvylink%%)

If you are having trouble accessing the survey, please copy and paste the link at the bottom of this email into a new browser window. Alternatively, go to www.ses.edu.au, click ‘start survey’ and enter your unique login details as below.

Username: %%%Username%%
Password: %%%Password%%

This is a rare opportunity to contribute to education policy. The Student Experience Survey is the only source of national data on student satisfaction with their course. By sharing your thoughts and experiences you can help improve the quality of campus life and courses for students in the future. As a thank you for participating in the survey I can also provide you with a summary of the research findings once the study is complete.

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%%srvylink%%
4. September COLLECTION MESSAGES

4.1 Authentication Message - Tue 28 September

Image: I
Student Experience Survey - Your details have been verified

Dear %E403**student%%,

As a current student we would like to hear about your experiences at %E306CTXT**your institution%% through the Student Experience Survey.

It should take approximately %IntLength**10%% minutes to complete and your responses will be kept confidential.

To start the survey, please click the button below:
START SURVEY NOW(%arvylink%)

The Student Experience Survey is the largest Australian study of education and part of the Quality Indicators for Learning and Teaching (QILT) – the only source of national data on student experiences with higher education.

By completing the survey you will enter the prize draw for the chance to win a $1,000 prepaid VISA e-gift cards each week. Prize draws close each Monday from 4 October to 25 October...The earlier you submit your survey the more chances you have of winning the weekly prize!

If you are unable to access the survey by clicking on the link, please copy and paste the link into a new browser window. Alternatively, go to www.ses.edu.au, click ‘start survey’ and enter your unique login details as below.

Username: %Username%%
Password: %Password%%

Your ideas and opinions are important to future students. Thank you in advance for your time and feedback.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.
%arvylink%
Dear %%E403**student%%,

We would like to invite you to the 2021 Student Experience Survey, where you can let future students across Australia know about your experiences of the %%QualName**qualification%% at %%E306CTXT**your institution%%.

We know that your studies may still be impacted by COVID-19, however your views are more important than ever. By completing the survey, you will be providing critically important information to the Australian Government about your experiences as a student.

Please spend %%IntLength**10%% minutes sharing your experiences. All your responses will be kept confidential.

To start the survey please click the button below:

START SURVEY NOW(%%srvylink%%)

Complete the survey by Monday 4 October to have four chances to win $1,000.

The Student Experience Survey collects information about students’ higher education experiences. Based on feedback from students like you, %%HEPTYPE_TXT**institutions%% have been able to create better places to study and learn by improving their %%Course**course%%s, learning resources, support services and campus facilities.

Once all survey responses have been compiled the National Report will be published on the QILT website, and institution comparisons will be available on www.compared.edu.au.

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best with your studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%srvylink%%
Dear %%E403**student%%,

ALL:

Recently we invited you to provide feedback about your %%QualName**qualification%% at %%E306CTXT**your institution%% through the Student Experience Survey, the largest Australian study of education.

You are from a unique group of students and we would be very grateful if you could spare %%IntLength**10%% minutes out of your busy schedule to complete the survey. Your feedback is very important and will contribute directly to the experience of current and future students.

To get started, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%%srvylink%%)

Complete the survey by Monday 4 October to have four chances to win $1,000.

Thank you in advance for taking part in the survey. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%srvylink%%
Student Experience Survey - Prize draw closes tonight

Dear %%%E403**student%%,%

As a current student at %%%E306CTXT**your institution%%, we would appreciate it if you could spend %%%IntLength**15%%% minutes completing the Student Experience Survey. We still need more responses from students like you so that feedback about your institution and study area can be published on %%%www.compared.edu.au%% to help future students.

Remember, complete the survey by tonight, Monday 4 October, to have four chances to win $1,000.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%%%srvylink%%)

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%%srvylink%%
Student Experience Survey - Have your say

Dear %%%E403**student%%, 

We really want to speak to a good cross-section of students about their experiences at %%%E306CTX**your institution%%. Over the past four years, %%%HEPTYPE_TXT**institutions%% have used the findings to help improve courses, student services and campus facilities - all thanks to feedback from students like you.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

**TAKE THE SURVEY(%%srvylink%%)

**Complete the survey by Monday 11 October to have three chances to win $1,000.**

It will take approximately %%%IntLength**10%% minutes to complete and your responses will be kept confidential.

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%srvylink%%
Dear %%E403**student%%,

ALL:

We would be very grateful if you could take %%IntLength**10%% minutes to provide feedback on your %%QualName**qualification%% in the Student Experience Survey. Join other students who have already had their say. Without your important feedback, future students won't know what it's like to study at %%E306CTXT**your institution%%.

Remember, complete the survey by tonight, Monday 11 October, to have three chances to win $1,000.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%%srvylink%%)

Thank you in advance for taking part in the survey. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%srvylink%%
Hi there, a note from the Social Research Centre on behalf of the Dept of Education to complete the SES by tonight for a chance to win $1,000. Take part in Australia's largest education study: For more info call 1800 055 818
Subject: Student Experience Survey – Australian Government wants your input

Dear %%E403**student%%,

DOMESTIC STUDENT:

We understand that your studies may still be impacted by COVID-19 which is why we want to hear from you. The Student Experience Survey is one of the main ways %%E306CTXT**your institution%% and the Australian Government can better understand the support students like yourself need.

INTERNATIONAL STUDENT:

As an international student, we understand that your studies may still be impacted by COVID-19 which is why we want to hear from you. The Student Experience Survey is one of the main ways %%E306CTXT**your institution%% and the Australian Government can better understand the support international students like yourself need.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%svylink%%)

Complete the survey by Monday 18 October to have two chances to win $1,000.

We value your time and participation – if you do not wish to participate, you can unsubscribe using the link at the bottom of the email.

Once all survey responses have been compiled the National Report will be published on the QILT website, and institution comparisons will be available on www.compared.edu.au.

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre
4.9 REMINDER 6 – Mon 18 Oct

Student Experience Survey - Prize draw closes tonight!

Dear %%%E403**student%%,%

We know you’ve received several emails, however it’s important for the Australian Government to hear the experiences of as many students as possible so that higher education can best reflect your needs. Students like you completing the Student Experience Survey are the reason that %%%HEPTYPE_TXT**institutions%% have been able to respond to survey feedback and improve their course offerings.

Complete the survey by tonight, Monday 18 October, to have two chances to win $1,000.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%%%srvylink%%)

We value your time and participation – if you do not wish to participate, you can unsubscribe using the link at the bottom of the email.

Thank you in advance for taking part in the survey. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%%%srvylink%%
Hi %E403**there%%, a note from the Social Research Centre on behalf of the Dept of Education. The second last prize draw for the SES closes tonight! Complete the survey now to join the largest national study of education %survlink_sms%% For more info call 1800 055 818
Reply STOP to opt out

4.11 REMINDER 7 - Fri 22 Oct
Student Experience Survey - We need your insight

Dear %E403**student**%,

ALL:

We understand that you are busy, but it is really important that you complete the Student Experience Survey as you are from a unique group of students studying the %QualName**qualification**% at %E306CTX**your institution**%.

The Student Experience Survey is the only source of national data on student experiences and course satisfaction. By contributing your views and experiences, you can help improve higher education for current and future students.

To complete the %IntLength**10** minute survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%srvylink%%)

Complete the survey by Monday 25 October for a final chance to win $1,000.

As a thank you for participating in the survey, you can elect to receive a summary of the research findings once the study is complete.

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%srvylink%%
Student Experience Survey - Final prize draw tonight

Dear %E403**student%%,

This is now the last week for the Student Experience Survey and we still need to hear from more students who study a %QualName*qualification% at %E306CTX**your institution%%. Your unique feedback helps %E306CTX**your institution%% improve student life and course offerings.

**Complete the survey by tonight, Monday 25 October, to be part of the final prize draw to win $1,000.**

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%srvylink%%)

Thank you in advance for taking part in the survey. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.
%srvylink%%
4.13  SMS 3 (249 characters) – Mon 25 Oct

Hi, a reminder from the Social Research Centre to complete the SES by tonight for a final chance to win $1,000! Share your experiences as a student at srvylink_sms For more info call 1800 055 818. Reply STOP to opt out.
4.14 REMINDER 9 – Thu 28 October

IMAGE: C

Student Experience Survey - Last opportunity to complete

Dear %%E403**student%%,

This is the very last email we will send you about the Student Experience Survey, as it closes this weekend. We understand that this has been a difficult start to your % QualName**qualification**% but it’s more important than ever for the Australian Government to understand how COVID-19 has impacted your studies. Your feedback can positively impact the remainder of your time at %%%E306CTXT**your institution%%.

This is the very last email we will send you about the Student Experience Survey, as it closes this weekend. We understand that this has been a difficult time for many students but it’s more important than ever for the Australian Government to understand how COVID-19 has impacted your studies. Your feedback can go a long way to helping %%%HEPTYPE_TXT**institutions%% improve their courses for both current and future students.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%svylink%%)

Thank you in advance for your time. We wish you all the best in your course and studies.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.

%svylink%%
Student Experience Survey – Invitation to complete online

Dear %%%E403**student%%.

We recently spoke to you on the phone about completing the Student Experience Survey and providing feedback about your experiences of your %%%QualifiedName**qualification%% at %%%E306CTX**your institution%%.

Thank you for agreeing to take part. It should only take approximately %%%IntLength**10%% minutes to complete and your responses will be kept confidential.

To complete the survey, please click the button below:

TAKE THE SURVEY(%%%srvylink%%)

If you are having trouble accessing the survey, please copy and paste the link at the bottom of this email into a new browser window. Alternatively, go to www.ses.edu.au, click ‘start survey’ and enter your unique login details as below.

        Username: %%%Username%%
        Password: %%%Password%%

This is a rare opportunity to contribute to education policy. The Student Experience Survey is the only source of national data on student satisfaction with their course. By sharing your thoughts and experiences you can help improve the quality of campus life and courses for students in the future. As a thank you for participating in the survey I can also provide you with a summary of the research findings once the study is complete.

Thank you in advance for your time and feedback.

Graham Challice
Executive Director
The Social Research Centre

Trouble accessing the survey? Try copying and pasting the URL below into your browser.
%%%srvylink%%
Appendix 7  Post field reminder calls – field team briefing slides
SES21 collection
Field team briefing slides

Quality Indicators for Learning and Teaching (QILT)
Briefing overview

• SES
  • Project background
  • Privacy and confidentiality

• Reminder Calls
  • Project overview
  • Survey procedures
  • Engagement techniques
Project background

• The Student Experience Survey (SES) is conducted by the Social Research Centre on behalf of the Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment.

• The SES falls within the Quality Indicators for Learning and Teaching (QILT) survey suite.

• Students undertake the SES twice:
  ➢ Once in the first year of their course
  ➢ Once in the final year of their course
  ➢ Students at non-university higher education institutions (NUHEIs) can also undertake the SES in the middle years of their course.
The QILT journey

- The QILT suite of surveys takes snapshots of students in their first and final years of study, 6 months after they graduate, and finally 3 years after that.
- The SES is the first stage of that journey.
The QILT journey

• The QILT suite of surveys takes snapshots of students in their first and final years of study, 6 months after they graduate, and finally 3 years after that.
• The SES is the first stage of that journey.
The QILT journey

- The QILT suite of surveys takes snapshots of students in their first and final years of study, 6 months after they graduate, and finally 3 years after that.
- The SES is the first stage of that journey.
Project background

• The SES is designed to measure levels of engagement and the student experience amongst current higher education students in Australia.

• It’s an extremely important, national benchmarking study for institutions to be able to improve their courses and the outcomes of students.

• The Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment uses the results to make key decisions about the future of institutions and monitor course quality.

• This data is also available to students on the ComparED website (compared.edu.au) to assist decision making when applying for undergraduate or postgraduate courses.
Privacy and confidentiality

- All records are provided by the institutions. The survey is voluntary.
- No direct identifying information (such as name or phone number) forms part of the final data. A unique identifying number is retained to ensure students are only contacted again as appropriate. Only aggregated data will appear on the QILT website.
- Please contact the Project Coordinator (Alex) if there are any queries or concerns.
- General information about the Student Experience Survey can be found here: [www.ses.edu.au](http://www.ses.edu.au)
- There are general SES FAQs on project page of the SRC website: [https://www.srcentre.com.au/ses](https://www.srcentre.com.au/ses)
Housekeeping

• As there are a number of SES projects in field at once, please keep track of which one you are rostered to work on each shift
  ➢ 2720 SES post-field reminders

• Different project numbers are used for various iterations of SES
  ➢ Make sure you’re working on the project you have been assigned to
Post-field reminder calls
Introductions – who we are

- It is important that we are clear with students about where we are calling from and how we received their contact information.
- Mentioning ANU can make things more confusing for students, this is not scripted and as such should not be mentioned unless pressed.
- We should never mention that we are calling from the institution – i.e. ‘I’m calling from University of Melbourne’.
- Some example text for how to handle further queries about who we are and where we are calling from:

  ‘We’re calling from the Social Research Centre on behalf of the Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment. Your contact information was provided to us by <INSTITUTION NAME> for the explicit purpose of conducting this research. Your personal information and any information you provide during the survey is only used for the purposes of conducting the Student Experience Survey’
Project overview

- Post-field reminder calls are an additional fee-for-service activity offered to institutions on an opt-in basis
- The job is different to others at SRC in that no actual interviewing will be done
- We are calling students to collect an email address so we can re-invite them to participate
Project overview

• Fieldwork dates
  • **Post-field:** 30\textsuperscript{th} August – 19\textsuperscript{th} September (Fieldwork extended for three weeks beyond the standard online fieldwork period)

• Sample selections
  • **Post-field:** Typically all non-completers with valid telephone contact information. Institutions can choose to prioritise who they want called, e.g. underperforming study areas

- Online fieldwork for SES runs 27\textsuperscript{th} July – 29\textsuperscript{th} August
- Online survey remains open until 19\textsuperscript{th} September for institutions who have opted in to post-field telephone activity
Survey procedures

• We will be leaving a short pre-recorded answering machine message
• No LOTEs
• Very short calls so avoid making appointments where possible – aim to collect up to date contact information and end call
• Completing the call on the first contact is ideal and should be attempted in all cases. Appointments should only be made when absolutely necessary due to the nature of this project
Survey procedures

• Vital that we collect a current and accurate email address – important to read the email back and confirm spelling where needed
  • We will be conducting reviews on email bounces by interviewer to monitor accuracy of collection
  • Phonetic alphabet is available on the Hub if you need it

• Very important that we provide enough support and information to students to leave them positively predisposed to completing the online survey
  • A copy of the questionnaire and email communications will be on the Hub for context (i.e. invitation and reminder emails)

• We would prefer you to spend a minute or two longer on the phone to reassure students if they have concerns than leave them dissatisfied with the call

• True measure of success is how many reminder calls translate into completes
Survey procedures - Appointments

• **Why do we need to avoid appointments?**
  • Reminder calls are very quick, less than two minutes
  • Introductions, probing out the best time to call back and writing the appointment note is likely to take as long as completing the reminder
  • Reminders have a very short call cycle (**most records get 1 call attempt**). Soft appointments may never get called
  • The reminder projects require a high volume of calls per hour to meet budget

• **Tips to reduce appointments**
  • When a qualifying respondent (QR) requests an appointment, make it clear that we only need a minute to confirm their contact details. We aren’t looking to do a phone survey
  • *Multinum records* – try to contact the QR on all numbers, call mobiles first
Engagement techniques – Post-field

• Emphasis on fact that survey is closing soon
• This is the last chance for students to have their say
• Only calling because their institution still needs feedback from students like them
• No prize draw (so don’t mention it)
• Listen and respond to respondent questions or concerns
• Respondents are likely to have had a lot of contact from SRC by post-field, some refusals are expected. Make an attempt to avert refusals, but respect the respondent and do not reappoint refusals.

More detailed respondent engagement and refusal aversion techniques are provided in your interviewer handout
Thank you

Any questions?

PO Box 13328
Law Courts Victoria 8010

03 9236 8500
## SAMPLE VARIABLES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Questionnaire Variable name</th>
<th>Brief description</th>
<th>Detailed description (If applicable)</th>
<th>Key use points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SESID</td>
<td>Unique SES ID</td>
<td>SRC assigned ID</td>
<td>Identifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E403</td>
<td>Student first name</td>
<td>Sample</td>
<td>Intro</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E402</td>
<td>Student surname</td>
<td>Sample</td>
<td>Intro</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email</td>
<td>Student email</td>
<td>Sample</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PartialComp</td>
<td>Status</td>
<td>0=Not started survey</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1=Partial</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>What section up to</td>
<td>Section flag</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>STAGE</td>
<td>Student Stage</td>
<td>Stage = 1, student is COMMENCING</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Stage = 3, student is neither</td>
<td>and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>commencing or completing (e.g.,</td>
<td>screening/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>middle year, generic intro,</td>
<td>Module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>present tense CEQ if required for</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>institutional modifications)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Stage = 2, student is COMPLETING</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Stage = 9, stage unknown</td>
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<td>Introduction</td>
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<td>screening/</td>
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<td></td>
<td>QUALNUMS = 2 (two qualifications in</td>
<td>Module</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>the sample)</td>
<td>2 / Module 6</td>
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<td>AREA1</td>
<td>Study Area of first course</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>AREA2</td>
<td>Study area of course 2</td>
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<td>E306</td>
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<td>HEIMS institution code</td>
<td>Module 5 filter</td>
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<td>Institution name</td>
<td>Throughout</td>
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<td>Course</td>
<td>Course name for qualification 1</td>
<td>Throughout</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Course</td>
<td>Course name for qualification 2</td>
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<td>Variation in what the institution call</td>
<td>Throughout</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>survey</td>
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<td>Naming variation</td>
<td>Variation in what the institution calls</td>
<td>Throughout</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>a course</td>
<td>survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E310</td>
<td>Study area</td>
<td>Detailed course level that comes from</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>HEIMS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUEXPOP</td>
<td>Onshore or offshore for Monash postgraduate coursework students</td>
<td>Onshore postgraduate course work =1 Onshore postgraduate course work =2</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>OFFSHORE</td>
<td>Off shore or onshore</td>
<td>Offshore=1 Onshore=2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CEQ</td>
<td>CEQ statements flag</td>
<td>CEQ = 1, student will be administered the</td>
<td>Module 6</td>
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<td></td>
<td>CEQ rotation of statements</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CEQ = 2, student will not receive the</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CEQ rotation of statements</td>
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<td>WRS</td>
<td>Workplace Relevance Scheme eligibility</td>
<td>Flag for sample records to see WRS items 1=Yes 2=No</td>
<td>WRS items</td>
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*WRS items*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Questionnaire Variable name</th>
<th>Brief description</th>
<th>Detailed description (if applicable)</th>
<th>Key use points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **StartMode**                | Method of accessing survey | 1. Link  
2. Type-in  
3. CATI  
5. Authentication  
6. LMS  
7. In-field CATI reminders  
8. VM link  
9. Full CATI – complete online  
10. SMS  
11. Post-field CATI reminders | Not used within survey routing |
| **FinishMode**               | Mode of survey exit | 1. Link  
2. Type-in  
3. CATI  
5. Authentication  
6. LMS  
7. In-field CATI reminders  
8. VM link  
9. Full CATI – complete online  
10. SMS  
11. Post-field CATI reminders | Not used within survey routing |
| Time zone                    | Time zone of student | Base on state in sample | For CATI |
| SampleType                   |                  | Landline/Mobile | For CATI |
| PhoneType                    | Primary phone number | Domestic/international | |
| PhoneNumber                  | Alternative phone number | |
| Altnum1                      | Second alternative phone number | |
| PhoneCountry1                | Country of PhoneNumber | |
| PhoneCountry2                | Country of Altnum1 | |
| PhoneCountry3                | Country of Altnum2 | |
| TransferDate                 | Date of transfer to web | Only for CATI | |
| FULLNAME                     | Full name | E403 + E402 | For CATI |
| CATIType                     | CATI Type | Reminder/Ful/None | For CATI |
| NoCall                       | Refusal flag | 0=OK to be called  
1=Not to be called | For CATI |
| RefCon                       | CATI refusal flag | 0=OK to be called  
1=Not to be called | For CATI |
| INTLENGTH                    | Interview length | 20 for E306=3035 and INTMOD=1  
15 for E306=3035  
15 for INTMOD=1  
10 for all other institutions | Intro |
| MUFOUNDYEA R                 | Flag for Monash FY students | 1=Foundation Year student | Monash add q’s |
| E943                         | Disability status | 1=Has disability | Avondale add q’s |
| INSTLMS_TXT                  | Learning Management System | Institution provided | QLINTROA/QLINTROB |
| INTMOD                       | International student module eligibility | Flag for sample records to see international student items  
1=Yes  
2=No | Module H |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Questionnaire Variable name</th>
<th>Brief description</th>
<th>Detailed description (if applicable)</th>
<th>Key use points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COVIDMOD</td>
<td>COVID module eligibility</td>
<td>Flag for sample records to see COVID items 1=Yes 2=No</td>
<td>Module I</td>
</tr>
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<td>SURVEYYEAR</td>
<td>Year of survey</td>
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<tr>
<td>IHEAFLAG</td>
<td>Institutions participating in IHEA items</td>
<td>1=Eligible to receive IHEA items</td>
<td>Module F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMNAVITAS</td>
<td>Institutions participating in Navitas items</td>
<td>1=Eligible to receive Navitas items</td>
<td>Module F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**GENERAL PROGRAMMING NOTES**

- Text if 'Save and close' is pressed should read 'Thanks for your time so far. You can come back to complete your survey at any time before 31 October.'
- Data need to provide programmer with an updated course list each year
- All questions are mandatory until INLERENINTRO
- After PREVUNI add an “item skipped” option to all CATI questions, excluding C4

*SRC LOGO AND SES LOGO
*(TIMESTAMP)

**AUTHENTICATION TEXT**

*(BEFORE SURVEY OPENS)*

Thank you for your interest in the Student Experience Survey (SES).

The SES starts in a few days, opening from 28 September until 31 October, so please check back then.

*(INPUT SCREEN)*

Please type in your details below.

*(SUCCESSFUL AUTHENTICATION)*

Thanks, you have now been sent an email with your username and password to your nominated email address.

If you have not received this email within the next hour, please call us on 1800 055 818 (if in Australia) or +61 3 8327 1951 (if overseas) or email at ses@srcentre.com.au.

Please check your junk mail before you call; sometimes our emails can be diverted to this folder.

Please click 'Done' to complete your request. Thank you for your time. You may close the page now.

*(DENIED AUTHENTICATION)*

Sorry but your details don't match our records. Please check your details and try again.

*DISPLAY INPUT OPTIONS*

If you are still unable to log in, please email ses@srcentre.com.au and we can verify your eligibility.
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: SURVEY CLOSE DATE FOR ALL NON POST-FIELD TELEPHONE ACTIVITY INSTITUTIONS PARTICIPATING IN THE AUGUST COLLECTION IS 30 AUGUST AND FOR ALL POST-FIELD TELEPHONE ACTIVITY INSTITUTIONS PARTICIPATING IN THE AUGUST COLLECTION 14 SEPTEMBER

*(AFTER SURVEY IS CLOSED) The Student Experience Survey is now closed. If you have and queries please contact the Social Research Centre on 1800 055 818 (if in Australia) or +61 3 8327 1951 (if overseas) or ses@srcentre.com.au.

You can also visit our website at https://www.qilt.edu.au/surveys/student-experience-survey.

CATI INTRODUCTION

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: ONLY ASK CATI INTRODUCTION MODULE IF CATI

*(ALL) WELCOME SCREEN

Agreed to complete online date: 12:00:00 AM
Minutes left: <minutes>

Good afternoon/evening my name is <NAME> and I’m calling on behalf of <E306CTXT> and The Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment from the Social Research Centre.

May I please speak to <E403> <E402>?

*(TRANSFERDATE=BLANK, NO TRANSFER TO WEB DATE) INTRO

RE-INTRODUCE IF NECESSARY: Good afternoon/evening my name is <NAME> and I’m calling on behalf of <E306CTXT> and The Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment from the Social Research Centre.

I’m calling to follow up on an email that we recently sent inviting you to participate in an online survey about your current qualification at <E306CTXT>.

*(DISPLAY IF PARTIALCOMP=0) We are seeking feedback about what you think about your studies so far at <E306CTXT>. Your feedback will help facilitate the ongoing improvement of <E306CTXT> and the quality of Australian higher education in general. Your feedback is very important and we would appreciate your participation.

*(DISPLAY IF PARTIALCOMP=0) This interview should only take about <INTLENGTH> minutes, depending on your answers, and all information you give to us will be strictly confidential.

*(DISPLAY IF PARTIALCOMP=1) The survey usually takes <INTLENGTH> minutes depending on your answers, but it looks like you have already started so we can continue from where you left off.

Do you have some time now?

IF NEEDED: All information will be used for research purposes only and will remain completely confidential.

IF NECESSARY: Your telephone number was provided to us under strict privacy provisions by <E306CTXT> and will be used only for this research.

1. Continue
2. Wants to complete online *(GO TO EM1)
3. Household refusal *(GO TO RR1)
4. Respondent refusal *(GO TO RR1)
5. Language difficulty *(GO TO LOTE)

*(TRANSFERDATE=NOT BLANK, KNOW DATE OF PREVIOUS CALL)
INTRO2  RE-INTRODUCE IF NECESSARY: Good afternoon/evening my name is <NAME> and I'm calling on behalf of <E306CTXT> and The Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment from The Social Research Centre.

We spoke to you on <TransferDate> and you said you would like to complete the survey online yourself. It doesn't look like it's been completed yet so we were calling back to see if you'd like to finish it off over the phone?

*(DISPLAY IF PARTIALCOMP=1) It looks like you have already started, so we can continue from where you left off.

Participation in this study is voluntary and you can stop the interview at any time. Do you have time now to complete the survey?

IF NEEDED: All information will be used for research purposes only and will remain completely confidential.

IF NECESSARY: Your telephone number was provided to us under strict privacy provisions by <E306CTXT> and will be used only for this research.

1. Continue *(GO TO MOB, CLEAR TRANSFERDATE IN SAMPLE)
2. Wants email again *(GO TO EM1)
3. Household refusal *(GO TO TERM1)
4. Respondent refusal *(GO TO TERM1)
5. Language difficulty *(GO TO LOTE)

*(INTRO=2, STUDENTS WHO WANT TO COMPLETE THE SURVEY ONLINE)
EM1 I can send you an email with the link to the survey. Can I please confirm your email address?

   Email address: <email1>

1. Email address shown is correct
2. Email address: (Please specify)

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: SHOW TERM1 AND FLAG AS TRANSFER_TO_WEB

*(INTRO=5 OR INTRO2=5, STUDENTS WHO ARE HAVING LANGUAGE DIFFICULTIES)
LOTE RECORD LANGUAGE

1. Cantonese
2. Mandarin
3. Vietnamese
4. Italian
5. Greek
6. Arabic
7. Lebanese
8. Turkish
9. Other language (Please specify)
10. Language not identified

*(ALL)
MOB DO NOT ASK
INTERVIEWER CHECK: ARE YOU CALLING A MOBILE?

1. Yes
2. No

*(MOB=1, CALLING MOBILE)
SAFE  May I just check whether or not it is safe for you to take this call at the moment?

1. Safe to take call
2. Not safe to take call (MAKE APPOINTMENT)

*(SAFE=2, NOT SAFE TO TAKE CALL)
SAFE1 DO NOT ASK
1. Returning from appointment *(GO TO INTRO)

*(ALL)
MON This call may be monitored or recorded for quality assurance purposes. Please tell me if you don’t want this to happen.

1. Monitoring and recording allowed
2. Monitoring and recording NOT permitted

MODULE A: INTRODUCTION AND SCREENING

*(ONLINE)
CONFIRM *(DISPLAY IF STAGE=1) Thank you for agreeing to take part in the Student Experience Survey (SES) and congratulations on starting your current higher education studies in <SURVEYYEAR>. This is an important survey conducted by the Social Research Centre on behalf of The Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment. We understand that many people have experienced disruptions to their studies due to COVID-19, however, as a new student this year, we are very interested to know how things are going for you and how your institution is supporting you to achieve success in your <course>.

*(DISPLAY IF STAGE=2) Thank you for agreeing to take part in the Student Experience Survey (SES) and congratulations on entering the final stage of your higher education <course> in <SURVEYYEAR>. This is an important survey conducted by the Social Research Centre on behalf of The Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment. We understand that many people have experienced disruptions to their studies due to COVID-19, however, as a student close to completing your studies, we are very interested to know how things have gone for you and how your institution supported you to achieve success in your <course>.

*(DISPLAY IF STAGE=3 OR 9) Thank you for agreeing to take part in the Student Experience Survey (SES). This is an important survey conducted by the Social Research Centre on behalf of The Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment. We understand that many people have experienced disruptions to their studies due to COVID-19, however, we are very interested to know how things are going for you in your current higher education studies and how your institution is supporting you to achieve success in your <course>.

*(DISPLAY IF DATE <= 25 Oct<SURVEYYEAR>) Complete now to be entered into all remaining weekly prize draws with a chance to win $1,000.

Most people take approximately <INTLENGTH> minutes to complete all the questions, depending on their answers.

If you need to take a break, you can press the ‘Save and close’ button and close your browser. You can come back to the survey at any time and continue from where you stopped.
Please do not use the browser 'BACK' button to go back to a previous question.

Please press the 'Next' button below to continue.

*(ALL)

INSTITUTION

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF E306=3044 AND E310=30 SHOW ii ELSE SHOW i
i. Are you currently enrolled in a <course> at <E306CTXT>?

ii. The University of Notre Dame would like you to answer the survey about your Tertiary Pathway Program.

Are you currently or were you previously enrolled in a Tertiary Pathway Program at <E306CTXT>?

1. Yes *(FOR E306 = 3044 AND E310=30 IF SELECTED GO TO PREVUNI)
2. No *(FOR E306 = 3044 AND E310=30 IF SELECTED GO TO TERM)

*(INSTITUTION=2, NOT CURRENTLY ENROLLED)
INSTITUTION1 Just to confirm, you are not enrolled in any <course> at <E306CTXT>?

1. Actually, I am still enrolled at <E306CTXT> *(GO TO TERM)
2. I am definitely no longer enrolled at <E306CTXT> *(GO TO TERM)

*(INSTITUTION=1 OR INSTITUTION1=1, CURRENTLY ENROLLED)

COURSESCREEN1

Can you please confirm that you are currently enrolled in the following <course>/s?

*(IF QUALNUMS=1 DISPLAY): <E308A>
*(IF QUALNUMS=2 DISPLAY): <E308A> / <E308B>

(RESPONSE FRAME)
1. Yes
2. No

*(COURSESSCREEN1=2, COURSE DISPLAYED NOT CORRECT)

COURSESSCREEN2

Are you currently enrolled in a double degree and/or two courses simultaneously?

(RESPONSE FRAME)
1. Yes
2. No

*(IF COURSESSCREEN1=2, COURSE DISPLAYED NOT CORRECT)

COURSESSCREEN3

Please specify which <course>/s you are currently doing.

*(IF COURSESSCREEN2=1 OR 2, DISPLAY TEXTBOX): Course A:
*(IF COURSESSCREEN2=1, DISPLAY TEXTBOX): Course B:

PROGRAMMER NOTE: CREATE FINALCOURSEA, FINALCOURSEB HERE.

PROGRAMMER NOTE: CREATE COURSENUM HERE.
COURSENUM=1 IF QUALNUMS= 1 AND, COURSESSCREEN1=1 OR COURSESSCREEN2=2, OR QUALNUMS= 2 AND COURSESSCREEN2=2.
COURSENUM=2 IF QUALNUM_S = 2 AND COURSESSCREEN1=1,
OR QUALNUM_S = 1 AND COURSESCREEN2=1.

*(E308A CORRECTED OR NO MATCH FOR COURSE NAME AT COURSESCREEN1)
LEVEL1 And is <E308A> a…

PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. Higher Doctorate
2. Doctorate by Research
3. Doctorate by Coursework
4. Master Degree by Research
5. Master Degree by Coursework
6. Graduate Diploma
7. Graduate Certificate
8. Bachelor (Honours) Degree
9. Bachelor (Pass) Degree
10. Advanced Diploma
11. Associate Degree
12. Diploma
13. Non-award course
14. Bridging or Enabling course

*(E308B CORRECTED OR NO MATCH FOR COURSE NAME AT COURSESCREEN1, AND COURSESCREEN3 IS NOT BLANK)
LEVEL2 And is <E308B> a…

PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. Higher Doctorate
2. Doctorate by Research
3. Doctorate by Coursework
4. Master Degree by Research
5. Master Degree by Coursework
6. Graduate Diploma
7. Graduate Certificate
8. Bachelor (Honours) Degree
9. Bachelor (Pass) Degree
10. Advanced Diploma
11. Associate Degree
12. Diploma
13. Non-award course
14. Bridging or Enabling course

*(IF COURSESCREEN 1=2, COURSE DISPLAYED NOT CORRECT)
COURSESCREEN4

Have you completed at least one <unit> in the following <course>/s?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

*(DISPLAY): <COURSESCREEN3_COURSEA>

*(IF COURSENUM=2 DISPLAY): <COURSESCREEN3_COURSEB>

(RESPONSE FRAME)
1. Yes
2. No

*(IF COURSESCREEN4=2 FOR ALL COURSES INPUT AT COURSESCREEN3, HAVE NOT COMPLETED AT LEAST ONE UNIT IN ALL COURSES INPUT AT COURSESCREEN3)
COURSESCREEN6
In this survey we’ll be asking you about your <course>/s including your experiences with teaching and assessment. Do you feel that you have enough experience in your current <course>/s to provide feedback on topics like these?

*(DISPLAY): Course A: <COURSESCREEN3_COURSEA>

*(IF COURSENUM=2 DISPLAY): Course B: <COURSESCREEN3_COURSEB>

(RESPONSE FRAME)
1. Yes
2. No

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF COURSESSCREEN6=2, USE POPULATION COURSE INFORMATION E308A/E308B

*(IF COURSESSCREEN4=1 FOR ANY OR COURSESSCREEN6=1, HAVE COMPLETED AT LEAST ONE UNIT IN COURSE INPUT AT COURSESSCREEN3 OR HAVE ENOUGH EXPERIENCE IN NEW COURSE TO RESPOND)

CONFIRMNEWCOURSE

Please respond to the Student Experience Survey on the basis of the <course>/s you are currently doing, that is, the:

*(DISPLAY): Course A: <COURSESCREEN3_COURSEA>

*(DISPLAY IF COURSENUM=2) Course B: <COURSESCREEN3_COURSEB>

*(IF COURSESSCREEN6=2, DO NOT HAVE ENOUGH EXPERIENCE IN NEW COURSE TO RESPOND)

CONFIRMORIGINALCOURSE

Please respond to the Student Experience Survey on the basis of your original course, that is, the:

*(DISPLAY IF QUALNUMS=1) Course A: <E308A>

*(DISPLAY IF QUALNUMS=2) Course B: <E308B>

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: FOR STAGE=1 OR 3 OR 9 AND COURSENUM=2, AUTO CODE RESPONSE FROM COURSESSCREEN4 AT STARTED. IF COURSESSCREEN4=1 FOR BOTH COURSE A AND COURSE B ASSIGN STARTED=1, IF COURSESSCREEN4=1 FOR COURSE A AND COURSE B ASSIGN STARTED=2, IF COURSESSCREEN4=1 FOR COURSE A AND 2 FOR COURSE B ASSIGN STARTED=3, IF COURSESSCREEN4=2 FOR BOTH COURSE A AND COURSE B AND COURSESSCREEN6=1 ASSIGN STARTED=4

*(STAGE=1 OR 3 OR 9 AND COURSENUM=2, COMMENCING OR MIDDLE YEARS STUDENTS AND TWO COURSES)

STARTED Have you completed <units> in both your <E308A> <course> and your <E308B> <course>?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: STARTED=4 USED FOR RECODING WHEN COURSENUM=2 AND COURSESSCREEN4=2. DO NOT DISPLAY

1. Yes, I have completed <units> in both <course>s
2. No, I have only completed <units> in my <E308A> <course>
3. No, I have only completed <units> in my <E308B> <course>
4. No, I have not completed <units> in either my <E308A> <course> or <E308B> <course>

*(STAGE=1 OR INSTITUTION=1 AND E306 = 3044 AND E310=30, COMMENCING STUDENTS OR CURRENTLY ENROLLED FROM NOTRE DAME DOING STUDY AREA 30)

PREVUNI Before you enrolled in your current <course>(s) had you ever undertaken any university or higher education studies (even if you didn’t complete the <course>)?
1. Yes, I was enrolled in a different <course> at <E306CTX>
2. Yes, I was enrolled at another university or higher education institution
3. No, this is the first time I have enrolled in a university or higher education <course>

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: CREATE DVQUALNUM HERE.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Qualification criteria</th>
<th>Definition</th>
<th>FinalCourse A</th>
<th>FinalCourse B</th>
<th>DVQUALNUM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IF COURSCREEN1 = COURSEA POPULATED AND COURSEB NOT POPULATED AND STAGE=2</td>
<td>One qualification, completing student</td>
<td>FinalCourse A</td>
<td>missing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IF COURSCREEN1 = COURSEA POPULATED AND COURSEB POPULATED AND STAGE=2</td>
<td>Two qualifications, completing student</td>
<td>FinalCourse A</td>
<td>FinalCourse B</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IF COURSCREEN1 = COURSEA POPULATED AND COURSEB NOT POPULATED AND STAGE=1 OR 3 OR 9</td>
<td>One qualification, commencing or middle years student</td>
<td>FinalCourse A</td>
<td>missing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IF COURSCREEN1 = COURSEA POPULATED AND COURSEB POPULATED AND STAGE=1 OR 3 OR 9 AND STARTED=1 OR 4</td>
<td>Two qualifications, commencing or middle years student, started both courses</td>
<td>FinalCourse A</td>
<td>FinalCourse B</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>IF COURSCREEN1 = COURSEA POPULATED AND COURSEB POPULATED AND STAGE=1 OR 3 OR 9 AND STARTED=2</td>
<td>Two qualifications, commencing or middle years student, started course A only</td>
<td>FinalCourse A</td>
<td>missing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IF COURSCREEN1 = COURSEA POPULATED AND COURSEB POPULATED AND STAGE=1 OR 3 OR 9 AND STARTED=3</td>
<td>Two qualifications, commencing or middle years student, started course B only</td>
<td>FinalCourse B</td>
<td>missing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*(TIMESTAMP)

**MODULE B: INCLUSION AND LEARNER ENGAGEMENT**

*(ALL) INLERENINTRO The next questions are about how included and engaged you feel you have been in general with your current studies.

*(ALL) ADMININTRO At <E306CTX> during <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have you…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS) (ROTATE)

settle  Received support from your institution to settle into study?
effenrol  Experienced efficient enrolment and admissions processes?
feelprep  Felt prepared for your study?
Induct Felt induction/orientation activities were relevant and helpful?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much
6. Not applicable *(ONLY DISPLAY FOR INDUCT)

*(ALL)
OVERALLA Thinking about your <FINALCOURSEA> <course>, overall how would you rate the quality of your entire educational experience this year?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. Poor
2. Fair
3. Good
4. Excellent

*(DVQUALNUM_S=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
OVERALLB And thinking about your <FINALCOURSEB> <course>, overall, how would you rate the quality of your entire educational experience this year?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. Poor
2. Fair
3. Good
4. Excellent

*(ALL)
BELONG At your institution during <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have you had a sense of belonging to <E306CTX>?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

*(ALL)
INTERACTINTROA Thinking about your <FINALCOURSEA> <course>, in <SURVEYYEAR>, how frequently have you…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS) (ROTATE)

discuss Participated in discussions online or face-to-face?
wrkother Worked with other students as part of your study?
interout Interacted with students outside study requirements?
interdif Interacted with students who are very different from you?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Never
2. Sometimes
3. Often
4. Very often

*(DVQUALNUM_S=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
INTERACTINTROB And thinking about your <FINALCOURSEB> <course>, in <SURVEYYEAR>, how frequently have you…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STORIES) (ROTATE)

discussb Participated in discussions online or face-to-face?
wrkotherb Worked with other students as part of your study?
interoutb Interacted with students outside study requirements?
interdib Interacted with students who are very different from you?

(RESPONSE FRAME)
1. Never
2. Sometimes
3. Often
4. Very often

*(ALL)
OPPLOC At your institution during <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have you been given opportunities to interact with local students?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much
6. Not applicable

*(ALL)
ENGAGE Learner engagement scale score

RECODE OPPLOC BELONG FEELPREP
(1=0) (2=25) (3=50) (4=75) (5=100) INTO
OPPLOCHELONGEFELPR.

RECODE DISCUSS WRKOTHER INTEROUT INTERDIF
(1=0) (2=33.33) (3=66.66) (4=100) INTO
DISCUSSWRKOTHERINTEROUTR INTERDIFR.

COMPUTE ENGAGE = MEAN.5(OPPLOCHELONGEFELPR, BELONGR, FEELPREPR, DISCUSSR,
WRKOTHERR, INTEROUTR, INTERDIFR).

IF NOT MISSING, FLAG AS TECHNICAL COMPLETE

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
ENGAGEb Learner engagement scale score

RECODE OPPLOC BELONG FEELPREP
(1=0) (2=25) (3=50) (4=75) (5=100) INTO
OPPLOCHELONGEFELPR.
RECODE DISCUSSB WRKOTHERB INTEROUTB INTERDIFB
(1=0) (2=33.33) (3=66.66) (4=100) INTO
DISCUSSRB WRKOTHERRB INTEROUTRB INTERDIFRB.

COMPUTE ENGAGEB = MEAN.5(OPPLOC, BELONGR, FEELPREPR, DISCUSSRB, WRKOTHERRB, INTEROUTRB, INTERDIFRB).

IF NOT MISSING, FLAG AS TECHNICAL COMPLETE

*(TIMESTAMP)

**MODULE C: TEACHING AND EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT**

*(ALL)
YEAEUDINTRO The next questions are about the quality of the teaching and learning resources provided to you.

*(ALL)
QLTEACHA Thinking of this year, overall at <E306CTX>, how would you rate the quality of the teaching you have experienced in your <FINALCOURSEA> <course>?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. Poor
2. Fair
3. Good
4. Excellent

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
QLTEACHB Thinking of this year, overall at <E306CTX>, how would you rate the quality of the teaching you have experienced in your <FINALCOURSEB> <course>?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. Poor
2. Fair
3. Good
4. Excellent

*(ALL)
TCHINTROA During <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have the lecturers, tutors and demonstrators in your <FINALCOURSEA> <course>...

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS) (ROTATE)

tchactiv Engaged you actively in learning?
tchconlr Demonstrated concern for student learning?
tchclexp Provided clear explanations on coursework and assessment?
tchstimi Stimulated you intellectually?
tchfeedb Commented on your work in ways that help you learn?
tchhelp Seemed helpful and approachable?
tchassch Set assessment tasks that challenge you to learn?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)*

TCHINTROB During <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have the lecturers, tutors and demonstrators in your <FINALCOURSEB> <course>…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS) (ROTATE)

tchactivb Engaged you actively in learning?
tchconlrb Demonstrated concern for student learning?
tchclexpb Provided clear explanations on coursework and assessment?
tchstimib Stimulated you intellectually?
tchfeedbb Commented on your work in ways that help you learn?
tchhelpb Seemed helpful and approachable?
tchasschb Set assessment tasks that challenge you to learn?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

*(ALL)*

QLINTROA Thinking of this year, overall how would you rate the following learning resources provided for your <FINALCOURSEA> <course>…?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: FOR QLLMS USE <INSTLMS>, IF MISSING USE ‘SUCH AS MOODLE, BLACKBOARD OR CANVAS’

(STATEMENTS) (ROTATE)

qltspace Teaching spaces (e.g. lecture theatres, tutorial rooms, laboratories)
qlsspace Student spaces and common areas
qlonline Online learning materials
qlcomput Computing/IT resources
qlbook Assigned books, notes and resources
qlequip Laboratory or studio equipment
qlibrary Library resources and facilities
qllms Online Learning Platform (i.e. Learning Management System, <INSTLMS_TXT>)

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Poor
2. Fair
3. Good
4. Excellent
5. Not applicable

*(ALL)*

RESOURCES Learning resources scale score
RECODE QLTSPACE QLSSPACE QLONLINE QLCOMPUT QLTBOOK QLEQUIP QLLIBRY
(1=0) (2=33.33) (3=66.66) (4=100) INTO
QLTSPACER QLSSPACER QLONLINER QLCOMPUTR QLTBOOKR QLEQUIPR QLLIBRYR

COMPUTE RESOURCE = MEAN.5(QLTSPACER, QLSSPACER, QLONLINER, QLCOMPUTR, QLTBOOKR, QLEQUIPR, QLLIBRYR).

IF NOT MISSING, FLAG AS TECHNICAL COMPLETE

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
QLINTROB Thinking of this year, overall how would you rate the following learning resources provided for your <FINALCOURSEB> <course>…?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS) (ROTATE)

qltspaceb  Teaching spaces (e.g. lecture theatres, tutorial rooms, laboratories)
qlsspaceb  Student spaces and common areas
qlonlineb  Online learning materials
qlcomputb  Computing/IT resources
qltbookb   Assigned books, notes and resources
qlequipb   Laboratory or studio equipment
qlibryb    Library resources and facilities
qllmsb     Online Learning Platform (i.e. Learning Management System, <INSTLMS_TXT>)

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1.  Poor
2.  Fair
3.  Good
4.  Excellent
5.  Not applicable

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
RESOURCEb  Learning resources scale score

RECODE QLTSPACEB QLSSPACEB QLONLINEB QLCOMPUTB QLTBOOKB QLEQUIPB QLLIBRYB
(1=0) (2=33.33) (3=66.66) (4=100) INTO
QLTSPACERB QLSSPACERB QLONLINERB QLCOMPUTRB QLTBOOKRB QLEQUIPRB QLLIBRYRB

COMPUTE RESOURCEB = MEAN.5(QLTSPACERB, QLSSPACERB, QLONLINERB, QLCOMPUTRB, QLTBOOKRB, QLEQUIPRB, QLLIBRYRB).

IF NOT MISSING, FLAG AS TECHNICAL COMPLETE

*(ALL)
STINTROA In <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent has *(IF DVQUALNUM=1 DISPLAY: your study, IF DVQUALNUM=2 DISPLAY: your <FINALCOURSEA> <course>) been delivered in a way that is…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS)
Stdstruc  Well-structured and focused?
stdrelev  Relevant to your education as a whole?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

*(ALL)
TEACH  Teaching quality scale score

RECODE STDSTRUC STDRELEV TCHACTIV TCHCONL TCHCLEXP TCHSTIMI TCHFEEDB TCHHELP TCHASSCH
(1=0) (2=25) (3=50) (4=75) (5=100) INTO
STDSTRUCR STDRELEVR TCHACTIVR TCHCONLR TCHCLEXPR TCHSTIMIR TCHFEEDBR TCHHELPR TCHASSCHR

RECODE QLTEACH OVERALL
(1=0) (2=33.33) (3=66.66) (4=100) INTO QLTEACHR OVERALLR.

COMPUTE TEACH = mean.(STDSTRUCR, STDRELEVR, TCHACTIVR, TCHCONLR, TCHCLEXPR, TCHSTIMIR, TCHFEEDBR, TCHHELPR, TCHASSCHR, QLTEACHR, OVERALLR).

IF NOT MISSING, FLAG AS TECHNICAL COMPLETE

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
STINTROB  In <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent has your <FINALCOURSEB> <course> been delivered in a way that is…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS)

stdstrucb  Well-structured and focused?
stdrelevb  Relevant to your education as a whole?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
TEACHb  Teaching quality scale score

RECODE STDSTRUCB STDRELEVB TCHACTIVB TCHCONLRB TCHCLEXPB TCHSTIMIB TCHFEEDBB TCHHELPB TCHASSCHB
(1=0) (2=25) (3=50) (4=75) (5=100) INTO
STDSTRUCRB STDRELEVB TCHACTIVB TCHCONLRB TCHCLEXPRB TCHSTIMIB TCHFEEDBRB TCHHELPRB TCHASSCHR

RECODE QLTEACHB OVERALLB
(1=0) (2=33.33) (3=66.66) (4=100) INTO QLTEACHRB OVERALLRB.

COMPUTE TEACHB = MEAN.8(STDSTRUCRB, STDRLEVRB, TCHACTIVRB, TCHCONLRB, TCHCLEXPRB, TCHSTIMIRB, TCHFEEDBRB, TCHHELPRB, TCHASSCHRB, QLTEACHRB, OVERALLRB).

IF NOT MISSING, FLAG AS TECHNICAL COMPLETE

*(ALL)
EXPINTROA Thinking about your <FINALCOURSEA> <course>, to what extent has your <course> developed your…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS) (ROTATE)

expthink Critical thinking skills?
expprbsl Ability to solve complex problems?
exptmwrk Ability to work with others?
expconf Confidence to learn independently?
Expwrite Written communication skills?
expspeak Spoken communication skills?
expknow Knowledge of the field(s) you are studying?
expwork Development of work-related knowledge and skills?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

*(ALL)
DEVELOP Skills development scale score

RECODE EXPTHINK EXPPRBSL EXPTMWRK EXPCONF EXPWRITE ExpSKILLS INTO EXPKNOW EXPWORK
(1=0) (2=25) (3=50) (4=75) (5=100) INTO EXPKNOWR EXPWORKR.

COMPUTE DEVELOP = MEAN.6(EXPTHINKR, EXPPRBSLR, EXPTMWRKR, EXPCONF, EXPWRITER, ExPSPEAKR, EXPKNOWR, EXPWORKR).

IF NOT MISSING, FLAG AS TECHNICAL COMPLETE

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
EXPINTROB And thinking about your <FINALCOURSEB> <course>, to what extent has your <course> developed your…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS) (ROTATE)

expthinkb Critical thinking skills?
expprbslb Ability to solve complex problems?
exptmwrkb Ability to work with others?
exponfb Confidence to learn independently?
Expwriteb Written communication skills?
expsspeakb Spoken communication skills?
expknowb Knowledge of the field(s) you are studying?
expworkb Development of work-related knowledge and skills?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
DEVELOPb Skills development scale score

RECODE EXPTHINKB EXPPRBSLB EXPTMWRKB EXPCONFB EXPWRITEB EXPSSPEAKB EXPKNOWB EXPWORKB
(1=0) (2=25) (3=50) (4=75) (5=100) INTO
EXPTHINKKB EXPPRBSLRB EXPTMWRKRB EXPCONFRB EXPWRITERB EXPSSPEAKRB EXPKNOWRB EXPWORKRB.

COMPUTE DEVELOPB = MEAN.6(EXPTHINKKB, EXPPRBSLRB, EXPTMWRKRB, EXPCONFRB, EXPWRITERB,
EXPSSPEAKRB, EXPKNOWRB, EXPWORKRB).

IF NOT MISSING, FLAG AS TECHNICAL COMPLETE

*(TIMESTAMP)

MODULE D: SUPPORT

*(ALL)
INTROSUPP The next questions are about your overall experience of the support services provided by your institution.

*(ALL)
CARINTRO During <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have you found careers advisors to be...

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS)
caravail Available?
carhelp Helpful?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Had no contact
2. Not at all
3. Very little
4. Some
5. Quite a bit
6. Very much

*(ALL)
ADMINTRO During <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have you found administrative staff or systems (e.g. online administrative services, frontline staff, enrolment systems) to be...

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS)

admavail  Available?
admhelp  Helpful?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Had no contact
2. Not at all
3. Very little
4. Some
5. Quite a bit
6. Very much

*(ALL)

ACDINTRO During <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have you found academic or learning advisors to be…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS)

acdavail  Available?
acdhelpe  Helpful?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Had no contact
2. Not at all
3. Very little
4. Some
5. Quite a bit
6. Very much

*(ALL)

SUPINTRO During <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have you found support services such as counsellors, financial/legal advisors and health services to be…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS)

Supavail  Available?
Supelpe  Helpful?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Had no contact
2. Not at all
3. Very little
4. Some
5. Quite a bit
6. Very much

*(ALL)

SERVINTRO At your institution during <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have you…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID
(STATEMENTS)

Offsup    Been offered support relevant to your circumstances?
Englang   Received appropriate English language skill support?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much
6. Not applicable

*(ALL)
SUPPORT  Student support scale score

RECODE ENGLANG OFFSUP INDUCT SETTLE EFFENROL
(1=0) (2=25) (3=50) (4=75) (5=100) INTO
ENGLANGR OFFSUPR INDUCTR SETTLER EFFENROLR.

RECODE ADMAVAIL ADMHELP CARAVAIL CARHELP ACDAVAIL ACDHELP
SUPAVAIL SUPHELP
(2=0) (3=25) (4=50) (5=75) (6=100) INTO
ADMAVAILR ADMHELPR CARAVAILR CARHELPR ACDAVAILR ACDHELPR
SUPAVAILR SUPHELPR.

COMPUTE SUPPORT = MEAN.6(ENGLANGR, OFFSUPR, INDUCTR, SETTLER,
ADMAVAILR, ADMHELPR, CARAVAILR, CARHELPR, ACDAVAILR, ACDHELPR,
SUPAVAILR, SUPHELPR, EFFENROLR).

IF NOT MISSING, FLAG AS TECHNICAL COMPLETE

*(ALL)
BAA    What have been the best aspects of your <FINALCOURSEA> <course>?
If possible, please avoid using symbols (eg. - = < > *) in the text box
<verbatim text box>

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
BAB    What have been the best aspects of your <FINALCOURSEB> <course>?
If possible, please avoid using symbols (eg. - = < > *) in the text box
<verbatim text box>

*(ALL)
NIA    What aspects of your <FINALCOURSEA> <course> most need improvement?
If possible, please avoid using symbols (eg. - = < > *) in the text box.
<verbatim text box>

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS)
NIB    What aspects of your <FINALCOURSEB> <course> most need improvement?
If possible, please avoid use symbols (eg. - = < > *) in the text box.
<verbatim text box>
The following statements are about freedom of expression on campus at <E306CTXT>. Freedom of expression can be part of the academic and social aspects of your student experience.

How strongly do you agree or disagree that...

(STATEMENTS)
foexa I am free to express my views at <E306CTXT>
foexb Academics are free to express their views at <E306CTXT>
foexc I am free from discrimination, harm or hatred at <E306CTXT>

(RESPONSE FRAME)
1. Strongly disagree
2. Disagree
3. Neither disagree or agree
4. Agree
5. Strongly agree

MODULE E: DEMOGRAPHICS

* (ALL)
DEMOINTRO The next questions are about your current <course>(s) progress and factors affecting your study.

* (ALL)
YRENROL In what year did you first start your current <course>(s)?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY (PROBE TO RESPONSE FRAME IF NECESSARY)
1. Before <SURVEYYEAR-4 YEARS>
2. <SURVEYYEAR-4 YEARS>
3. <SURVEYYEAR-3 YEARS>
4. <SURVEYYEAR-2 YEARS>
5. <SURVEYYEAR-1 YEAR>
6. <SURVEYYEAR>

*(ALL)
YRCOMP When do you expect to complete your current <course>(s)?
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
1. <SURVEYYEAR>
2. <SURVEYYEAR + 1 YEAR> or later

*(ALL)
CAMPUSTR Where has your study been mainly based in <SURVEYYEAR>?
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
1. On one campus
2. On two or more campuses
3. Mix of external, distance and on-campus
4. External/Distance

*(ALL) ONLINEA Thinking about your <FINALCOURSEA> <course>, how much of your study do you do online?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. None
2. About a quarter
3. About half
4. All or nearly all

*(DVQUALNUM_S=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS) ONLINEB And thinking about your <FINALCOURSEB> <course>, how much of your study do you do online?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. None
2. About a quarter
3. About half
4. All or nearly all

*(ALL) GRADEA Thinking about your <FINALCOURSEA> <course>, which number between 0 and 100 represents your average grade so far in <SURVEYYEAR>?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. No results
2. 0-49%
3. 50-59%
4. 60-69%
5. 70-79%
6. 80-89%
7. 90-100%

*(DVQUALNUM=2, TWO QUALIFICATIONS) GRADEB And thinking about your <FINALCOURSEB> <course>, which number between 0 and 100 represents your average grade so far in <SURVEYYEAR>?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. No results
2. 0-49%
3. 50-59%
4. 60-69%
5. 70-79%
6. 80-89%
7. 90-100%

*(ALL) ASTDINTRO At <E306CTXT> during <SURVEYYEAR>, to what extent have…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS) (ROTATE)
Astdliv Your living arrangements negatively affected your study?
Astdfin Your financial circumstances negatively affected your study?
Astdwor Paid work commitments negatively affected your study?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much
6. Not applicable *(ONLY DISPLAY FOR ASTDWOR)*

*(ALL) CONSIDCHG During <SURVEYYEAR>, have you seriously considered leaving <E306CTXT>?
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

1. Yes, I have seriously considered leaving
2. No, I have not seriously considered leaving

*(CONSIDCHG=1, HAVE SERIOUSLY CONSIDERED LEAVING) CHINTRO Please indicate your reasons for seriously considering leaving your current institution in <SURVEYYEAR>. Please select all that apply.
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: MULTI ANSWER TICK BOXES, SPLIT INTO TWO COLUMNS
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT

chaexch Academic exchange
chasupp Academic support
chadsup Administrative support
chbored Boredom/lack of interest
chpros Career prospects
chdirec Change of direction
chcommu Commuting difficulties
chfees Difficulty paying fees
chwrkld Difficulty with workload
chfamly Family responsibilities
chdiff Financial difficulties
chgapyr Gap year/deferral
chgvtas Government assistance
chgradu Graduating
chhealt Health or stress
chreput Institution reputation
chmove Moving residence
chbreak Need a break
chpwork Need to do paid work
chopp Other opportunities
chwrkrp Paid work responsibilities
chprsnl Personal reasons
chqacrn Quality concerns
chothof Received other offer from another university or higher education institution
chsocrn Social reasons
chshgstd Standards too high
chblnc Study/life balance
chtravl Travel or tourism
chother Other reasons (please specify)

*(ALL) LOCATINTRO The following questions are related to where you live.
*(ALL)
CURCOUNTRY Do you currently live in Australia or overseas?
   1. Australia
   2. Overseas

*(CURCOUNTRY=1, LIVES IN AUSTRALIA)
CURSTATE In which state or territory do you currently live?
   1. NSW
   2. VIC
   3. QLD
   4. SA
   5. WA
   6. TAS
   7. NT
   8. ACT
   98. Don’t know

*(CURCOUNTRY=1, LIVES IN AUSTRALIA)
CURPCODE What is the postcode or suburb where you currently live?
   1. <verbatim text box> *PROGRAMMER NOTE USE POSTCODE LOOKUP LIST
   2. Not sure

*(CURCOUNTRY=2, LIVES OVERSEAS)
OSCOUNTRY In which country do you currently live?
   1. <Predictive text verbatim text box> *PROGRAMMER NOTE: USE SACC COUNTRY LIST

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: EXCLUDE E306=3025 FROM COVLOC2
*(COVIDMOD=1, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID ITEMS)
COVLOC2 Is this where you have been located for the majority of your studies in <SURVEYYEAR>?
   1. Yes
   2. No

*(IF COVLOC2=2, LOCATION NOT WHERE LOCATED FOR MAJORITY OF 2021 STUDIES)
COVLOC3 Where have you been located for the majority of your studies in <SURVEYYEAR>?
   1. Australia
   2. Overseas

*(IF COVLOC3=1, LOCATED IN AUSTRALIA FOR MAJORITY OF 2020 STUDIES)
COVLOC4 And in which state or territory have you been located for the majority of your studies in <SURVEYYEAR>?
   1. NSW
   2. VIC
   3. QLD
   4. SA
   5. WA
   6. TAS
   7. NT
   8. ACT
   98. Don’t know

*(IF COVLOC3=1, LOCATED IN AUSTRALIA FOR MAJORITY OF 2020 STUDIES)
COVPCODE1  What is the postcode or suburb of your location for the majority of your studies in <SURVEYYEAR>?

1. Enter postcode or suburb *PROGRAMMER NOTE USE POSTCODE LOOKUP LIST
98. Don’t know

*(IF COVLOC3=2, LOCATED OVERSEAS FOR MAJORITY OF 2020 STUDIES)
COVOS1  In which country have you been located for the majority of your <SURVEYYEAR> studies?

1. <Predictive text verbatim text box> *PROGRAMMER NOTE: USE GO8 COUNTRY LIST

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: EXCLUDE E306=3025 FROM COVREL

*(COVIDMOD=1 AND E306≠3025, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID ITEMS AND EXCLUDING MACQ)
COVREL  Did you have to relocate due to issues relating to COVID-19?

1. Yes
2. No

*(TIMESTAMP)

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: SURVEY IS CONSIDERED COMPLETE AT THIS POINT, FLAG AS 1 AT EARLYCOMPLETE

MODULE H: INTERNATIONAL STUDENT ITEMS

*(INTMOD=1, ONSHORE INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS)
INTINTRO The following questions are related to your experience as an international student in Australia.

*(INTMOD=1, ONSHORE INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS)
INTAUS When deciding to study in Australia, how important was…..

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATMENTS)

a) The reputation of Australia’s education system?
b) Your personal safety and security?
i) The cost of living?
c) The ability to work part-time?
d) The opportunity to study in an English-speaking country?
e) Having friends and family already in Australia?
f) The chance to experience a new culture/lifestyle?
g) The possibility of migrating to Australia?
h) The weather/climate?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Extremely important
2. Important
3. Not important
4. Not at all important
98. Don’t know
INTINST When you were deciding to apply to <E306CTXT>, how important was…

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS)

a) The reputation of the education provider?
b) The reputation of the qualification?
c) <E306CTXT> offered the course I wanted to study?
d) The course fee?
e) Employment opportunities after completing the course?
f) <E306CTXT> had a partnership with my local institution?
g) The location of the institution?

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Extremely important
2. Important
3. Not important
4. Not at all important
98. Don't know

INTSAT How satisfied are you with each of the following aspects of living in Australia?

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: IF CATI DISPLAY READ OUT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: DISPLAY AS GRID

(STATEMENTS)

a) Employment while studying
b) Improving your English skills
c) Getting work experience in your field of study
d) Transport
e) Personal safety on campus
f) Personal safety off campus
g) Making friends
h) Overall living experience in Australia

(RESPONSE FRAME)

1. Very satisfied
2. Satisfied
3. Dissatisfied
4. Very dissatisfied
97. Not applicable

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: ONLY ASK INTEMP TO INTHELPX ON MONDAY 3 AUGUST 2020. IF INTEMP=1 ASSIGN DUMMY VARIABLE AND SET QUOTA TO 1,000. ONCE QUOTA IS MET SKIP ITEMS INTEMP TO INTHELPX

INTAGENT When coming to Australia, did you use an agent to help you with your visa application or to enrol at <E306CTXT>?

1. Yes
2. No

*(INTAGENT=1, USED AN AGENT)*

INTSERV How would you rate the overall service provided by the agent?

1. Very good
2. Good
3. Poor
4. Very poor

*(INTMOD=1, ONSHORE INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS)*

INTLIVE Which of the following best describes your current living arrangements?

1. University or college halls of residence
2. Student house or flat controlled by university
3. Private halls or student hostel
4. Private rented house/flat/room
5. Homestay with a family not related to you
6. Living with parents
7. With friends or relatives in their accommodation
8. Other (please specify)

*(INTMOD=1, ONSHORE INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS)*

INTLIVSAT Overall, how satisfied are you with your current living arrangements?

1. Very satisfied
2. Satisfied
3. Dissatisfied
4. Very dissatisfied

*(INTLIVSAT=3 OR 4, DISSATISFIED WITH LIVING ARRANGEMENTS)*

INTLIVEDIS Why are you dissatisfied with your current living arrangements?

(MULTIPLE RESPONSE)

1. Too expensive
2. Not enough space
3. Too noisy
4. I am lonely
5. Issues with housemates
6. Issues with landlord or agent
7. Dirty
8. Old / bad condition
9. Slow internet
10. Located too far from institution
11. Other (please specify)

*(INTMOD=1, ONSHORE INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS)*

INTVISA What type of Australian visa do you currently hold?

1. Student visa (Subclass 500)
2. Temporary graduate visa (Subclass 485)
3. Bridging visa (awaiting outcome of substantive visa application)
4. Other

**MODULE I: COVID-19 ITEMS**

*(COVIDMOD=1, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID ITEMS)*

COVINTRO The following questions are related to COVID-19. We are interested in gaining a better understanding of how COVID-19 has impacted your student experience this year.
*(COVIDMOD=1, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID ITEMS AND EXCLUDING MACQ AND ICHM)*

**INTUNIT** Thinking about your 2021 <units> to date, how many of your <units> did you intend to undertake fully online before COVID-19?

1. All of them
2. Most of them
3. About half of them
4. Some of them
5. None of them

*(COVIDMOD=1, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID)*

**ACUNIT** Thinking about your 2020 2021 <units> to date, how many of your <units> have you actually undertaken fully online?

1. All of them
2. Most of them
3. About half of them
4. Some of them
5. None of them

*(COVIDMOD=1, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID ITEMS)*

**COVIMP** Apart from any changes to the way your <units> were delivered, how else has your study experience been impacted by COVID-19?

(MULTIPLE RESPONSE)

1. Changed from part-time to full-time study
2. Changed from full-time to part-time study
3. Changed the units I was enrolled in
90. Other (please specify)

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: EXCLUDE 4361 FROM COVLR1*

*(COVIDMOD=1 4361, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID ITEMS AND EXCLUDING ECNH)*

**COVLR1** To what extent do you have access to adequate IT equipment, such as a computer and other devices to support your study?

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

*(COVIDMOD=1, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID ITEMS)*

**COVLR2** To what extent do you have adequate internet access to support your study?

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

*(COVIDMOD=1, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID ITEMS)*

**COVLR3** To what extent do you have access to suitable spaces off campus to undertake your study?

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much
To what extent has <E306CTXT> provided information and support to develop your online learning skills?

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

To what extent has <E306CTXT> provided information and support to develop your online collaboration skills?

1. Not at all
2. Very little
3. Some
4. Quite a bit
5. Very much

Overall, how would you rate <E306CTXT>’s response to COVID-19?

1. Poor
2. Fair
3. Good
4. Excellent
97. Not applicable

Why did you give that rating?

1. RECORD VERBATIM: <text box>

In 2021, how would you rate <E306CTXT>’s communications around COVID-19?

1. Poor
2. Fair
3. Good
4. Excellent
97. Not applicable

Why did you give that rating?

1. RECORD VERBATIM: <text box>

What are your study intentions for the next 12 months?

1. Continue or complete my course
2. Defer my course
3. Withdraw from all study
4. Change course within <E306CTXT>
5. Transfer to another institution
90. Other (please specify)
COVPREF  Would you prefer to study on-campus/face-to-face during the remainder of your course?
1. Yes
2. No

*(COVPREF=1 AND ACUNIT=1-4, WOULD PREFER TO STUDY IN PERSON AND STUDIED
ONLINE IN 2021)

COVRET  What elements of your online learning experience would you like to retain in your face-to-
face studies?
1. RECORD VERBATIM: <text box>

*(COVIDMOD=1, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID ITEMS)

COVPERF  How do you think your academic performance in 2021 will be impacted due to changes
caused by COVID-19?
1. It will be positively impacted
2. It will stay about the same
3. It will be negatively impacted
98. Not sure

*PROGRAMMER NOTE: EXCLUDE E306=3025 FROM COVWRK

*(COVIDMOD=1, ELIGIBLE FOR COVID ITEMS)

COVWRK  To what extent do you feel your study workload has been impacted by COVID-19?
1. It has increased
2. It has stayed about the same
3. It has decreased

MODULE F: INSTITUTION SPECIFIC ITEMS

MODULE G: <COURSE> EXPERIENCE

*(STAGE=2 OR 3 OR 9, MIDDLE YEARS OR COMPLETING STUDENT)

COMPSEM  And lastly, do you expect to complete your <course> at the end of this semester?
1. Yes
2. No
3. Not sure

*(COMPSEM=1, EXPECTS TO COMPLETE COURSE)

PEMAIL  Congratulations on being so close to finishing your studies. You will be contacted again
next year to take part in the Graduate Outcomes Survey and we would like to make sure
we can stay in touch with you. Please provide a long-term (private) email address so we
can contact you in the future. This information will be held securely and will only be used
for the purpose of sending you an invitation to participate in the Graduate Outcomes
Survey.
1. Email address (Please specify) *(KICKBOX VALIDATION REQUIRED)
2. Prefer not to provide email address

*(ALL)

C4  Would you like to be notified via email when the national data is released on the Quality
Indicators for Learning and Teaching (QILT) website?
1. Yes
2. No

*(C4=1, WANTS TO BE NOTIFIED OF RESULTS)

NTFEMAIL  What is the best email address to send the notification to?
Thank you for your responses.
Please click 'Submit' to finalise your survey and be redirected to our homepage.
Everyone’s experiences are different, if the questions in this survey have raised anything that you would like support for, you could contact:
- Beyond Blue on 1300 22 46 36
- Lifeline on 13 11 14

*(IF CATI) We appreciate your feedback, which will remain confidential. It plays a significant role in enhancing Australian higher education. I can give you the details of some websites if you would like further information:

www.compared.edu.au – The ComparEd website helps you compare official study experience and employment outcomes data from Australian higher education institutions.

IF NEEDED: Everyone’s experiences are different, if the questions in this survey have raised anything that you would like support for, you could contact:
- Beyond Blue on 1300 22 46 36
- Lifeline on 13 11 14

Thank you for your time. Just in case you missed it, my name is <NAME> from the Social Research Centre and this survey is being conducted on behalf of The Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment.

*(CATI ONLY)
INT1 DO NOT ASK, INTERVIEWER PLEASE RECORD
Was the interview conducted on a domestic number or international number?

1. Domestic number
2. International number

SUBMIT
*PROGRAMMER NOTE: FOR ONLINE SUBMIT BUTTON LINKS TO HTTPS://QILT.EDU.AU/SURVEY-SUCCESS/STUDENT-EXPERIENCE-SURVEY-THANK-YOU

*(INSTITUTION1=2, NO LONGER ENROLLED) TERM
*(IF ONLINE) Unfortunately you do not qualify to complete this survey. If you have any questions, please contact the Social Research Centre SES helpdesk on 1800 055 818 (if in Australia) or +61 3 8327 1951 (if overseas) or via email at ses@srcentre.com.au.

*(IF CATI) Thank you for your willingness to complete the Student Experience Survey (SES). Unfortunately, that’s all we need from you as we can only speak to students who are currently undertaking a course.

*(INTRO=3 OR 4, REFUSED)
RR1 OK, that’s fine, no problem, but could you just tell me the main reason you do not want to participate, because that’s important information for us?

1. No comment/just hung up
2. Too busy
3. Not interested
4. Too personal/intrusive
5. Don’t like subject matter
6. Don’t believe surveys are confidential/privacy concerns
7. Don’t trust surveys/government
8. Never do surveys
9. Survey is length too long
10. Get too many calls for surveys / telemarketing
11. Other (Please specify)

*(INTRO=3 OR 4, REFUSED)
RR2 RECORD RE-CONTACT TYPE

1. Definitely don’t call back *(GO TO TERM2)
2. Possible conversion *(GO TO TERM2)

*(EM1=1 OR 2, AGREED TO COMPLETE ONLINE)
TERM1 Thank you so much for being willing to take part in the survey, you will receive the survey via email in the next hour or so. Your feedback plays a significant role in enhancing Australian higher education.

*(ALL LOTE)
TERM2 No worries, thanks very much for your help anyway.

*(ALLTERM)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Detailed outcome</th>
<th>Summary outcome</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>SUBMIT</td>
<td>Completed interview</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>INTRO=3 OR INTRO2=3</td>
<td>Household refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>INTRO=4 OR INTRO2=4</td>
<td>Respondent refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>INTRO=5 OR INTRO2=5</td>
<td>Language difficulty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>EM=1 OR 2</td>
<td>Agreed to complete online</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>QET</td>
<td>Terminated midway</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*(TIMESTAMP)
2021 Student Experience Survey (SES) – Survey screen shots

This appendix provides examples of the different item styles displayed in the online survey.

Introduction

Thank you for agreeing to take part in the Student Experience Survey (SES) and congratulations on starting your current higher education studies in 2021. This is an important survey conducted by the Social Research Centre on behalf of The Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment. We understand that many people have experienced disruptions to their studies due to COVID-19, however, as a new student this year, we are very interested to know how things are going for you and how your institution is supporting you to achieve success in your program.

Most people take approximately 10 minutes to complete all the questions, depending on their answers.

If you need to take a break, you can press the ‘Save and close’ button and close your browser. You can come back to the survey at any time and continue from where you stopped.

Please do not use the browser ‘BACK’ button to go back to a previous question.

Please press the ‘Next’ button below to continue.
Yes/No item with radio buttons

Are you currently enrolled in a course at the Social Research Centre?

- Yes
- No

Multiple response item with radio buttons

Before you enrolled in your current course(s) had you ever undertaken any university or higher education studies (even if you didn’t complete the course)?

- Yes, I was enrolled in a different course at the Social Research Centre
- Yes, I was enrolled at another university or higher education institution
- No, this is the first time I have enrolled in a university or higher education course
At the Social Research Centre during 2021, to what extent have you...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Not at all</th>
<th>Very little</th>
<th>Some</th>
<th>Quite a bit</th>
<th>Very much</th>
<th>Not applicable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Received support from your institution to settle into study?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experienced efficient enrolment and admissions processes?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Felt prepared for your study?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Felt induction/orientation activities were relevant and helpful?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Free text response item

What have been the best aspects of your Bachelor of Science (Agricultural Sciences) course?

If possible, please avoid using symbols (e.g. -= <> *) in the text box.

Close screen

Thank you for your responses.

Please click 'Submit' to finalise your survey and be redirected to our homepage.

Everyone's experiences are different, if the questions in this survey have raised anything that you would like support for, you could contact:

- Beyond Blue on 1300 22 46 36
- Lifeline on 13 11 14

Submit
Appendix 10 Small screen optimisation
Small screen optimisation

This appendix outlines key design decisions relating to the presentation of the online survey for the 2021 SES and the QILT suite of surveys more broadly. Online survey presentation was informed by the literature and accessibility guidelines.

Small screen optimisation principles

Some of the device effects associated with completing online surveys via small screen devices, as reported in Callegaro et al. (2015), include longer questionnaire completion times, but quicker response times, higher break off rates, shorter answers to open ended questions, increased primacy effects and increased use of responses that appear on the screen without the need for vertical or horizontal scrolling. Small screen optimisation is the term used to try and mitigate some of these potential device effects. For the QILT suite of surveys, the Social Research Centre had sought to ensure that the surveys were optimised for small screen devices. Based on Callegaro, et al., (2015), the Social Research Centre adopted a set of basic guidelines for designing online surveys for completion on small screen devices. These included:

- Keeping the subject, content and survey link short in the email invitation, as long subject lines will create multiple lines of text requiring the respondent to scroll.
- Removing or reducing all non-essential, non-question content in question pages as these take longer to load. Information such as the Social Research Centre’s privacy statement, and survey frequently asked questions, were made available as links at the bottom of email invitations and reminders and were not presented on screen by default.
- Minimising the use of grid / table format for questions as tables require respondents to zoom and scroll horizontally just to read the text. The current iteration of the survey had all grid statements presented as a set of items on small screen devices, so respondents only had to scroll vertically and were not required to zoom or scroll horizontally.
- Optimising the size and orientation of the navigation (Previous and Next) and Save buttons for small screen devices. The small screen layout stacked the buttons vertically at the bottom of the screen, with the Next button in the highest position, the Previous button in the middle and the Save button in the lowest position. The size of the navigation and Save buttons were also increased to assist with selection and reduce the need for scrolling.
- Drag and drop format questions (as often used for ranking) may not work well on a small screen device and are best avoided. There were no drag and drop format questions in the 2021 SES questionnaire, but this is a consideration for the future.
- Consider splitting long bipolar scales into two questions, first the two main options (satisfied or dissatisfied) and then the level within each option (e.g. extremely, very, somewhat), particularly for scales with 7 or more points (this was not applied to items used for the QILT suite of surveys indicators to date).
- Continuing to avoid videos and large pictures wherever possible as they can be problematic and take a long time to load.
Optimisation within the SES

Small screen users were classified using a JavaScript function that returned details from the respondent’s browser, including browser name and version, device type and operating system and version. Small screen device optimisation was also triggered where screen width was less than 768 pixels, regardless of device type.

Several elements of the online survey were changed for small screen users. The size of pictures (such as the SES logo) were scaled for optimal display on small screens and grid items were optimised to ensure response options on the right-hand side of the grid do not fall off-screen, leading to response error. The size and orientation of the navigation (Previous and Next) and Save buttons was also changed for small screen devices. The small screen layout stacks the buttons vertically at the bottom of the screen, with the Next button in the highest position, the Previous button in the middle and the Save button in the lowest position. The size of the navigation and Save buttons is also increased in the small screen view.

Font types and sizes were customised for small screen display and there were subtle differences in the user interface between touchscreen and non-touch enabled devices. For touchscreen devices proportionally larger buttons were used to reduce margin of error for selecting a response option, with the software being able to determine which response option was intended to be selected where a user had touched near, but not perfectly on the response option.

Grid (also known as table or matrix) items were reconfigured to display over multiple screens (navigated by vertical scrolling) on a small screen device. See Figure 1 and Figure 2 for comparison of small screen and desktop grid item display.
Thinking about your Bachelor of Nursing course, in 2021, how frequently have you...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interacted with students who are very different from you?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Never</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sometimes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Often</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very often</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Participated in discussions online or face-to-face?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Never</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sometimes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Often</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very often</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Worked with other students as part of your study?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Never</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sometimes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Often</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very often</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interacted with students outside study requirements?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Never</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sometimes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Often</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very often</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Next**

**Previous**

**Save and close**
Thinking about your **Entry Program for Internationally Qualified Registered Nurses** course, in 2021, how frequently have you...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Never</th>
<th>Sometimes</th>
<th>Often</th>
<th>Very often</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Worked with other students as part of your study?</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interacted with students outside study requirements?</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
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**Figure 2 Grid item display on desktop device**

**Save and close**
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Appendix 11  Response rate by institution
## 2021 Student Experience Survey (SES) – Response by institution

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